

SOLICITATION

SECTION A - SOLICITATION/CONTRACT FORM

1. Requisition or other Purchase Authority: Public Law 92-218 as amended		
2. Request for Proposal (RFP) Number: BAA-NIAID-DMID-NIHAI2010101	3. Issue Date: September 30, 2010	4. Set Aside: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes See Part IV Section L
5. Title : Targeted Clinical Research to Address Select Viral Infections		
6. ISSUED BY: John Outen Contract Specialist Office of Acquisitions, DEA National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases National Institutes of Health 6700-B Rockledge Drive, Room 3214, MSC 7612 Bethesda, Maryland 20892-7612	7. SUBMIT OFFERS TO: See Part III, Section J, "Packaging and Delivery of the Proposal," ATTACHMENT 1 of this Solicitation.	
8. Proposals for furnishing the supplies and/or services in THE SCHEDULE will be received at the place specified in, and in the number of copies specified in Attachment 1, "Packaging and Delivery of the Proposal," until 4:00 PM, local time on January 15, 2010. Offers will be valid for 120 days unless a different period is specified by the offeror on the Attachment entitled, "Proposal Summary and Data Record, NIH 2043.		
9. THIS SOLICITATION REQUIRES DELIVERY OF PROPOSALS TO TWO DIFFERENT LOCATIONS. THE OFFICIAL POINT OF RECEIPT FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETERMINING TIMELY DELIVERY IS THE ADDRESS PROVIDED FOR THE OFFICE OF ACQUISITIONS AS STATED IN ATTACHMENT 1, "PACKAGING AND DELIVERY OF THE PROPOSAL." IF YOUR PROPOSAL IS NOT RECEIVED BY THE CONTRACTING OFFICER OR HIS DESIGNEE AT THE PLACE AND TIME SPECIFIED FOR THE OFFICE OF ACQUISITIONS, THEN IT WILL BE CONSIDERED LATE AND HANDLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH HHSAR CLAUSE 352.215-70, ENTITLED, "LATE PROPOSALS, AND REVISIONS" LOCATED IN SECTION L.1. OF THIS SOLICITATION.		
10. Offeror must be registered in the Central Contractor Registry (CCR) prior to award of a contract. http://www.ccr.gov		
11. FOR INFORMATION CALL: John Outen PHONE: 301-451-7460 e-MAIL: outenj@niaid.nih.gov COLLECT CALLS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.		
		Richard L. Hartmann Chief MID Research Branch A Office of Acquisitions National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases

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PART I - THE SCHEDULE

THE INFORMATION SET FORTH IN **SECTION A - SOLICITATION/CONTRACT FORM**, HEREIN CONTAINS IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR ANY OFFEROR INTERESTED IN RESPONDING TO THIS SOLICITATION. ANY CONTRACT RESULTING FROM THIS SOLICITATION WILL INCLUDE IN ITS **SECTION A - SOLICITATION/ CONTRACT FORM**, ACCOUNTING, APPROPRIATION AND GENERAL INFORMATION APPLICABLE TO THE CONTRACT AWARD.

THE CONTRACT SCHEDULE SET FORTH IN **SECTIONS B THROUGH H**, HEREIN, CONTAINS CONTRACTUAL INFORMATION PERTINENT TO THIS SOLICITATION. IT IS NOT AN EXACT REPRESENTATION OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENT THAT WILL BE AWARDED AS A RESULT OF THIS SOLICITATION. THE CONTRACT COST OR PRICE AND OTHER CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS PERTINENT TO THE OFFEROR (i.e., those relating to the organizational structure [e.g., Non-Profit, Commercial] and specific cost authorizations unique to the Offeror's proposal and requiring Contracting Officer Prior Approval) WILL BE DISCUSSED IN THE NEGOTIATION PROCESS AND WILL BE INCLUDED IN THE RESULTANT CONTRACT. THE ENCLOSED CONTRACT SCHEDULE IS INTENDED TO PROVIDE THE OFFEROR WITH THE NECESSARY INFORMATION TO UNDERSTAND THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE RESULTANT CONTRACT.

SECTION B - SUPPLIES OR SERVICES AND PRICES/COSTS

ARTICLE B.1. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF SUPPLIES OR SERVICES

This BAA solicitation specifically seeks to advance the development of therapeutic strategies for select rare and/ or emerging viral diseases for select patient populations that are most affected may not be amenable to traditional product development/common clinical trial methodologies. A variety of clinical study approaches will be considered, including natural history studies, retrospective analysis of existing data (either in patient charts or other databases), and interventional clinical trials.

Adaptive clinical trial designs are encouraged, when appropriate. The assessment of laboratory surrogate markers for clinical response, enhanced use of existing therapies, evaluation of new therapeutic drugs and the development of resistance to important antiviral drugs are important aspects and may be included in any study proposed. Contracts awarded under this BAA will not support the design and conduct of Phase III clinical trials.

ARTICLE B.2. PRICES/COSTS

The final contract will contain the price/cost provisions agreed upon by the Government and the Offeror.

ARTICLE B.3. PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO DIRECT COSTS

This article will prohibit or restrict the use of contract funds, unless otherwise approved by the Contracting Officer. The following is a list of items that may be included in the resultant contract as applicable. 1) Acquisition, by purchase or lease, of any interest in real property; 2) Special rearrangement or alteration of facilities; 3) Purchase or lease of any item of general purpose office furniture or office equipment regardless of dollar value; 4) Travel Costs; 5) Consultant Costs; 6) Subcontract Costs; 7) Patient Care Costs; 8) Accountable Government Property; and 9) Research Funding.

ARTICLE B.4. ADVANCE UNDERSTANDINGS

Specific elements of cost, which normally require prior written approval of the Contracting Officer before incurrence of the cost (e.g., foreign travel, consultant fees, subcontracts) will be included in this Article if the Contracting Officer has granted his/her approval prior to contract award.

SECTION C - DESCRIPTION/SPECIFICATIONS/WORK STATEMENT

ARTICLE C.1. STATEMENT OF WORK

- a. Offerors are required to develop their own Statement of Work based on the information provided in the Attachment titled Research and Technical Objectives. Offerors are advised to limit the amount of proprietary data or markings in their Statement of Work. The final negotiated Statement of Work will be incorporated into the contract upon award and may be subject to release to the public. If the Statement of Work does include proprietary data or markings, offerors are advised to clearly mark these portions and provide an explanation why this data/markings is proprietary.

Independently and not as an agent of the Government, the Contractor shall be required to furnish all the necessary services, qualified personnel, material, equipment and facilities not otherwise provided by the Government as needed to perform the Statement of Work dated [to be provided by offeror], attached hereto and made a part of this Solicitation (See SECTION J - List of Attachments).

ARTICLE C.2. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

All reports required herein shall be submitted in electronic format. In addition, three (3) hardcopies of each report shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer, unless otherwise specified.

a. Technical Progress Reports

1. In addition to the required reports set forth elsewhere in this Schedule, the preparation and submission of regularly recurring Technical Progress Reports will be required in any contract resulting from this solicitation. These reports will require descriptive information about the activities undertaken during the reporting period and will require information about planned activities for future reporting periods. The frequency and specific content of these reports will be determined prior to contract award. *[Note: Beginning May 25, 2008, the Contractor shall include the applicable PubMed Central or NIH Manuscript Submission reference number when citing publications that arise from its NIH funded research.]*

For proposal preparation purposes only, it is estimated that in addition to the required electronic version(s) three (3) hard copies of these reports will be required as follows:

- Monthly
- Quarterly
- Semi-Annually
- Annually
- Annually (with a requirement for a Draft Annual Report)
- Final - Upon final completion of the contract
- Final - Upon final completion of the contract (with a requirement for a Draft Final Report)

2. **Summary of Salient Results**

The Contractor will be required to prepare and submit, with the final report, a summary (not to exceed 200 words) of salient results achieved during the performance of the contract. This report will be required on or before the expiration date of the contract.

3. **Annual Technical Progress Report for Clinical Research Study Populations**

The Contractor shall submit information about the inclusion of women and members of minority groups and their subpopulations for each study being performed under this contract. The Contractor shall submit this information in the format indicated in the attachment entitled, "Inclusion Enrollment Report," which is set forth in SECTION J of this contract. The Contractor also shall use this format, modified to indicate that it is a final report, for reporting purposes in the final report.

The Contractor shall submit the report in accordance with the DELIVERIES Article in SECTION F of this contract.

In addition, the NIH Policy and Guidelines on the Inclusion of Women and Minorities as Subjects in Clinical Research, Amended, October, 2001 applies. If this contract is for Phase III clinical trials, see II.B of these guidelines. The Guidelines may be found at the following website:

http://grants.nih.gov/grants/funding/women_min/guidelines_amended_10_2001.htm

Include a description of the plans to conduct analyses, as appropriate, by sex/gender and/or racial/ethnic groups in the clinical trial protocol as approved by the IRB, and provide a description of the progress in the conduct of these analyses, as appropriate, in the annual progress report and the final report. If the analysis reveals no subset differences, a brief statement to that effect, indicating the subsets analyzed, will suffice. The Government strongly encourages inclusion of the results of subset analysis in all publication submissions. In the final report, the Contractor shall include all final analyses of the data on sex/gender and race/ethnicity.

b. Other Reports/Deliverables

1. Information Security Reporting Requirements

The Contractor shall submit the following reports as required by the INFORMATION SECURITY Article in SECTION H of this contract. Note: Each report listed below includes a reference to the appropriate subparagraph of this article.

a. Roster of Employees Requiring Suitability Investigations

The Contractor shall submit a roster, by name, position, e-mail address, phone number and responsibility, of all staff (including subcontractor staff) working under the contract who will develop, have the ability to access, or host and/or maintain a Federal information system(s). The roster shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer's Technical Representative (COTR), with a copy to the Contracting Officer, within 14 calendar days of the effective date of the contract. Any revisions to the roster as a result of staffing changes shall be submitted within 15 calendar days of the change. (Reference subparagraph c.(2) of the INFORMATION SECURITY Article in SECTION H of this contract.)

b. Information Security Training Report

The Contractor shall maintain a listing by name and title of each employee (including subcontractors) working under this contract that has completed the NIH required information security training. Any additional security training completed by Contractor/ Subcontractor staff shall be included on this listing. [The listing of completed training shall be included in the first technical progress report. (See Article C.2.a. Technical Progress Reports.) Any revisions to this listing as a result of staffing changes shall be submitted with next required technical progress report.] (Reference subparagraph d. of the INFORMATION SECURITY Article in SECTION H of this contract.)

c. Reporting of New and Departing Employees

The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer's Technical Representative (COTR) and Contracting Officer within five business days of staffing changes for positions that require suitability determinations as follows (Reference subparagraph f. of the INFORMATION SECURITY Article in SECTION H of this contract.):

(1) **New Employees:** Provide the name, position title, e-mail address, and phone number of the new employee. Provide the name, position title and suitability level held by the former incumbent. If the employee is filling a new position, provide a description of the position and the Government will determine the appropriate security level.

(2) **Departing Employees:** 1) Provide the name, position title, and security clearance level held by or pending for the individual; and 2) Perform and document the actions identified in the "Employee Separation Checklist", attached in Section J, ATTACHMENTS of this contract, when a Contractor/Subcontractor employee terminates work under this contract. All documentation shall be made available to the COTR and/or Contracting Officer upon request.

d. Contractor - Employee Non-Disclosure Agreement(s)

The contractor shall complete and submit a signed and witnessed "Commitment to Protect Non-Public Information - Contractor Agreement" form for each contractor and subcontractor employee who may have access to non-public Department information under this contract. This form is located at: <http://ocio.nih.gov/security/Nondisclosure.pdf>. (Reference subparagraph g. of the INFORMATION SECURITY Article in SECTION H of this contract.)

e. Self Assessment & Information Security Plan Reporting

(1) **NIST SP 800-53 Self-Assessment** (Reference subparagraph h. of the INFORMATION SECURITY Article in SECTION H of this contract.)

The contractor shall annually update and resubmit its Self-Assessment required by NIST SP 800-53, Recommended Security Controls for Federal Information Systems to the Contracting Officer's Technical Representative (COTR), with a copy to the Contracting Officer [For option contracts: no later than the completion date of the period of performance/ for all other contracts: indicate due date as determined by the COTR/ Contracting Officer]. (<http://csrc.nist.gov/publications> - under Special Publications).

The Contractor's annual update to its Self-Assessment Questionnaire shall include similar information for any subcontractor that performs under the SOW to (1) develop a Federal information system(s) at the Contractor's/Subcontractor's facility, or (2) host and/or maintain a Federal information system(s) at the Contractor's/Subcontractor's facility.

(2) **Information System Security Plan** (Reference subparagraph i. of the INFORMATION SECURITY Article in SECTION H of this contract.)

The Contractor's draft ISSP submitted with its proposal shall be finalized in coordination with the COTR [insert date/no later than 90 calendar days after contract award].

Following approval of its draft ISSP, the Contractor shall update and resubmit its ISSP to the COTR every three years or when a major modification has been made to its internal system. The Contractor shall use the current ISSP template in Appendix A of NIST SP 800-18, Guide to Developing Security Plans for Federal Information Systems. (<http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/nistpubs/800-18-Rev1/sp800-18-Rev1-final.pdf>).

The Contractor shall include similar information for any subcontractor performing under the SOW with the Contractor whenever the submission of an ISSP is required.

2. Decision Gate Report

A Decision Gate Report shall be submitted when the Contractor has completed a stage of the project and has reached a Go/No Go decision point, as defined in their approved Strategic Staged Project Development Plan. These reports shall be in sufficient detail to explain comprehensively the results achieved. The description shall also include pertinent data and/or conclusions resulting from the analysis and scientific evaluation of data accumulated to date under the project.

Decision Gate Reports shall include the following specific information:

- a) Cover page that lists the contract number and title, the period of performance being reported, the Contractor's name and address, telephone number, fax number, email address, and the date of submission.
- b) An introduction covering the purpose and scope of the contract effort, and the specific Decision Gate that has been reached.
- c) Document and summarize the results of work undertaken that supports the completion of the stage of project development, including an analysis of the data as it relates to the qualitative and quantitative criteria established for Go/No Go decision-making.
- d) Actual costs incurred in relation to costs estimated in the original approved budget.
- e) A description of the next stage of project to be initiated and a request for COTR's approval to proceed to the next stage of the project. .

3. Decision Gate and Work Plan Change Request

The Contractor shall submit a written request for a change in the approved Strategic Staged Project Development Plan and Work Plan. This request shall include the following:

- a) A discussion of the justification/rationale for the request based on current data and a description of those data.
- b) Options for addressing the needed change/deviation from the approved timelines and/or decision gates, including a cost-benefit analysis of each option.
- c) A recommendation for the preferred option that includes a full analysis and discussion of the effects of the change on the entire product development program, timelines, and budget.

4. Audit Reports

Within thirty (30) calendar days of completion of an audit related to conformance to FDA regulations and guidance, including adherence to GLP, GMP or GCP guidelines, the Contractor shall provide copies of the audit report and a plan for addressing areas of nonconformance to FDA regulations and guidance for GLP, GMP or GCP guidelines as identified in the final audit report.

5. Draft and Final Clinical Trial Protocols

The NIAID has a responsibility to ensure that mechanisms and procedures are in place to protect the safety of participants in NIAID-funded clinical trials. Therefore, as described in the NIAID Clinical Terms of Award (<http://www.niaid.nih.gov/ncn/pdf/clinterm.pdf>), the Contractor shall develop a protocol for each clinical trial and submit draft protocols for review and all final protocols and protocol amendments for approval by the COTR. The consultative review period for submission of draft protocols will be negotiated with the COTR. The review period of final protocols will be negotiated with the COTR and must occur prior to FDA submission and enrollment. An additional review and approval period may be required for changes in the final protocol. Four (4) weeks should be planned for each review period. It is recommended that protocols be submitted using the approved DMID template and include a sample Informed Consent and Clinical Trials Monitoring Plan. The DMID templates and other important information regarding performing human subject research are available at <http://www3.niaid.nih.gov/research/resources/DMIDClinRsrch/> .

6. Final Clinical Study Report

For each clinical study performed with contract support, a Final Clinical Study Report shall be provided within thirty (30) calendar days of the completion of the analysis of all data generated in the clinical trial. Final Clinical Study Reports shall follow the ICH guidelines on Structure and Content of Clinical Study Reports E3 (<http://www.fda.gov/ScienceResearch/SpecialTopics/RunningClinicalTrials/GuidancesInformationsheetsandNotices/default.htm#ich>).

7. Strategic Staged Project Development Plan and Work Plan

The Contractor shall also be required to submit a revised Strategic Staged Project Development Plan and associated Work Plan when a change to the approved plans is requested. At any time during the contract period the COTR may request additional detail from the Contractor regarding the Strategic Staged Project Development Plan and the Work Plan.

8. Contract Meeting Reports

A report of the Post-Award Contract Initiation Meeting and Annual Review Meetings meetings shall be prepared by the Contractor and submitted within twenty-one (21) calendar days following the date of the meetings to the COTR and Contracting Officer. These reports shall include the slide presentations and all other meeting materials as well as summaries of all discussions.

Minutes of regular, as well as, ad hoc teleconferences and meetings shall be provided by the Contractor to the COTR within two (2) business days following the date of the teleconference or meeting.

9. Copies of FDA Correspondence and Meeting Summaries

Within five (5) business days of receiving correspondence from or holding a meeting with the FDA, submit electronic copies of the correspondence or meeting minutes/summaries to the COTR.

10. Human Subject IRB Annual Report (Form OMB No. 0990-0263)

Within thirty (30) calendar days of each anniversary date of the effective contract award, submit Human Subject Annual Report to the COTR and Contracting Officer.

11. Data

Provide raw data or specific analysis of data generated with contract funding at the request of the COTR and in sufficient detail as specified by the COTR.

ARTICLE C.3. INVENTION REPORTING REQUIREMENT

All reports and documentation required by FAR Clause 52.227-11, Patent Rights-Ownership by the Contractor including, but not limited to, the invention disclosure report, the confirmatory license, and the Government support certification, shall be directed to the Division of Extramural Inventions and Technology Resources (DEITR), OPERA, OER, NIH, 6705 Rockledge Drive, Suite 310, MSC 7980, Bethesda, Maryland 20892-7980 (Telephone: 301-435-1986). In addition, one copy of an annual utilization report, and a copy of the final invention statement, shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer. The final invention statement (see FAR 27.303(b)(2)(ii)) shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer on the expiration date of the contract.

The final invention statement (see FAR 27.303(b)(2)(ii)) shall be submitted on the expiration date of the contract. All reports shall be sent to the following address:

Contracting Officer

National Institutes of Health
National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases
Office of Acquisitions, DEA
6700-B Rockledge Drive
MSC 7612, Room 3214
Bethesda, Maryland 20892- 7612

If no invention is disclosed or no activity has occurred on a previously disclosed invention during the applicable reporting period, a negative report shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer at the address listed above.

To assist contractors in complying with invention reporting requirements of the clause, the NIH has developed "Interagency Edison," an electronic invention reporting system. Use of Interagency Edison is encouraged as it streamlines the reporting process and greatly reduces paperwork. Access to the system is through a secure interactive Web site to ensure that all information submitted is protected. Interagency Edison and information relating to the capabilities of the system can be obtained from the Web (<http://www.iedison.gov>), or by contacting the Extramural Inventions and Technology Resources Branch, OPERA, NIH.

SECTION D - PACKAGING, MARKING AND SHIPPING

All deliverables required under this contract shall be packaged, marked and shipped in accordance with Government specifications. At a minimum, all deliverables shall be marked with the contract number and Contractor name. The Contractor shall guarantee that all required materials shall be delivered in immediate usable and acceptable condition.

If special instructions regarding packaging, marking and shipping are required, these will be developed after receipt of proposals as a result of finalization of the Statement of Work during negotiations. Special instructions, if applicable, will be provided to offerors in the Attachment entitled "Additional Technical Proposal Instructions."

SECTION E - INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE

- a. The Contracting Officer or the duly authorized representative will perform inspection and acceptance of materials and services to be provided.
- b. For the purpose of this SECTION, the COTR is the authorized representative of the Contracting Officer.
- c. Inspection and acceptance will be performed at:
Division of Microbiology and Infectious Diseases
National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases
National Institutes of Health
Bethesda, Maryland
- d. This contract incorporates the following clause by reference, with the same force and effect as if it were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make its full text available.

FAR Clause 52.246-9, Inspection of Research and Development (Short Form) (April 1984).

SECTION F - DELIVERIES OR PERFORMANCE**ARTICLE F.1. PERIOD OF PERFORMANCE**

The period of performance of this contract shall be from September 1, 2011 through August 29, 2016.

ARTICLE F.2. DELIVERIES

Satisfactory performance of the final contract shall be deemed to occur upon performance of the work described in the Statement of Work Article in SECTION C of this contract and upon delivery and acceptance by the Contracting Officer, or the duly authorized representative, of the following items in accordance with the stated delivery schedule:

- a. The items specified below as described in the REPORTING REQUIREMENTS Article in SECTION C of this contract will be required to be delivered F.o.b. Destination as set forth in FAR 52.247-35, F.o.b. DESTINATION, WITHIN CONSIGNEES PREMISES (APRIL 1984), and in accordance with and by the date(s) specified below [and any specifications stated in SECTION D, PACKAGING, MARKING AND SHIPPING, of this contract]:

Item	Description	Quantity	Delivery Schedule
(1)			
(2)			
(3)			

- b. The above items shall be addressed and delivered to:

Addressee	Deliverable Item No	Quantity

Delivery of other reports and deliverables will be proposed by the offerors in their technical proposal. They will be developed further after receipt of proposals as a result of finalization of the Statement of Work and other terms and conditions of any resultant contract during negotiations. Specific instructions, if applicable, will be provided to offerors in the Attachment entitled "Additional Technical Proposal Instructions."

ARTICLE F.3. CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE, FAR 52.252-2 (FEBRUARY 1998)

This contract incorporates the following clause(s) by reference, with the same force and effect as if it were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make its full text available. Also, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at this address: <http://www.acquisition.gov/comp/far/index.html>

FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (48 CFR CHAPTER 1) CLAUSE:

52.242-15, Stop Work Order (August 1989) with **Alternate I** (April 1984).

SECTION G - CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION DATA

ARTICLE G.1. CONTRACTING OFFICER'S TECHNICAL REPRESENTATIVE (COTR)

The following Contracting Officer's Technical Representative (COTR) will represent the Government for the purpose of this contract:

[to be specified prior to award]

The COTR is responsible for: (1) monitoring the Contractor's technical progress, including the surveillance and assessment of performance and recommending to the Contracting Officer changes in requirements; (2) interpreting the statement of work and any other technical performance requirements; (3) performing technical evaluation as required; (4) performing technical inspections and acceptances required by this contract; and (5) assisting in the resolution of technical problems encountered during performance.

The Contracting Officer is the only person with authority to act as agent of the Government under this contract. Only the Contracting Officer has authority to: (1) direct or negotiate any changes in the statement of work; (2) modify or extend the period of performance; (3) change the delivery schedule; (4) authorize reimbursement to the Contractor for any costs incurred during the performance of this contract; or (5) otherwise change any terms and conditions of this contract.

The Government may unilaterally change its COTR designation.

ARTICLE G.2. KEY PERSONNEL, HHSAR 352.242-70 (January 2006)

The key personnel specified in this contract are considered to be essential to work performance. At least 30 days prior to diverting any of the specified individuals to other programs or contracts (or as soon as possible, if an individual must be replaced, for example, as a result of leaving the employ of the Contractor), the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer and shall submit comprehensive justification for the diversion or replacement request (including proposed substitutions for key personnel) to permit evaluation by the Government of the impact on performance under this contract. The Contractor shall not divert or otherwise replace any key personnel without the written consent of the Contracting Officer. The Government may modify the contract to add or delete key personnel at the request of the Contractor or Government.

(End of Clause)

The following individual(s) is/are considered to be essential to the work being performed hereunder:

Name	Title
To Be Determined	

ARTICLE G.3. INVOICE SUBMISSION/CONTRACT FINANCING REQUEST AND CONTRACT FINANCIAL REPORT

- a. Invoice/Financing Request Instructions and Contract Financial Reporting for NIH Cost-Reimbursement Type Contracts NIH(RC)-4 are attached and made part of this contract. The Contractor shall follow the attached instructions and submission procedures specified below to meet the requirements of a "proper invoice" pursuant to FAR Subpart 32.9, Prompt Payment.

1. Payment requests shall be submitted to the offices identified below. **Do not submit supporting documentation (e.g., receipts, time sheets, vendor invoices, etc.) with your payment request unless specified elsewhere in the contract or requested by the Contracting Officer.**

- a. The original invoice shall be submitted to the following **designated billing office**:

National Institutes of Health
Office of Financial Management
Commercial Accounts
2115 East Jefferson Street, Room 4B-432, MSC 8500
Bethesda, MD 20892-8500

- b. One copy of the invoice shall be submitted to the following **approving official**:

Contracting Officer
National Institutes of Health
National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases
Office of Acquisitions, DEA Room 3214
6700-B Rockledge Drive MSC 7612
Bethesda, Maryland 20892- 7612

E-Mail: NIAIDOAINvoices@niaid.nih.gov

The Contractor shall submit an electronic copy of the payment request to the approving official instead of a paper copy. The payment request shall be transmitted as an attachment via e-mail to the address listed above in one of the following formats: MSWord, MS Excel, or Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF). Only one payment request shall be submitted per e-mail and the subject line of the e-mail shall include the Contractor's name, contract number, and unique invoice number.

[Note: The original payment request must still be submitted in hard copy and mailed to the designated billing office to meet the requirements of a "proper invoice."]

2. In addition to the requirements specified in FAR 32.905 for a proper invoice, the Contractor shall include the following information on the face page of all payment requests:

- a. Name of the Office of Acquisitions. The Office of Acquisitions for this contract is NIAID .
- b. Central Point of Distribution. For the purpose of this contract, the Central Point of Distribution is NIAIDOAINvoices .
- c. Federal Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN). If the Contractor does not have a valid TIN, it shall identify the Vendor Identification Number (VIN) on the payment request. The VIN is the number that appears after the Contractor's name on the face page of the contract. *[Note: A VIN is assigned to new contracts awarded on or after June 4, 2007, and any existing contract modified to include the VIN number.]* If the Contractor has neither a TIN, DUNS, or VIN, contact the Contracting Officer.
- d. DUNS or DUNS+4 Number. The DUNS number must identify the Contractor's name and address exactly as stated in the contract and as registered in the Central Contractor Registration (CCR) database. If the Contractor does not have a valid DUNS number, it shall identify the Vendor Identification Number (VIN) on the payment request. The VIN is the number that appears after the Contractor's name on the face page of the contract. *[Note: A VIN is assigned to new contracts awarded on or after June 4, 2007, and any existing contract modified to include the VIN number.]* If the Contractor has neither a TIN, DUNS, or VIN, contact the Contracting Officer.
- e. Invoice Matching Option. This contract requires a two-way match.
- f. Unique Invoice Number. Each payment request must be identified by a unique invoice number, which can only be used one time regardless of the number of contracts or orders held by an organization.

- b. Inquiries regarding payment of invoices shall be directed to the designated billing office, (301) 496-6452.

- c. The Contractor shall include the following certification on every invoice for reimbursable costs incurred with Fiscal Year funds subject to the SALARY RATE LIMITATION LEGISLATION PROVISIONS Article in SECTION H of this contract. For billing purposes, certified invoices are required for the billing period during which the applicable Fiscal Year funds were initially charged through the final billing period utilizing the applicable Fiscal Year funds:

"I hereby certify that the salaries charged in this invoice are in compliance with the SALARY RATE LIMITATION LEGISLATION PROVISIONS Article in SECTION H of the above referenced contract."

ARTICLE G.4. INDIRECT COST RATES

In accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) (48 CFR Chapter 1) Clause 52.216-7 (d)(2), Allowable Cost and Payment incorporated by reference in this contract in PART II, SECTION I, the cognizant Contracting Officer representative responsible for negotiating provisional and/or final indirect cost rates is identified as follows:

Director, Division of Financial Advisory Services
Office of Acquisition Management and Policy
National Institutes of Health
6011 EXECUTIVE BLVD, ROOM 549C, MSC-7663
BETHESDA MD 20892-7663

These rates are hereby incorporated without further action of the Contracting Officer.

ARTICLE G.5. POST AWARD EVALUATION OF CONTRACTOR PERFORMANCE

Contractor Performance Evaluations

Interim and final evaluations of Contractor performance will be prepared on this contract in accordance with FAR Subpart 42.15. The final performance evaluation will be prepared at the time of completion of work. In addition to the final evaluation, interim evaluation(s) shall be submitted as determined by the COTR and Contracting Officer, but at least once during the lifetime of the contract.

Interim and final evaluations will be provided to the Contractor as soon as practicable after completion of the evaluation. The Contractor will be permitted thirty days to review the document and to submit additional information or a rebutting statement. If agreement cannot be reached between the parties, the matter will be referred to an individual one level above the Contracting Officer, whose decision will be final.

Copies of the evaluations, Contractor responses, and review comments, if any, will be retained as part of the contract file, and may be used to support future award decisions.

SECTION H - SPECIAL CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

ARTICLE H.1. PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS, HHSAR 352.270-4(b) (January 2006)

- a. The Contractor agrees that the rights and welfare of human subjects involved in research under this contract shall be protected in accordance with 45 CFR Part 46 and with the Contractor's current Assurance of Compliance on file with the Office for Human Research Protections (OHRP), Department of Health and Human Services. The Contractor further agrees to provide certification at least annually that the Institutional Review Board has reviewed and approved the procedures, which involve human subjects in accordance with 45 CFR Part 46 and the Assurance of Compliance.
- b. The Contractor shall bear full responsibility for the performance of all work and services involving the use of human subjects under this contract and shall ensure that work is conducted in a proper manner and as safely as is feasible. The parties hereto agree that the Contractor retains the right to control and direct the performance of all work under this contract. The Contractor shall not deem anything in this contract to constitute the Contractor or any subcontractor, agent or employee of the Contractor, or any other person, organization, institution, or group of any kind whatsoever, as the agent or employee of the Government. The Contractor agrees that it has entered into this contract and will discharge its obligations, duties, and undertakings and the work pursuant thereto, whether requiring professional judgment or otherwise, as an independent contractor without imputing liability on the part of the Government for the acts of the Contractor or its employees.
- c. If at any time during the performance of this contract, the Contracting Officer determines, in consultation with OHRP that the Contractor is not in compliance with any of the requirements and/or standards stated in paragraphs (a) and (b) above, the Contracting Officer may immediately suspend, in whole or in part, work and further payments under this contract until the Contractor corrects the noncompliance. The Contracting Officer may communicate the notice of suspension by telephone with confirmation in writing. If the Contractor fails to complete corrective action within the period of time designated in the Contracting Officer's written notice of suspension, the Contracting Officer may, after consultation with OHRP, terminate this contract in whole or in part, and the Contractor's name may be removed from the list of those contractors with approved Human Subject Assurances.

(End of clause)

ARTICLE H.2. HUMAN SUBJECTS

Research involving human subjects shall not be conducted under this contract until the protocol developed in Phase I has been approved by NIAID, written notice of such approval has been provided by the Contracting Officer, and the Contractor has provided to the Contracting Officer a properly completed "Protection of Human Subjects Assurance Identification/IRB Certification/Declaration of Exemption", Form OMB No. 0990-0263 (formerly Optional Form 310) certifying IRB review and approval of the protocol. The human subject certification can be met by submission of the Contractor's self designated form, **provided** that it contains the information required by the "Protection of Human Subjects Assurance Identification/IRB Certification/Declaration of Exemption", Form OMB No. 0990-0263 (formerly Optional Form 310).

When research involving Human Subjects will take place at collaborating sites or other performance sites, the Contractor shall obtain, and keep on file, a properly completed "Protection of Human Subjects Assurance Identification/IRB Certification/Declaration of Exemption", Form OMB No. 0990-0263 (formerly Optional Form 310) certifying IRB review and approval of the research.

ARTICLE H.3. REQUIRED EDUCATION IN THE PROTECTION OF HUMAN RESEARCH PARTICIPANTS

NIH policy requires education on the protection of human subject participants for all investigators receiving NIH contract awards for research involving human subjects. For a complete description of the NIH Policy announcement on required education in the protection of human subject participants, the Contractor should access the [NIH Guide for Grants and Contracts](#) Announcement dated June 5, 2000 at the following website:

<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-00-039.html>.

The information below is a summary of the NIH Policy Announcement:

The Contractor shall maintain the following information: (1) a list of the names and titles of the principal investigator and any other individuals working under the contract who are responsible for the design and/or conduct of the research; (2) the title of the education program(s) in the protection of human subjects that has been completed for each named personnel and; (3) a one sentence description of the educational program(s) listed in (2) above. This requirement extends to investigators and all individuals responsible for the design and/or conduct of the research who are working as subcontractors or consultants under the contract.

Prior to any substitution of the Principal Investigator or any other individuals responsible for the design and/or conduct of the research under the contract, the Contractor shall provide the following written information to the Contracting Officer: the title of the education program and a one sentence description of the program that has been completed by the replacement.

ARTICLE H.4. DATA AND SAFETY MONITORING IN CLINICAL TRIALS

The Contractor is directed to the full text of the NIH Policy regarding Data and Safety Monitoring and Reporting of Adverse Events, which may be found at the following web sites:

<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/not98-084.html>

<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/not99-107.html>

<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-00-038.html>

The Contractor must comply with the NIH Policy cited in these NIH Announcements and any other data and safety monitoring requirements found elsewhere in this contract.

Data and Safety Monitoring shall be performed in accordance with the approved Data and Safety Monitoring Plan.

The Data and Safety Monitoring Board shall be established and approved prior to beginning the conduct of the clinical trial.

ARTICLE H.5. REGISTRATION OF CLINICAL TRIALS IN THE GOVERNMENT DATABASE (ClinicalTrials.gov)

Pursuant to Public Law 110-85, Food and Drug Administration Amendments Act (FDAAA) of 2007, Title VIII-Clinical Trial Databases, the Contractor's Principal Investigator is the "Responsible Party" for the purposes of compliance with FDAAA which includes registration of the clinical trial(s) performed under this contract in the Government database, ClinicalTrials.gov (<http://www.ClinicalTrials.gov>).

Additional information is available at: <http://prsinfo.clinicaltrials.gov> .

ARTICLE H.6. HUMAN MATERIALS (ASSURANCE OF OHRP COMPLIANCE)

The acquisition and supply of all human specimen material (including fetal material) used under this contract shall be obtained by the Contractor in full compliance with applicable State and Local laws and the provisions of the Uniform Anatomical Gift Act in the United States, and no undue inducements, monetary or otherwise, will be offered to any person to influence their donation of human material.

The Contractor shall provide written documentation that all human materials obtained as a result of research involving human subjects conducted under this contract, by collaborating sites, or by subcontractors identified under this contract, were obtained with prior approval by the Office for Human Research Protections (OHRP) of an Assurance to comply with the requirements of 45 CFR 46 to protect human research subjects. This restriction applies to all collaborating sites without OHRP-approved Assurances, whether domestic or foreign, and compliance must be ensured by the Contractor.

Provision by the Contractor to the Contracting Officer of a properly completed "Protection of Human Subjects Assurance Identification/IRB Certification/Declaration of Exemption", Form OMB No. 0990-0263(formerly Optional Form 310), certifying IRB review and approval of the protocol from which the human materials were obtained constitutes the written documentation required. The human subject certification can be met by submission of a self designated form, provided that it contains the information required by the "Protection of Human Subjects Assurance Identification/IRB Certification/Declaration of Exemption", Form OMB No. 0990-0263(formerly Optional Form 310).

ARTICLE H.7. RESEARCH INVOLVING RECOMBINANT DNA MOLECULES (Including Human Gene Transfer Research)

All research involving Recombinant DNA Molecules shall be conducted in accordance with the NIH Guidelines for Research Involving Recombinant DNA Molecules (http://oba.od.nih.gov/rdna/nih_guidelines_oba.html) and the September 24, 2007 Notice, "Reminder of NIH Policy for Enhancing the Science, Safety, and Ethics of Recombinant DNA Research" (<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-07-096.html>) (and any subsequent revisions to the Guide Notice) which stipulates biosafety and containment measures for recombinant DNA research and delineates critical, ethical principles and key safety reporting requirements for human gene transfer research (See Appendix M of the Guidelines). These guidelines apply to both basic and clinical research studies.

The Recombinant DNA Advisory Committee (RAC) is charged with the safety of manipulation of genetic material through the use of recombinant DNA techniques. Prior to beginning any clinical trials involving the transfer of recombinant DNA to humans, the trial must be registered with the RAC. If this contract involves new protocols that contain unique and/or novel issues, the RAC must discuss them in a public forum and then the Institutional Biosafety Committee (IBC), the Institutional Review Board (IRB), and the Contracting Officer's Technical Representative (COTR) and Contracting Officer must approve the protocol prior to the start of the research.

Failure to comply with these requirements may result in suspension, limitation, or termination of the contract for any work related to Recombinant DNA Research or a requirement for Contracting Officer prior approval of any or all Recombinant DNA projects under this contract. This includes the requirements of the Standing Institutional Biosafety Committee (IBC) (See http://oba.od.nih.gov/rdna_ibc/ibc.html).

As specified in Appendix M-1-C-4 of the NIH Guidelines, any serious adverse event must be reported immediately to the IRB, the IBC, the Office for Human Research Protections (if applicable), and the NIH Office for Biotechnology Activities (OBA), followed by the filing of a written report with each office/group and copies to the COTR and Contracting Officer. (http://oba.od.nih.gov/oba/rac/guidelines_02/APPENDIX_M.htm).

ARTICLE H.8. SALARY RATE LIMITATION, HHSAR 352.231-70 (January 2010)

- a. Pursuant to the current and applicable prior HHS appropriations acts, the Contractor shall not use contract funds to pay the direct salary of an individual at a rate in excess of the Federal Executive Schedule Level I in effect on the date an expense is incurred.
- b. For purposes of the salary rate limitation, the terms "direct salary," "salary," and "institutional base salary" have the same meaning and are collectively referred to as "direct salary" in this clause. An individual's direct salary is the annual compensation that the Contractor pays for an individual's direct effort (costs) under the contract. Direct salary excludes any income that an individual may be permitted to earn outside of duties to the Contractor. Direct salary also excludes fringe benefits, overhead, and general and administrative expenses (also referred to as indirect costs or facilities and administrative [F&A] costs).

Note: The salary rate limitation does not restrict the salary that an organization may pay an individual working under an HHS contract or order; it merely limits the portion of that salary that may be paid with Federal funds.

- c. The salary rate limitation also applies to individuals under subcontracts. If this is a multiple-year contract or order, it may be subject to unilateral modification by the Contracting Officer to ensure that an individual is not paid at a rate that exceeds the salary rate limitation provision established in the HHS appropriations act in effect when the expense is incurred regardless of the rate initially used to establish contract or order funding.

- d. See the salaries and wages pay tables on the U.S. Office of Personnel Management Web site for Federal Executive Schedule salary levels that apply to the current and prior periods.

(End of clause)

See the following Web site for Executive Schedule rates of pay: <http://www.opm.gov/oca/>.

(For current year rates, click on Salaries and Wages / Executive Schedule / Rates of Pay for the Executive Schedule. For prior year rates, click on Salaries and Wages / select Another Year at the top of the page / Executive Schedule / Rates of Pay for the Executive Schedule. Rates are effective January 1 of each calendar year unless otherwise noted.)

ARTICLE H.9. NIH POLICY ON ENHANCING PUBLIC ACCESS TO ARCHIVED PUBLICATIONS RESULTING FROM NIH-FUNDED RESEARCH

NIH-funded investigators shall submit to the NIH National Library of Medicine's (NLM) PubMed Central (PMC) an electronic version of the author's final manuscript, upon acceptance for publication, resulting from research supported in whole or in part with direct costs from NIH. NIH defines the author's final manuscript as the final version accepted for journal publication, and includes all modifications from the publishing peer review process. The PMC archive will preserve permanently these manuscripts for use by the public, health care providers, educators, scientists, and NIH. The Policy directs electronic submissions to the NIH/NLM/PMC: <http://www.pubmedcentral.nih.gov>.

Additional information is available at <http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-08-033.html>.

ARTICLE H.10. NEEDLE DISTRIBUTION

The Contractor shall not use contract funds to distribute any needle or syringe for the purpose of preventing the spread of blood borne pathogens in any location that has been determined by authorities to be inappropriate for such distribution.

ARTICLE H.11. PRESS RELEASES

The Contractor shall clearly state, when issuing statements, press releases, requests for proposals, bid solicitations and other documents describing projects or programs funded in whole or in part with Federal money: (1) the percentage of the total costs of the program or project which will be financed with Federal money; (2) the dollar amount of Federal funds for the project or program; and (3) the percentage and dollar amount of the total costs of the project or program that will be financed by nongovernmental sources.

ARTICLE H.12. RESTRICTION ON ABORTIONS

The Contractor shall not use contract funds for any abortion.

ARTICLE H.13. CONTINUED BAN ON FUNDING OF HUMAN EMBRYO RESEARCH

The Contractor shall not use contract funds for (1) the creation of a human embryo or embryos for research purposes; or (2) research in which a human embryo or embryos are destroyed, discarded, or knowingly subjected to risk of injury or death greater than that allowed for research on fetuses in utero under 45 CFR 46.204(b) and Section 498(b) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 289g(b)). The term "human embryo or embryos" includes any organism, not protected as a human subject under 45 CFR 46 as of the date of the enactment of this Act, that is derived by fertilization, parthenogenesis, cloning, or any other means from one or more human gametes or human diploid cells.

Additionally, in accordance with a March 4, 1997 Presidential Memorandum, Federal funds may not be used for cloning of human beings.

ARTICLE H.14. DISSEMINATION OF FALSE OR DELIBERATELY MISLEADING SCIENTIFIC INFORMATION

The Contractor shall not use contract funds to disseminate scientific information that is deliberately false or misleading.

ARTICLE H.15. RESTRICTION ON EMPLOYMENT OF UNAUTHORIZED ALIEN WORKERS

The Contractor shall not use contract funds to employ workers described in section 274A(h)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, which reads as follows:

"(3) Definition of unauthorized alien. - As used in this section, the term 'unauthorized alien' means, with respect to the employment of an alien at a particular time, that the alien is not at that time either (A) an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence, or (B) authorized to be so employed by this Act or by the Attorney General."

ARTICLE H.16. MULTIPLE PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATORS

The NIH awarded this contract as a multiple Principal Investigators project. The Key Personnel Article in SECTION G of this contract designates the Contact Principal Investigator and all other Principal Investigators.

Contracts designating multiple Principal Investigators require a current Leadership Plan with updates as needed. The Contractor's Leadership Plan, dated (To be Determined), (and as modified thereafter, in accordance with the Reporting Requirements Article in SECTION C of this contract), is hereby incorporated by reference.

ARTICLE H.17. PRIVACY ACT, HHSAR 352.224-70 (January 2006)

This contract requires the Contractor to perform one or more of the following: (a) Design; (b) develop; or (c) operate a Federal agency system of records to accomplish an agency function in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (Act) (5 U.S.C. 552a(m)(1)) and applicable agency regulations. The term "system of records" means a group of any records under the control of any agency from which information is retrieved by the name of the individual or by some identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual. Violations of the Act by the Contractor and/or its employees may result in the imposition of criminal penalties (5 U.S.C. 552a(i)). The Contractor shall ensure that each of its employees knows the prescribed rules of conduct and that each employee is aware that he/she is subject to criminal penalties for violation of the Act to the same extent as Department of Health and Human Services employees. These provisions also apply to all subcontracts the Contractor awards under this contract which require the design, development or operation of the designated system(s) of records [5 U.S.C. 552a(m)(1)]. The contract work statement: (a) identifies the system(s) of records and the design, development, or operation work the Contractor is to perform; and (b) specifies the disposition to be made of such records upon completion of contract performance.

(End of clause)

45 CFR Part 5b contains additional information which includes the rules of conduct and other Privacy Act requirements and can be found at: http://www.access.gpo.gov/nara/cfr/waisidx_06/45cfr5b_06.html.

The Privacy Act System of Records applicable to this project is Number _____. This document is incorporated into this contract as an Attachment in SECTION J of this contract. This document is also available at: <http://oma.od.nih.gov/ms/privacy/pa-files/read02systems.htm>.

ARTICLE H.18. OMB CLEARANCE

In accordance with HHSAR 352.201-70, Paperwork Reduction Act, the Contractor shall not proceed with surveys or interviews until such time as Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Clearance for conducting interviews has been obtained by the Contracting Officer's Technical Representative (COTR) and the Contracting Officer has issued written approval to proceed.

ARTICLE H.19. OPTION PROVISION

Unless the Government exercises its option pursuant to the Option Clause set forth in ARTICLE I.3., the contract will consist only of the Base Period of the Statement of Work as defined in Sections C and F of the contract. Pursuant to FAR Clause 52.217-9, Option to Extend the Term of the Contract set forth in ARTICLE I.3. of this contract, the Government may, by unilateral contract modification, require the Contractor to perform additional options set forth in the Statement of Work and also defined in Sections C and F of the contract. If the Government exercises this option, notice must be given at least 60 days prior to the expiration date of this contract, and the estimated cost and possibly the plus fixed fee of the contract may be increased as set forth in the ESTIMATED COST. The estimate price of the contract will be increased as set forth in the OPTION PRICES Article in SECTION B of this contract.

ARTICLE H.20. SUBCONTRACTING PROVISIONS

a. Small Business Subcontracting Plan

1. The Small Business Subcontracting Plan, dated [to be provided upon award] is attached hereto and made a part of this contract.
2. The failure of any Contractor or subcontractor to comply in good faith with FAR Clause 52.219-8, entitled "Utilization of Small Business Concerns" incorporated in this contract and the attached Subcontracting Plan, will be a material breach of such contract or subcontract and subject to the remedies reserved to the Government under FAR Clause 52.219-16 entitled, "Liquidated Damages-Subcontracting Plan."

b. Subcontracting Reports

The Contractor shall submit the following Subcontracting reports electronically via the "electronic Subcontracting Reporting System (eSRS) at <http://www.esrs.gov>.

1. Individual Subcontract Reports (ISR)

Regardless of the effective date of this contract, the Report shall be due on the following dates for the entire life of this contract:

April 30th
 October 30th
 Expiration Date of Contract

2. Summary Subcontract Report (SSR)

Regardless of the effective date of this contract, the Summary Subcontract Report shall be submitted annually on the following date for the entire life of this contract:

October 30th

For both the Individual and Summary Subcontract Reports, the Contract Specialist shall be included as a contact for notification purposes at the following e-mail address:

[to be provided upon award]
 Contract Specialist

ARTICLE H.21. INFORMATION SECURITY

The Statement of Work (SOW) requires the Contractor to (1) develop, (2) have the ability to access, or (3) host and/or maintain a Federal information system(s). Pursuant to Federal and HHS Information Security Program Policies, the Contractor and any subcontractor performing under this contract shall comply with the following requirements:

Federal Information Security Management Act of 2002 (FISMA), Title III, E-Government Act of 2002, Pub. L. No. 107-347 (Dec. 17, 2002); <http://csrc.nist.gov/drivers/documents/FISMA-final.pdf>

a. Information Type

Administrative, Management and Support Information

Mission Based Information

b. Security Categories and Levels

Confidentiality Level: Low Moderate High

Integrity Level: Low Moderate High

Availability Level: Low Moderate High

Overall Level: **Low** **Moderate** **High**

c. Position Sensitivity Designations

1. The following position sensitivity designations and associated clearance and investigation requirements apply under this contract.

Level 6: Public Trust - High Risk (Requires Suitability Determination with a BI). Contractor employees assigned to a Level 6 position are subject to a Background Investigation (BI)

Level 5: Public Trust - Moderate Risk (Requires Suitability Determination with NACIC, MBI or LBI). Contractor employees assigned to a Level 5 position with no previous investigation and approval shall undergo a National Agency Check and Inquiry Investigation plus a Credit Check (NACIC), a Minimum Background Investigation (MBI), or a Limited Background Investigation (LBI).

Level 1: Non Sensitive (Requires Suitability Determination with an NACI). Contractor employees assigned to a Level 1 position are subject to a National Agency Check and Inquiry Investigation (NACI).

2. The Contractor shall submit a roster, by name, position, e-mail address, phone number and responsibility, of all staff (including subcontractor staff) working under the contract who will develop, have the ability to access, or host and/or maintain a Federal information system(s). The roster shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer's Technical Representative (COTR), with a copy to the Contracting Officer, within 14 calendar days of the effective date of the contract. Any revisions to the roster as a result of staffing changes shall be submitted within 15 calendar days of the change. The Contracting Officer shall notify the Contractor of the appropriate level of suitability investigations to be performed. An electronic template, "Roster of Employees Requiring Suitability Investigations," is available for Contractor use at: <http://ais.nci.nih.gov/forms/Suitability-roster.xls>.

Upon receipt of the Government's notification of applicable Suitability Investigations required, the Contractor shall complete and submit the required forms within 30 days of the notification. Additional submission instructions can be found at the "NCI Information Technology Security Policies, Background Investigation Process" website: <http://ais.nci.nih.gov>.

Contractor/subcontractor employees who have met investigative requirements within the past five years may only require an updated or upgraded investigation.

3. Contractor/Subcontractor employees shall comply with the HHS criteria for the assigned position sensitivity designations prior to performing any work under this contract. The following exceptions apply:

Levels 5 and 1: Contractor/Subcontractor employees may begin work under the contract after the Contractor has submitted the name, position and responsibility of the employee to the COTR, as described in paragraph c. (2) above.

Level 6: In special circumstances the COTR may request a waiver of the pre-appointment investigation. If the waiver is granted, the COTR will provide written authorization for the Contractor/Subcontractor employee to work under the contract.

d. Information Security Training

The Contractor shall ensure that each Contractor/Subcontractor employee has completed the NIH Computer Security Awareness Training course at: <http://irtsectraining.nih.gov/> prior to performing any contract work, and thereafter completing the NIH-specified fiscal year refresher course during the period of performance of the contract.

The Contractor shall maintain a listing by name and title of each Contractor/Subcontractor employee working under this contract that has completed the NIH required training. Any additional security training completed by Contractor/Subcontractor staff shall be included on this listing. [The listing of completed training shall be included in the first technical progress report. (See Article C.2. Reporting Requirements.) Any revisions to this listing as a result of staffing changes shall be submitted with next required technical progress report.]

e. Rules of Behavior

The Contractor/Subcontractor employees shall comply with the NIH Information Technology General Rules of Behavior at: <http://irm.cit.nih.gov/security/nihitrob.html>.

f. Personnel Security Responsibilities

Contractor Notification of New and Departing Employees Requiring Background Investigations

1. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer, the Contracting Officer's Technical Representative (COTR), and the Security Investigation Reviewer **within five working days** before a new employee assumes a position that requires a suitability determination or when an employee with a security clearance stops working under the contract. The Government will initiate a background investigation on new employees requiring security clearances and will stop pending background investigations for employees that no longer work under the contract.
2. New employees: Provide the name, position title, e-mail address, and phone number of the new employee. Provide the name, position title and suitability level held by the former incumbent. If the employee is filling a new position, provide a description of the position and the Government will determine the appropriate security level.
3. Departing employees:
 - Provide the name, position title, and security clearance level held by or pending for the individual.
 - Perform and document the actions identified in the "Employee Separation Checklist", attached in Section J, ATTACHMENTS of this contract, when a Contractor/Subcontractor employee terminates work under this contract. All documentation shall be made available to the COTR and/or Contracting Officer upon request.

g. Commitment to Protect Non-Public Departmental Information Systems and Data

1. Contractor Agreement

The Contractor and its subcontractors performing under this SOW shall not release, publish, or disclose non-public Departmental information to unauthorized personnel, and shall protect such information in

accordance with provisions of the following laws and any other pertinent laws and regulations governing the confidentiality of such information:

- 18 U.S.C. 641 (Criminal Code: Public Money, Property or Records)
- 18 U.S.C. 1905 (Criminal Code: Disclosure of Confidential Information)
- Public Law 96-511 (Paperwork Reduction Act)

2. Contractor-Employee Non-Disclosure Agreements

Each Contractor/Subcontractor employee who may have access to non-public Department information under this contract shall complete the Commitment to Protect Non-Public Information - Contractor Agreement. A copy of each signed and witnessed Non-Disclosure agreement shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer's Technical Representative (COTR) prior to performing any work under the contract.

h. NIST SP 800-53 Self-Assessment

The contractor shall annually update and re-submit its Self-Assessment required by NIST SP 800-53, *Recommended Security Controls for Federal Information Systems*. (<http://csrc.nist.gov/publications> - under Special Publications).

Subcontracts: The Contractor's annual update to its Self-Assessment Questionnaire shall include similar information for any subcontractor that performs under the SOW to (1) develop a Federal information system(s) at the Contractor's/Subcontractor's facility, or (2) host and/or maintain a Federal information system(s) at the Contractor's/Subcontractor's facility.

The annual update shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer's Technical Representative (COTR), with a copy to the Contracting Officer [For option contracts: no later than the completion date of the period of performance/ for all other contracts: indicate due date as determined by the COTR/Contracting Officer].

i. Information System Security Plan

The Contractor's draft ISSP submitted with its proposal shall be finalized in coordination with the Contracting Officer's Technical Representative (COTR) no later than 90 calendar days after contract award.

Following approval of its draft ISSP, the Contractor shall update and resubmit its ISSP to the COTR every three years or when a major modification has been made to its internal system. The Contractor shall use the current ISSP template in Appendix A of NIST SP 800-18, *Guide to Developing Security Plans for Federal Information Systems*. (<http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/nistpubs/800-18-Rev1/sp800-18-Rev1-final.pdf>). The details contained in the Contractor's ISSP shall be commensurate with the size and complexity of the requirements of the SOW based on the System Categorization determined above in subparagraph (b) Security Categories and Levels of this Article.

Subcontracts: The Contractor shall include similar information for any subcontractor performing under the SOW with the Contractor whenever the submission of an ISSP is required.

j. Common Security Configurations

The contractor shall ensure that any information technology acquired under this contract incorporates the applicable common security configuration established by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) at <http://checklists.nist.gov>.

ARTICLE H.22. INSTITUTIONAL RESPONSIBILITY REGARDING CONFLICTING INTERESTS OF INVESTIGATORS

The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of 45 CFR Part 94, *Responsible Prospective Contractors*, which promotes objectivity in research by establishing standards to ensure that investigators (defined as the principal investigator and any other person who is responsible for the design, conduct, or reporting of research funded under

NIH contracts) will not be biased by any conflicting financial interest. For the purposes of this part relating to financial interests, "Investigator" includes the Investigator's spouse and dependent children. 45 CFR Part 94 is available at the following Web site:

<http://ecfr.gpoaccess.gov/cgi/t/text/text-idx?c=ecfr;sid=9f130b6d2d48bb73803ca91ce943be3a;rgn=div5;view=text;node=45%3A1.0.1.1.53;idno=45;cc=ecfr>

As required by 45 CFR Part 94, the Contractor shall, at a minimum:

- a. Maintain a written, enforceable policy on conflict of interest that complies with 45 CFR Part 94 and inform each investigator of the policy, the investigator's reporting responsibilities, and the applicable regulations. The Contractor must take reasonable steps to ensure that investigators working as collaborators or subcontractors comply with the regulations.
- b. Designate an official(s) to solicit and review financial disclosure statements from each investigator participating in NIH-funded research. Based on established guidelines consistent with the regulations, the designated official(s) must determine whether a conflict of interest exists, and if so, determine what actions should be taken to manage, reduce, or eliminate such conflict. A conflict of interest exists when the designated official(s) reasonably determines that a *Significant Financial Interest* could directly and significantly affect the design, conduct, or reporting of the NIH-funded research. The Contractor may require the management of other conflicting financial interests in addition to those described in this paragraph, as it deems appropriate. Examples of conditions or restrictions that might be imposed to manage actual or potential conflicts of interests are included in 45 CFR Part 94, under Management of Conflicting Interests.
- c. Require all financial disclosures to be updated during the period of the award, either on an annual basis or as new reportable Significant Financial Interests are obtained.
- d. Maintain records, identifiable to each award, of all financial disclosures and all actions taken by the Contractor with respect to each conflicting interest 3 years after final payment or, where applicable, for the other time periods specified in 48 CFR Part 4, subpart 4.7, Contract Records Retention.
- e. Establish adequate enforcement mechanisms and provide for sanctions where appropriate.

If a conflict of interest is identified, the Contractor shall report to the Contracting Officer, the existence of the conflicting interest found. This report shall be made and the conflicting interest managed, reduced, or eliminated, at least on a temporary basis, within sixty (60) days of that identification.

If the failure of an investigator to comply with the conflict of interest policy has biased the design, conduct, or reporting of the NIH-funded research, the Contractor must promptly notify the Contracting Officer of the corrective action taken or to be taken. The Contracting Officer will take appropriate action or refer the matter to the Contractor for further action, which may include directions to the Contractor on how to maintain appropriate objectivity in the funded research.

The Contracting Officer may at any time inquire into the Contractor's procedures and actions regarding conflicts of interests in NIH-funded research, including a review of all records pertinent to compliance with 45 CFR Part 94. The Contracting Officer may require submission of the records or review them on site. On the basis of this review, the Contracting Officer may decide that a particular conflict of interest will bias the objectivity of the NIH-funded research to such an extent that further corrective action is needed or that the Contractor has not managed, reduced, or eliminated the conflict of interest. The issuance of a Stop Work Order by the Contracting Officer may be necessary until the matter is resolved.

If the Contracting Officer determines that NIH-funded clinical research, whose purpose is to evaluate the safety or effectiveness of a drug, medical device, or treatment, has been designed, conducted, or reported by an investigator with a conflict of interest that was not disclosed or managed, the Contractor must require disclosure of the conflict of interest in each public presentation of the results of the research.

ARTICLE H.23. PUBLICATION AND PUBLICITY

In addition to the requirements set forth in HHSAR Clause **352.227-70, Publications and Publicity** incorporated by reference in SECTION I of this contract, the Contractor shall acknowledge the support of the National Institutes of Health whenever publicizing the work under this contract in any media by including an acknowledgment substantially as follows:

"This project has been funded in whole or in part with Federal funds from the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases, National Institutes of Health, Department of Health and Human Services, under Contract No. [to be provided upon award]"

ARTICLE H.24. REPORTING MATTERS INVOLVING FRAUD, WASTE AND ABUSE

Anyone who becomes aware of the existence or apparent existence of fraud, waste and abuse in NIH funded programs is encouraged to report such matters to the HHS Inspector General's Office in writing or on the Inspector General's Hotline. The toll free number is **1-800-HHS-TIPS (1-800-447-8477)**. All telephone calls will be handled confidentially. The e-mail address is Htips@os.dhhs.gov and the mailing address is:

Office of Inspector General
Department of Health and Human Services
TIPS HOTLINE
P.O. Box 23489
Washington, D.C. 20026

ARTICLE H.25. SHARING RESEARCH DATA

[The data sharing plan submitted by the Contractor is acceptable/The Contractor's data sharing plan, dated to be determined after award is hereby incorporated by reference.] The Contractor agrees to adhere to its plan and shall request prior approval of the Contracting Officer for any changes in its plan.

The NIH endorses the sharing of final research data to serve health. this contract is expected to generate research data that must be shared with the public and other researchers. NIH's data sharing policy may be found at the following Web site:

<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-03-032.html>

NIH recognizes that data sharing may be complicated or limited, in some cases, by institutional policies, local IRB rules, as well as local, state and Federal laws and regulations, including the Privacy Rule (see HHS-published documentation on the Privacy Rule at <http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/>). The rights and privacy of people who participate in NIH-funded research must be protected at all times; thus, data intended for broader use should be free of identifiers that would permit linkages to individual research participants and variables that could lead to deductive disclosure of the identity of individual subjects.

ARTICLE H.26. HOTEL AND MOTEL FIRE SAFETY ACT OF 1990 (P.L. 101-391)

Pursuant to Public Law 101-391, no Federal funds may be used to sponsor or fund in whole or in part a meeting, convention, conference or training seminar that is conducted in, or that otherwise uses the rooms, facilities, or services of a place of public accommodation that do not meet the requirements of the fire prevention and control guidelines as described in the Public Law. This restriction applies to public accommodations both foreign and domestic.

Public accommodations that meet the requirements can be accessed at: <http://www.usfa.fema.gov/hotel/index.htm>.

ARTICLE H.27. CONSTITUTION DAY

Each educational institution that receives Federal funds for a fiscal year shall hold an educational program on the United States Constitution on September 17 of such year for the students serviced by the educational institution in accordance with Public Law 108-447.

PART II - CONTRACT CLAUSES

SECTION I - CONTRACT CLAUSES

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLE I.1. GENERAL CLAUSE LISTING(S) WILL BE APPLICABLE TO MOST CONTRACTS RESULTING FROM THIS BAA. HOWEVER, THE ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE OF THE SUCCESSFUL OFFEROR(S) WILL DETERMINE THE SPECIFIC GENERAL CLAUSE LISTING TO BE CONTAINED IN THE CONTRACT(S) AWARDED FROM THIS BAA:

The complete listing of these clauses may be accessed at:

<http://rcb.cancer.gov/rcb-internet/appl/general-clauses/clausesDGS.jsp>

ARTICLE I.1. General Clauses for a Cost-Reimbursement Contract with Educational Institutions

ARTICLE I.1. General Clauses for a Cost-Reimbursement Contract with Non-Profit Organizations Other Than Educational Institutions

ARTICLE I.2. AUTHORIZED SUBSTITUTIONS OF CLAUSES

Any authorized substitutions and/or modifications other than the General Clauses which will be based on the type of contract/Contractor will be determined during negotiations.

It is expected that the following substitution(s) will be made part of the resultant contract:

- a. **Alternate II** (October 2001) of FAR Clause **52.219-9, Small Business Subcontracting Plan** (April 2008) is added.
- b. FAR Clause **52.232-17, Interest** (October 2008) is deleted.
- c. FAR Clauses **52.249-6, Termination (Cost-Reimbursement)** (May 2004) and **52.249-14, Excusable Delays** (April 1984), are deleted in their entirety and FAR Clause **52.249-5, Termination for Convenience of the Government (Educational and Other Nonprofit Institutions)** (September 1996), is substituted therefore.

ARTICLE I.3. ADDITIONAL CONTRACT CLAUSES

Additional clauses other than those listed below which are based on the type of contract/Contractor shall be determined during negotiations. Any contract awarded from this solicitation will contain the following:

This contract incorporates the following clauses by reference, (unless otherwise noted), with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available.

a. FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (FAR) (48 CFR CHAPTER 1) CLAUSES

1. FAR Clause **52.203-13, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct** (April 2010).
2. FAR Clause **52.203-14, Display of Hotline Poster(s)** (December 2007).

".....(3) Any required posters may be obtained as follows:

Poster(s)	Obtain From"
HHS Contractor Code of Ethics and Business Conduct Poster	http://www.oig.hhs.gov/fraud/hotline/OIG_Hotline_Posters.pdf

3. FAR Clause **52.216-15, Predetermined Indirect Cost Rates** (April 1998).
4. FAR Clause **52.217-9, Option to Extend the Term of the Contract** (March 2000).

"(a) The Government may extend the term of this contract by written notice to the Contractor within thirty days provided that the Government gives the Contractor a preliminary written notice of its intent to extend at least 60 days before the contract expires. The preliminary notice does not commit the Government to an extension."

"b) The total duration of this contract, including the exercise of any options under this clause, shall not exceed 10 [MONTHS/YEARS]."
5. FAR Clause **52.219-4, Notice of Price Evaluation Preference for HUBZone Small Business Concerns** (July 2005).

"(c) Waiver of evaluation preference.....
 Offeror elects to waive the evaluation preference."
6. FAR Clause **52.219-25, Small Disadvantaged Business Participation Program--Disadvantaged Status and Reporting** (April 2008).
7. FAR Clause **52.219-28, Post-Award Small Business Program Rerepresentation** (April 2009).
8. FAR Clause **52.227-14, Rights in Data - General** (December 2007).
9. **Alternate II** (December 2007), FAR Clause **52.227-14, Rights in Data--General** (December 2007).

Additional purposes for which the limited rights data may be used are:

10. **Alternate V** (December 2007), FAR Clause **52.227-14, Rights in Data--General** (December 2007).

Specific data items that are not subject to paragraph (j) include:

11. FAR Clause **52.227-16, Additional Data Requirements** (June 1987).
12. FAR Clause **52.230-5, Cost Accounting Standards - Educational Institution** (October 2008).
13. FAR Clause **52.230-6, Administration of Cost Accounting Standards** (March 2008).
14. FAR Clause **52.232-18, Availability of Funds** (April 1984).
15. FAR Clause **52.242-3, Penalties for Unallowable Costs** (May 2001).
16. FAR Clause **52.243-2, Changes--Cost Reimbursement** (August 1987), **Alternate V** (April 1984).
17. FAR Clause **52.247-63, Preference for U.S. Flag Air Carriers** (June 2003).
18. FAR Clause **52.251-1, Government Supply Sources** (April 1984).

b. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES ACQUISITION REGULATION (HHSAR) (48 CHAPTER 3) CLAUSES:

1. HHSAR Clause **352.201-70, Paperwork Reduction Act** (January 2006).
2. HHSAR Clause **352.223-70, Safety and Health** (January 2006).
3. HHSAR Clause **352.270-1, Accessibility of Meetings, Conferences and Seminars to Persons with Disabilities** (January 2001).

c. NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH (NIH) RESEARCH CONTRACTING (RC) CLAUSES:

The following clauses are attached and made a part of this contract:

1. **NIH (RC)-7, Procurement of Certain Equipment** (April 1984).
2. **NIH(RC)-11, Research Patient Care Costs** (4/1/84).

ARTICLE I.4. ADDITIONAL FAR CONTRACT CLAUSES INCLUDED IN FULL TEXT

Additional clauses other than those listed below which are based on the type of contract/Contractor shall be determined during negotiations. Any contract awarded from this solicitation will contain the following:

This contract incorporates the following clauses in full text.

FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (FAR)(48 CFR CHAPTER 1) CLAUSES:

THERE ARE NO APPLICABLE CLAUSES IN THIS SECTION.

PART III - LIST OF DOCUMENTS, EXHIBITS AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS

SECTION J - LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

The following documents are incorporated into this RFP:

SOLICITATION ATTACHMENTS

Attachment No.	Title	Location
Attachment 1:	Packaging and Delivery of Proposal (R & D)	[Attached at end of BAA]
Attachment 2:	Proposal Intent Response Sheet	[Attached at end of BAA]
Attachment 3:	Background and Introduction	[Attached at end of BAA]
Attachment 4:	Research and Technical Objectives	[Attached at end of BAA]
Attachment 5:	Information Technology Systems Security - Prospective Offeror Non-Disclosure Agreement	http://rcb.cancer.gov/rcb-internet/forms/IT-security-nondisclosure.pdf

TECHNICAL PROPOSAL ATTACHMENTS

Attachment No.	Title	Location
Attachment 6:	Targeted/Planned Enrollment Table, PHS-398/2590 (Rev. 6/09)	http://grants.nih.gov/grants/funding/phs398/enrollment.pdf
Attachment 7:	Technical Proposal Cost Summary	http://funding.niaid.nih.gov/contract/forms.htm
Attachment 8:	Summary of Related Activities	http://www.niaid.nih.gov/contract/forms.htm

BUSINESS PROPOSAL ATTACHMENTS

Attachment No.	Title	Location
Attachment 9:	Proposal Summary and Data Record, NIH-2043	http://funding.niaid.nih.gov/contract/forms/NIH-2043.rtf
Attachment 10:	Small Business Subcontracting Plan	http://www.hhs.gov/osdbu/SubcontractPlan-FY08.doc
Attachment 11:	Breakdown of Proposed Estimated Costs (plus fee) w/Excel Spreadsheet	http://oamp.od.nih.gov/contracts/BUSCOST.HTM http://oamp.od.nih.gov/Division/DFAS/spshexcl.xls
Attachment 12:	Offeror's Points of Contact	http://funding.niaid.nih.gov/contract/forms.htm
Attachment 13:	Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data	http://rcb.cancer.gov/rcb-internet/forms/cert-current-cost.pdf
Attachment 14:	Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, OMB Form SF-LLL	http://rcb.cancer.gov/rcb-internet/forms/sfillin.pdf

INFORMATIONAL ATTACHMENTS

Attachment No.	Title	Location
Attachment 15:	Invoice/Financing Request and Contract Financial Reporting Instructions--Cost Reimbursement, NIH(RC)-4	http://rcb.cancer.gov/rcb-internet/forms/rc4.pdf
Attachment 16:	Safety and Health, HHSAR Clause 352.223-70	http://rcb.cancer.gov/rcb-internet/forms/safety&health-1-06.pdf
Attachment 17:	Procurement of Certain Equipment, NIH(RC)-7	http://funding.niaid.nih.gov/contract/forms/NIH-RC-7.rtf
Attachment 18:	Inclusion Enrollment Report	http://rcb.cancer.gov/rcb-internet/forms/inclusion-enrollment.pdf
Attachment 19:	Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, OMB Form SF-LLL	http://rcb.cancer.gov/rcb-internet/forms/sfillin.pdf
Attachment 20:	Commitment to Protect Non-Public Information Contractor Agreement	http://irm.cit.nih.gov/security/Nondisclosure.pdf
Attachment 21:	Roster of Employees Requiring Suitability Investigations	http://ais.nci.nih.gov/forms/Suitability-roster.xls
Attachment 22:	Employee Separation Checklist	http://rcb.cancer.gov/rcb-internet/forms/Emp-sep-checklist.pdf

PART IV - REPRESENTATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS

SECTION K - REPRESENTATIONS, CERTIFICATIONS AND OTHER STATEMENTS OF OFFERORS

IF YOU INTEND TO SUBMIT A PROPOSAL, YOU MUST :

1. Go to the **Online Representations and Certifications Application (ORCA)** at: <https://orca.bpn.gov/> and complete the Representations and Certifications; and
2. Complete, and **INCLUDE as part of your BUSINESS PROPOSAL:**
SECTION K - REPRESENTATIONS, CERTIFICATIONS, AND OTHER STATEMENTS OF OFFERORS

which can be accessed electronically from the INTERNET at the following address:

<http://rcb.cancer.gov/rcb-internet/wkf/sectionk.pdf>

If you are unable to access this SECTION K - REPRESENTATIONS, CERTIFICATIONS, AND OTHER STATEMENTS OF OFFERORS electronically, you may request a copy from the Contracting Officer identified on the cover page of this solicitation.

SECTION L - INSTRUCTIONS, CONDITIONS, AND NOTICES TO OFFERORS

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

a. DEFINITION [FAR 2.101]

"Broad Agency Announcement" means a general announcement of an agency's research interest including criteria for selecting proposals and soliciting the participation of all offerors capable of satisfying the Government's needs (see 6.102(d)(2)).

b. USE OF COMPETITIVE PROCEDURES (FAR 6.102)

The competitive procedures available for use in fulfilling the requirement for full and open competition are as follows:

(a) Sealed bids. (See 6.401(a).)

(b) Competitive proposals. (See 6.401(b).) If sealed bids are not appropriate under paragraph (a) of this section, contracting officers shall request competitive proposals or use the other competitive procedures under paragraph (c) or (d) of this section.

(c) Combination of competitive procedures. If sealed bids are not appropriate, contracting officers may use any combination of competitive procedures (e.g., two-step sealed bidding).

(d) Other competitive procedures.

(1) Selection of sources for architect-engineer contracts in accordance with the provisions of 40 U.S.C. 1102 et seq. is a competitive procedure (see Subpart 36.6 for procedures).

(2) Competitive selection of basic and applied research and that part of development not related to the development of a specific system or hardware procurement is a competitive procedure if award results from-

- (i) A broad agency announcement that is general in nature identifying areas of research interest, including criteria for selecting proposals, and soliciting the participation of all offerors capable of satisfying the Government's needs; and
- (ii) A peer or scientific review.

(3) Use of multiple award schedules issued under the procedures established by the Administrator of General Services consistent with the requirement of 41 U.S.C. 259(b)(3)(A) for the multiple award schedule program of the General Services Administration is a competitive procedure.

c. BROAD AGENCY ANNOUNCEMENT [FAR Provision 35.016]

(a) General . This paragraph prescribes procedures for the use of the broad agency announcement (BAA) with Peer or Scientific Review (see 6.102(d)(2)) for the acquisition of basic and applied research and that part of development not related to the development of a specific system or hardware procurement. BAA's may be used by agencies to fulfill their requirements for scientific study and experimentation directed toward advancing the state-of-the-art or increasing knowledge or understanding rather than focusing on a specific system or hardware solution. The BAA technique shall only be used when meaningful proposals with varying technical/scientific approaches can be reasonably anticipated.

(b) The BAA, together with any supporting documents, shall --

- (1) Describe the agency's research interest, either for an individual program requirement or for broadly defined areas of interest covering the full range of the agency's requirements;
- (2) Describe the criteria for selecting the proposals, their relative importance, and the method of evaluation;
- (3) Specify the period of time during which proposals submitted in response to the BAA will be accepted; and
- (4) Contain instructions for the preparation and submission of proposals.

(c) The availability of the BAA must be publicized through the Governmentwide point of entry (GPE) and, if authorized pursuant to Subpart 5.5, may also be published in noted scientific, technical, or engineering periodicals. The notice must be published no less frequently than annually.

(d) Proposals received as a result of the BAA shall be evaluated in accordance with evaluation criteria specified therein through a peer or scientific review process. Written evaluation reports on individual proposals will be necessary but proposals need not be evaluated against each other since they are not submitted in accordance with a common work statement.

(e) The primary basis for selecting proposals for acceptance shall be technical, importance to agency programs, and fund availability. Cost realism and reasonableness shall also be considered to the extent appropriate.

(f) Synopsis under Subpart 5.2, Synopses of Proposed Contract Actions, of individual contract actions based upon proposals received under the BAA is not required. The notice published pursuant to paragraph (c) of this section fulfills the synopsis requirement.

d. **INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFERORS-- BROAD AGENCY ANNOUNCEMENT**

(a) *Definitions.* As used in this provision--

"Discussions" [as defined for BAA] are negotiations that occur after technical evaluation of proposals and determination which offeror(s) from the Order of Merit Ranking will be invited to enter into negotiations that may, at the Contracting Officer's discretion, result in the offeror being allowed to revise its proposal.

"In writing", "writing", or "written" means any worded or numbered expression that can be read, reproduced, and later communicated, and includes electronically transmitted and stored information.

"Proposal modification" is a change made to a proposal before the solicitation's closing date and time, or made in response to an amendment, or made to correct a mistake at any time before award.

"Proposal revision" is a change to a proposal made after the solicitation closing date, at the request of or as allowed by a Contracting Officer as the result of negotiations.

"Time," if stated as a number of days, is calculated using calendar days, unless otherwise specified, and will include Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays. However, if the last day falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, then the period shall include the next working day.

(b) *Amendments to solicitations.* If this solicitation is amended, all terms and conditions that are not amended remain unchanged. Offerors shall acknowledge receipt of any amendment to this solicitation by the date and time specified in the amendment(s).

(c) *Submission, modification, revision, and withdrawal of proposals.*

(1) Unless other methods (e.g., electronic commerce or facsimile) are permitted in the solicitation, proposals and modifications to proposals shall be submitted in paper media in sealed envelopes or packages (i) addressed to the office specified in the solicitation, and (ii) showing the time and date specified for receipt, the solicitation number, and the name and address of the offeror. Offerors using commercial carriers should ensure that the proposal is marked on the outermost wrapper with the information in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) and (c)(1)(ii) of this provision.

(2) The first page of the proposal must show--

- (i) The solicitation number;
- (ii) The name, address, and telephone and facsimile numbers of the offeror (and electronic address if available);
- (iii) A statement specifying the extent of agreement with all terms, conditions, and provisions included in the solicitation and agreement to furnish any or all items upon which prices are offered at the price set opposite each item;
- (iv) Names, titles, and telephone and facsimile numbers (and electronic addresses if available) of persons authorized to negotiate on the offeror's behalf with the Government in connection with this solicitation; and
- (v) Name, title, and signature of person authorized to sign the proposal. Proposals signed by an agent shall be accompanied by evidence of that agent's authority, unless that evidence has been previously furnished to the issuing office.

(3) *Submission, modification, revision, and withdrawal of proposals.*

(i) Offerors are responsible for submitting proposals, and any modifications or revisions, so as to reach the Government office designated in the solicitation by the time specified in the solicitation. If no time is specified in the solicitation, the time for receipt is 4:30 p.m., local time, for the designated Government office on the date that proposal or revision is due.

(ii) (A) Any proposal, modification, or revision received at the Government office designated in the solicitation after the exact time specified for receipt of offers is "late" and will not be considered unless it is received before award is made, the Contracting Officer determines that accepting the late offer would not unduly delay the acquisition; and--

(1) If it was transmitted through an electronic commerce method authorized by the solicitation, it was received at the initial point of entry to the Government infrastructure not later than 5:00 p.m. one working day prior to the date specified for receipt of proposals; or

(2) There is acceptable evidence to establish that it was received at the Government installation designated for receipt of offers and was under the Government's control prior to the time set for receipt of offers; or

(3) It is the only proposal received.

(B) However, a late modification of an otherwise successful proposal that makes its terms more favorable to the Government, will be considered at any time it is received and may be accepted.

(iii) Acceptable evidence to establish the time of receipt at the Government installation includes the time/date stamp of that installation on the proposal wrapper, other documentary evidence of receipt maintained by the installation, or oral testimony or statements of Government personnel.

(iv) If an emergency or unanticipated event interrupts normal Government processes so that proposals cannot be received at the office designated for receipt of proposals by the exact time specified in the solicitation, and urgent Government requirements preclude amendment of the solicitation, the time specified for receipt of proposals will be deemed to be extended to the same time of day specified in the solicitation on the first work day on which normal Government processes resume.

(v) Proposals may be withdrawn by written notice received at any time before award. Oral proposals in response to oral solicitations may be withdrawn orally. If the solicitation authorizes facsimile proposals, proposals may be withdrawn via facsimile received at any time before

award, subject to the conditions specified in the provision at 52.215-5, Facsimile Proposals. Proposals may be withdrawn in person by an offeror or an authorized representative, if the identity of the person requesting withdrawal is established and the person signs a receipt for the proposal before award.

- (4) Unless otherwise specified in the solicitation, the offeror may propose to provide any item or combination of items.
- (5) Offerors shall submit proposals in response to this solicitation in English, unless otherwise permitted by the solicitation, and in U.S. dollars, unless the provision at FAR 52.225-17, Evaluation of Foreign Currency Offers, is included in the solicitation.
- (6) Offerors may submit modifications to their proposals at any time before the solicitation closing date and time, and may submit modifications in response to an amendment, or to correct a mistake at any time before award.
- (7) Offerors may submit revised proposals only if requested or allowed by the Contracting Officer.
- (8) Proposals may be withdrawn at any time before award. Withdrawals are effective upon receipt of notice by the Contracting Officer.

(d) *Offer expiration date.* Proposals in response to this solicitation will be valid for the number of days specified on the solicitation cover sheet (unless a different period is proposed by the offeror).

(e) *Restriction on disclosure and use of data.*

(1) The proposal submitted in response to this request may contain data (trade secrets; business data (e.g., commercial information, financial information, cost and pricing data); and technical data) which the offeror, including its prospective subcontractor(s), does not want used or disclosed for any purpose other than for evaluation of the proposal. The use and disclosure of any data may be so restricted; provided, that the Government determines that the data is not required to be disclosed under the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. 552, as amended, and the offeror marks the cover sheet of the proposal with the following statements, specifying the particular portions of the proposal which are to be restricted:

"Unless disclosure is required by the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. 552, as amended, (the Act) as determined by Freedom of Information (FOI) officials of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), data contained in the portions of this proposal which the offeror has specifically identified by page number, paragraph, etc. as containing restricted information shall not be used or disclosed except for evaluation purposes.

The offeror acknowledges that HHS may not be able to withhold a record (e.g. data, document, etc.) nor deny access to a record requested pursuant to the Act and that the HHS's FOI officials must make that determination. The offeror hereby agrees that the Government is not liable for disclosure if HHS has determined that disclosure is required by the Act.

If a contract is awarded to the offeror as a result of, or in connection with, the submission of this proposal, the Government shall have right to use or disclose the data to the extent provided in the contract. Proposals not resulting in a contract remain subject to the Act.

The offeror also agrees that the Government is not liable for disclosure or use of unmarked data and may use or disclose the data for any purpose, including the release of the information pursuant to requests under the Act. The data subject to this restriction are contained in pages (*insert page numbers, paragraph designations, etc. or other identification*)."

(2) In addition, the offeror must mark each page of data it wishes to restrict with the following statement:

"Use or disclosure of data contained on this page is subject to the restriction on the cover sheet of this proposal or quotation."

(3) Offerors are cautioned that proposals submitted with restrictive statements or statements differing in substance from those cited above may not be considered for award. The Government reserves the right to reject any proposal submitted with a nonconforming statement(s).

(f) *Contract award.*

(1) The Government intends to award a contract or contracts resulting from this solicitation to the responsible offeror(s) whose proposal(s) represents the best value after evaluation in accordance with the factors and subfactors in the solicitation.

(2) The Government may reject any or all proposals if such action is in the Government's interest.

(3) The Government may waive informalities and minor irregularities in proposals received.

(4) The Government intends to evaluate proposals and award a contract without discussions with offerors (except clarifications as described in FAR 15.306(a)). Therefore, the offeror's initial proposal should contain the offeror's best terms from a cost or price and technical standpoint. The Government reserves the right to conduct discussions if the Contracting Officer later determines them to be necessary.

(5) The Government reserves the right to make an award on any item for a quantity less than the quantity offered, at the unit cost or prices offered, unless the offeror specifies otherwise in the proposal.

(6) The Government reserves the right to make multiple awards if, after considering the additional administrative costs, it is in the Government's best interest to do so.

(7) Exchanges with offerors after receipt of a proposal do not constitute a rejection or counteroffer by the Government.

(8) The Government may determine that a proposal is unacceptable if the prices proposed are materially unbalanced between line items or subline items. Unbalanced pricing exists when, despite an acceptable total evaluated price, the price of one or more contract line items is significantly overstated or understated as indicated by the application of cost or price analysis techniques. A proposal may be rejected if the Contracting Officer determines that the lack of balance poses an unacceptable risk to the Government.

(9) If a cost realism analysis is performed, cost realism may be considered by the source selection authority in evaluating performance or schedule risk.

(10) A written award or acceptance of proposal mailed or otherwise furnished to the successful offeror within the time specified in the proposal shall result in a binding contract without further action by either party.

(11) If a post-award debriefing is given to requesting offerors, the Government shall disclose the following information, if applicable:

(i) The agency's evaluation of the significant weak or deficient factors in the debriefed offeror's offer.

(ii) The overall evaluated cost or price and technical rating of the successful and debriefed offeror and past performance information on the debriefed offeror.

(iii) The overall ranking of all offerors, when any ranking was developed by the agency during source selection;

(iv) A summary of the rationale for award.

(v) For acquisitions of commercial items, the make and model of the item to be delivered by the successful offeror.

(vi) Reasonable responses to relevant questions posed by the debriefed offeror as to whether source-selection procedures set forth in the solicitation, applicable regulations, and other applicable authorities were followed by the agency.

e. NAICS CODE AND SIZE STANDARD

Note: The following information is to be used by the offeror in preparing its Representations and Certifications (See Section K of this RFP), specifically in completing the provision entitled, SMALL BUSINESS PROGRAM REPRESENTATION, FAR Clause 52.219-1.

1. The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code for this acquisition is 541711.
2. The small business size standard is 500.

THIS REQUIREMENT IS NOT SET-ASIDE FOR SMALL BUSINESS. However, the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) requires in every solicitation, (except for foreign acquisitions) the inclusion of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Code and corresponding size standard which best describes the nature of the requirement in the solicitation.

f. TYPE OF CONTRACT AND NUMBER OF AWARDS, AND GOVERNMENT ESTIMATE

It is anticipated that one or more awards will be made from this solicitation and that the awards will be made on/ or about August 29, 2011. The NIAID estimates that one or more contracts may be issued for a total cost (direct and indirect costs combined) of up to \$5.5 million per year. However, it is anticipated that the total cost for the award(s) may vary depending upon the scope of the project and the technical objectives of the award(s).

It is anticipated that the award(s) from this solicitation will be cost reimbursement, completion type contract(s). The length of the project proposed by the offeror, should be consistent with the nature and complexity of the proposed research, but should not exceed 5 years.

g. ESTIMATE OF EFFORT

In accordance with the Broad Agency Announcement (BAA) design, the Government has issued a general announcement of the agency's research interest. Submissions in response to this BAA will represent each offeror's creative and innovative approach to the specific research. Therefore, the Government is unable to provide an estimate of effort but reminds all offerors that they shall propose effort that is consistent with the nature and complexity of their proposed research.

h. COMMITMENT OF PUBLIC FUNDS

The Contracting Officer is the only individual who can legally commit the Government to the expenditure of public funds in connection with the proposed procurement. Any other commitment, either explicit or implied, is invalid.

i. COMMUNICATIONS PRIOR TO CONTRACT AWARD

Offerors shall direct all communications to the attention of the Contract Specialist or Contracting Officer cited on the face page of this BAA. Communications with other officials may compromise the competitiveness of this acquisition and result in cancellation of the requirement.

j. RELEASE OF INFORMATION

Contract selection and award information will be disclosed to offerors in accordance with regulations applicable to negotiated acquisition. Prompt written notice will be given to unsuccessful offerors as they are eliminated from the competition, and to all offerors following award.

k. PREPARATION COSTS

This BAA does not commit the Government to pay for the preparation and submission of a proposal.

l. SERVICE OF PROTEST (SEPTEMBER 2006) - FAR 52.233-2

(a) Protests, as defined in section 33.101 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, that are filed directly with an agency, and copies of any protests that are filed with the Government Accountability Office (GAO), shall be served on the Contracting Officer (addressed as follows) by obtaining written and dated acknowledgment of receipt from:

Contracting Officer
Office of Acquisitions
National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases
National Institutes of Health, DHHS
6700-B Rockledge Drive, Room 3214 MSC 7612
Bethesda, MD 20892- 7612

(b) The copy of any protest shall be received in the office designated above within one day of filing a protest with the GAO.

(End of Provision)

m. a) The Government may require continued performance of any services within the limits and at the rates specified in the contract. These rates may be adjusted only as a result of revisions to prevailing labor rates provided by the Secretary of Labor. The option provision may be exercised more than once, but the total extension of performance hereunder shall not exceed 12 months. The Contracting Officer may exercise the option by written notice to the Contractor within 60 days

(b) If the Government exercises this option, the extended contract shall be considered to include this option clause.

2. INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFERORS

a. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

INTRODUCTION

The following instructions will establish the acceptable minimum requirements for the format and contents of proposals. Special attention is directed to the requirements for technical and business proposals to be submitted in accordance with these instructions.

1. Contract Type and General Clauses

It is contemplated that a cost-reimbursement, completion type contract may be awarded. However other Contract Types may be better suited to the Government's need. (See General Information) Any resultant contract shall include the clauses applicable to the selected offeror's organization and type

of contract awarded as required by Public Law, Executive Order, or acquisition regulations in effect at the time of execution of the proposed contract.

2. Authorized Official and Submission of Proposal

The proposal must be signed by an official authorized to bind your organization and must stipulate that it is predicated upon all the terms and conditions of this BAA. Your proposal shall be submitted in the number of copies, to the addressees, and marked as indicated in the Attachment entitled, PACKAGING AND DELIVERY OF PROPOSAL, Part III, Section J hereof. Proposals will be typewritten, paginated, reproduced on letter size paper and will be legible in all required copies. To expedite the proposal evaluation, all documents required for responding to the RFP should be placed in the following order:

I. COVER PAGE

Include BAA title, number, name of organization, DUNS No., identification of the proposal part, and indicate whether the proposal is an original or a copy.

II. TECHNICAL PROPOSAL

It is recommended that the technical proposal consist of a cover page, a table of contents, and the information requested in the Technical Proposal Instructions and as specified in SECTION J, List of Attachments.

III. BUSINESS PROPOSAL

It is recommended that the business proposal consist of a cover page, a table of contents, and the information requested in the Business Proposal Instructions and as specified in SECTION J, List of Attachments.

3. Proposal Summary and Data Record (NIH-2043)

The Offeror must complete the Form NIH-2043, attached, with particular attention to the length of time the proposal is firm and the designation of those personnel authorized to conduct negotiations. (See SECTION J, Attachment entitled, PROPOSAL SUMMARY AND DATA RECORD).

4. Separation of Technical and Business Proposals

The proposal must be prepared in two parts: a "Technical Proposal" and a "Business Proposal." Each of the parts shall be separate and complete in itself so that evaluation of one may be accomplished independently of, and concurrently with, evaluation of the other. The technical proposal must include direct cost and resources information, such as labor-hours and categories and applicable rates, materials, subcontracts, travel, etc., and associated costs so that the offeror's understanding of the project may be evaluated (See SECTION J, Attachment entitled, TECHNICAL PROPOSAL COST SUMMARY.) However, the technical proposal should not include pricing data relating to individual salary information, indirect cost rates or amounts, fee amounts (if any), and total costs. The technical proposal should disclose your technical approach in as much detail as possible, including, but not limited to, the requirements of the technical proposal instructions.

5. Uniform Resource Locators (URLs) in Contract Proposals

All proposals must be self-contained within the specific page limitations cited elsewhere in this solicitation. Unless otherwise specified, URLs/Internet addresses shall not be used to provide information necessary to the review because reviewers are under no obligation to review the Internet sites.

6. Alternate Proposals

You may, at your discretion, submit alternate proposals, or proposals which deviate from the requirements; provided, that you also submit a proposal for performance of the work as specified in the statement of work. Such proposals may be considered if overall performance would be improved or not compromised and if they are in the best interests of the Government. Alternative proposals, or deviations from any requirements of this RFP, shall be clearly identified.

7. Evaluation of Proposals

The Government will evaluate proposals in accordance with the criteria set forth in PART IV, SECTION M of this RFP.

8. Potential Award Without Discussions

The Government reserves the right to award a contract without discussions if the Contracting Officer determines that the initial prices are fair and reasonable and that discussions are not necessary.

9. Use of the Metric System of Measurement

It is the policy of the Department of Health and Human Services to support the Federal transition to the metric system and to use the metric system of measurement in all procurements, grants, and other business related activities unless such use is impracticable or is likely to cause significant inefficiencies.

The offeror is encouraged to prepare their proposal using either "Hard Metric," "Soft Metric," or "Dual Systems" of measurement. The following definitions are provided for your information:

Hard Metric - - The replacement of a standard inch-pound size with an accepted metric size for a particular purpose. An example of size substitution might be: selling or packaging liquids by the liter instead of by the pint or quart (as for soft drinks), or instead of by the gallon (as for gasoline).

Soft Metric - The result of a mathematical conversion of inch-pound measurements to metric equivalents for a particular purpose. The physical characteristics are not changed.

Dual Systems - The use of both inch-pound and metric systems. For example, an item is designed, produced, and described in inch-pound values with soft metric values also shown for information or comparison purposes.

10. Standards for Privacy of Individually Identifiable Health Information

The Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) issued final modifications to the "Standards for Privacy of Individually Identifiable Health Information," the "Privacy Rule," on August 14, 2002. The Privacy Rule is a federal regulation under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) of 1996 that governs the protection of individually identifiable health information and is administered and enforced by the DHHS Office for Civil Rights (OCR). Those who must comply with the Privacy Rule (classified under the Rule as "covered entities" must do so by April 14, 2003 (with the exception of small health plans which have an extra year to comply).

Decisions about the applicability and implementation of the Privacy Rule reside with the Contractor and his/her institution. The OCR Web site (<http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/>) provides information of the Privacy Rule, including a complete Regulation Text and a set of decision tools on "Am I a covered entity?" Information on the impact of the HIPAA Privacy Rule on NIH processes involving the review, award, and administration of grants, cooperative agreements and contracts can be found at: <http://grants1.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-03-025.html>.

11. Privacy Act - Treatment of Proposal Information

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that a Federal agency advise each individual whom it asks to supply information, the authority which authorizes the solicitation, whether disclosure is voluntary or mandatory, the principal purpose or purposes for which the information is intended to be used, the uses outside the agency which may be made of the information, and the effects on the individual, if any, of not providing all or any part of the requested information.

The NIH is requesting the information called for in this BAA pursuant to the authority provided by Sec. 301(a)(7) of the Public Health Service Act, as amended, and P.L. 92-218, as amended.

Providing the information requested is entirely voluntary. The collection of this information is for the purpose of conducting an accurate, fair, and adequate review prior to a discussion as to whether to award a contract.

Failure to provide any or all of the requested information may result in a less than adequate review.

In addition, the Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579, Section 7) requires that the following information be provided when individuals are requested to disclose their social security number.

Provision of the social security number is voluntary. Social security numbers are requested for the purpose of accurate and efficient identification, referral, review and management of NIH contracting programs. Authority for requesting this information is provided by Section 301 and Title IV of the PHS Act, as amended.

The information provided by you may be routinely disclosed for the following purposes:

- to the cognizant audit agency and the Government Accountability Office for auditing.
- to the Department of Justice as required for litigation.
- to respond to congressional inquiries.
- to qualified experts, not within the definition of Department employees, for opinions as a part of the review process.

12. Order of Merit Ranking

Following the peer review, the Government will establish an Order of Merit Ranking of all acceptable proposals. The Order of Merit Ranking will be determined based on acceptability of the proposal (established by the peer review group), importance to the agency programs (programmatic balance), and funding availability. The BAA mechanism also provides the flexibility to make an award for only those portions or tasks of the proposal that are of high interest to the Government. The NIAID will assess whether the work proposed should be redirected, removed, and/or whether schedule or budget adjustments should be made. Award documents will be tailored based on negotiations with the offeror(s) selected from this Order of Merit Ranking to address identified weaknesses, questions, and areas for clarification, as well as to refine the proposed Statement of Work. Final contracts will be drafted, as appropriate, for the type of contractor organization, cost and/or fee arrangement, and other elements as negotiated prior to the award.

13. Discussion/Negotiations and Selection of Offerors

- a. The acceptability of the scientific and technical portion of each research contract proposal will be evaluated by a technical review committee. The committee will evaluate each proposal in strict conformity with the evaluation criteria in Section M, utilizing point scores and written critiques. The committee may suggest that the Contracting Officer request clarifying information from an offeror.
- b. Proposals are NOT evaluated against each other since they are not submitted in accordance with a common Statement of Work issued by the Government. The selection of proposals for

award is based upon the evaluation factors, importance to the agency programs (programmatic balance), and fund availability.

- c. The business portion of each contract proposal will be subjected to a cost and price analysis, management analysis, etc. prior to source selection for award.
- d. If award will be made without conducting discussions/negotiations, offerors may be given the opportunity to clarify certain aspects of their proposal (e.g., the relevance of an offeror's past performance information and adverse past performance information to which the offeror has not previously had an opportunity to respond) or to resolve minor or clerical errors.
- e. If the Government intends to conduct discussions prior to awarding a contract -

- 1. Communications will be held with offerors whose past performance information is the determining factor preventing them from being considered from the Order of Merit Ranking for discussions/negotiations. Such communications shall address adverse past performance information to which an offeror has not had a prior opportunity to respond. Also, communications may be held with any other offerors whose exclusion from, or invitation to participate in discussions, is uncertain.

Such communications shall not be used to cure proposal deficiencies or omissions that alter the technical or cost elements of the proposal, and/or otherwise revise the proposal, but may be used in considering a proposal for discussions/negotiations.

- 2. The Contracting Officer will, in concert with program staff, decide which offerors will be invited to enter into discussions/negotiations.

NIAID will conduct discussions with offerors selected from the Order of Merit Ranking. All aspects of the proposals are subject to discussions, including cost, technical approach, past performance, and contractual terms and conditions. The NIAID reserves the right to accept proposals in their entirety or to select only portions of proposals for award. As a result, during discussions with offerors, the NIAID reserves the right to modify or delete proposed milestones, decision points, research plans, process, schedule, budget or product. In the event the Government desires to award only portions of a proposal, negotiations may be opened with that offeror. If warranted, portions of resulting awards may be segregated into pre-priced options. The Government reserves the right to fund proposals in phases with options for continued work at the end of one or more of the phases.

- f. The process described in FAR 15.101-1 will be employed, which permits the Government to make tradeoffs among cost or price and non-cost factors and to consider award to other than the lowest price offeror or other than the highest technically rated offeror.
- g. The NIAID reserves the right to make a single award, multiple awards, or no award at all to the BAA. In addition, the BAA may be amended or canceled as necessary to meet NIAID requirements.

14. Institutional Responsibility Regarding Conflicting Interests of Investigators

45 CFR Part 94 promotes objectivity in research by establishing standards to ensure there is no reasonable expectation that the design, conduct, or reporting of research to be performed under NIH contracts will be biased by any conflicting financial interest of an Investigator. The Institution shall comply with all requirements of 45 CFR Part 94 at <http://ecfr.gpoaccess.gov/cgi/t/text/text-idx?c=ecfr;sid=9f130b6d2d48bb73803ca91ce943be3a;rgn=div5;view=text;node=45%3A1.0.1.1.53;idno=45;cc=ecfr>

15. ROTC Access and Federal Military Recruiting on Campus

Section 514 of the FY 1997 Appropriations Act prohibits NIH from providing contract funds to educational institutions that the Secretary of Defense determines have a policy or practice (regardless

of when implemented) that either prohibits, or in effect prevents (1) the maintaining, establishing, or operation of a unit of the Senior Reserve Officer Training Corps at the covered education entity; or (2) a student at the covered educational entity from enrolling in a unit of the Senior Reserve Officer Training Corps at another institution of higher education.

Further, contract funds may not be provided to educational institutions that have a policy or practice that prohibits or prevents (1) entry to campuses, or access to students (who are 17 years of age or older) on campuses, for purposes of Federal military recruiting; or (2) access by military recruiters for purposes of Federal military recruiting to information pertaining to students (who are 17 years of age or older) enrolled at the covered educational entity.

16. **Prohibition on Contractor Involvement with Terrorist Activities**

The Contractor acknowledges that U.S. Executive Orders and Laws, including but not limited to E.O. 13224 and P.L. 107-56, prohibit transactions with, and the provision of resources and support to, individuals and organizations associated with terrorism. It is the legal responsibility of the Contractor to ensure compliance with these Executive Orders and Laws. This clause must be included in all subcontracts issued under this contract.

17. **Solicitation Provisions Incorporated by Reference, FAR 52.252-1 (February 1998)**

This Solicitation incorporates one or more solicitation provisions by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. The offeror is cautioned that the listed provisions may include blocks that must be completed by the offeror and submitted with its quotation or offer. In lieu of submitting the full text provisions, the offeror may identify the provision by paragraph identifier and provide the appropriate information with its quotation or offer. Also, the full text of a solicitation provision may be accessed electronically at this address: <http://www.acquisition.gov/far/index.html>.

FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (48 CFR CHAPTER 1):

- a. Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) Number, FAR Provision 52.204-6 (April 2008).
- b. Submission of Offers in the English Language, FAR Clause 52.214-34, (April 1991).
- c. Submission of Offers in U.S. Currency, FAR Clause 52.214-35, (April 1991).
- d. Facilities Capital Cost of Money, FAR Clause 52.215-16, (October 1997).
- e. Order of Precedence-Uniform Contract Format, FAR Clause 52.215-8, (October 1997).
- f. Limitations on Pass-Through Charges--Identification of Subcontract Effort, FAR Provision 52.215-22, (October 2009).
- g. Preaward On-Site Equal Opportunity Compliance Evaluation, (Over \$10,000,000), FAR Clause 52.222-24, (February 1999).

b. **TECHNICAL PROPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS**

A detailed work plan must be submitted indicating how each aspect of the statement of work is to be accomplished. Your technical approach should be in as much detail as you consider necessary to fully explain your proposed technical approach or method. The technical proposal should reflect a clear understanding of the

nature of the work being undertaken. The technical proposal must include information on how the project is to be organized, staffed, and managed. Information should be provided which will demonstrate your understanding and management of important events or tasks.

Note to Offerors: Beginning May 25, 2008, the offeror shall include the applicable PubMed Central (PMC) or NIH Manuscript Submission reference number when citing publications that arise from its NIH funded research.

1. Technical Discussions

The technical discussion included in the technical proposal should respond to the items set forth below:

a. Overview (suggested 3-page maximum)

Provide a brief description of the proposed project, including:

- 1) A 1-2 sentence summary describing the therapeutic candidate/product or lead series the Offeror is proposing to advance and the innovative technological approaches and platforms the Offeror is proposing to use.
- 2) A summary describing the scope of project activities proposed.
- 3) A description of the activities to be performed by the Offeror and those that shall be provided by any proposed subcontractor, including the identification of the proposed subcontractors and a list of key personnel of the Offeror and the proposed subcontractors with degrees and titles.
- 4) A brief description of the facilities and other resources to be made available by the Offeror and any proposed subcontractors.

b. Research and Technical Objectives and Statement of Work

1. Objectives

State the overall objectives and the specific accomplishments you hope to achieve. Indicate the rationale for your plan, and relation to comparable work in progress elsewhere. Review pertinent work already published which is relevant to this project and your proposed approach. This should support the scope of the project as you perceive it.

2. Approach

The offeror must submit an explanation of the proposed technical approach in conjunction with the tasks to be performed in achieving the project objectives. Proposals which merely restate the requirements of the Government's scope of work will not be eligible for award.

Use as many subparagraphs, appropriately titled, as needed to clearly outline the general plan of work. Discuss phasing of research and, if appropriate, include experimental design and possible or probable outcome of approaches proposed.

3. Methods

Describe in detail the methodologies you will use for the project, indicating your level of experience with each, areas of anticipated difficulties, and any unusual expenses you anticipate.

4. Schedule

Provide a schedule for completion of the work and delivery of items specified in the statement of work. Performance or delivery schedules shall be indicated for phases or segments of work, as applicable, by contract year or period of time as well as for the overall contract. Schedules shall be shown in terms of calendar months from the date of authorization to proceed or, where applicable, from the date of a stated event, as for example, receipt of a required approval by the Contracting Officer. Unless the request for proposal indicates that the stipulated schedules are mandatory, they shall be treated as desired or recommended schedules. In this event, proposals based upon the offeror's best alternative schedule, involving no overtime, extra shift or other premium, will be accepted for consideration.

5. Statement of Work Format Instructions -- (suggested maximum of 10 pages - included in total page limitation)

In contracts awarded under this BAA, the Statement of Work shall be the Statement of Work proposed by the Offeror and negotiated and accepted by the NIAID. The Statement of Work is used to define the overall scope of activities that are allowed under the contract. The specific components of the Statement of Work and the scope of the product development activities to be undertaken will depend on the status of the individual therapeutic candidate/product or lead series as part of an overall Strategic Staged Project Development Plan, as well as regulatory requirements. Due to the inherently unpredictable path for many projects and associated activities, it is advisable that the Statement of Work be written in broad enough terms to encompass activities that are not anticipated at the time of award.

The Statement of Work is distinguished from the Work Plan in that it describes what the Contractor shall provide, while the Work Plan describes the specific detailed plan for the implementation of the Staged Strategic Product Development Plan.

The opening paragraph should be followed by a full Statement of Work written in outline format describing each activity (e.g. Non-Clinical, Clinical) that the Contractor shall perform after the award of the contract. The Statement of Work shall include all activities required to effectively implement the Staged Strategic Project Development Plan and should address all the Specific Technical Requirements described in the Research and Technical Objectives section of the BAA that are applicable to the scope of research for which funding is requested. The Statement of Work should also include a description of all items to be delivered to the Government during performance of the contract, such as progress reports, financial reports, end products, and other deliverables and a timetable for their delivery. Each activity described in the Statement of Work will begin with the words "The Contractor shall..." Where appropriate, divide the Statement of Work into separate Activities and Sub-activities.

The Offeror's proposed Statement of Work should begin as follows:

"Independently, and not as an agent of the U.S. Government, the Contractor shall furnish all the necessary services, qualified personnel, materials, equipment, and facilities, not otherwise provided by the Government under the terms of this contract, as needed to provide the services delineated in the negotiated Statement of Work. The Contractor shall carry out activities within the contract's Statement of Work only as requested and approved by the COTR, and may not conduct work on the contract without prior approval from the COTR. Approval to carry out specific activities will be linked to approval by the COTR of the Strategic Staged Product Development Plan and Work Plan following contract award, approval of Monthly and Annual Progress Reports, review and approval of a Clinical Trial Protocol and supporting materials, and

approval of Decision Gate Reports or Decision Gate Change or Deviation Requests (see reporting requirements for a description of these reports).

The Contractor acknowledges the Government's right to modify or delete milestones, process, schedule, budget, or product as need may arise. Because of the nature of this contract and complexities inherent in this and prior programs, at designated milestones the government will evaluate whether work should be redirected, removed, or whether schedule or budget adjustments should be made. Further, the Government reserves the right to change product, process, schedule, or event to add or delete part or all of these elements as need arise."

Offerors are strongly advised to use the headings provided below in preparing the proposed Statement of Work.

[NOTE TO OFFEROR: Each offeror shall provide detailed specifications of the requirement utilizing the following sample outline of tasks and subtasks. Any tasks or subtasks that are not applicable to your proposed effort should be deleted. Any tasks or subtasks specific to your proposed effort not addressed below may be added. Offerors are advised to limit the amount of proprietary data or markings in their Statement of Work. The final negotiated Statement of Work will be incorporated into the contract upon an award and may be subject to release to the public. If Statement of Work does include proprietary data or markings, offerors are advised to clearly mark these portions and provide an explanation why this data/ marking is proprietary.]

1. Scope and Objectives

TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

A. PROTOCOL DEVELOPMENT

1. Protocol Synopsis
2. Protocol Timelines

B. PROTOCOL IMPLEMENTATION

1. Recruitment and Retention of Study Participants
2. Access to Study Populations
3. Selection of Proposed Clinical Sites
4. Communication Plan
5. Statistical Design and Analysis
6. Data Management and Quality Control
7. Clinical Site Assessment and Monitoring
8. Safety Oversight and Reporting

C. PROTOCOL ASSESSMENT

1. Publications and Deliverables

c. Organizational Experience

In addition to the information requested under Section L, Part C. Business Proposal Instructions, paragraph 10, Qualifications of the Offeror, all offerors are requested to include in their technical proposal a description of at least two examples of similar projects performed by your organization that are of comparable size and scope and/or related to the effort proposed in response to this BAA. The projects may be either completed or ongoing.

d. **Personnel**

Describe the experience and qualifications of personnel who will be assigned for direct work on this program. Information is required which will show the composition of the task or work group, its general qualifications, and recent experience with similar equipment or programs. Special mention shall be made of direct technical supervisors and key technical personnel, and the approximate percentage of the total time each will be available for this program

OFFERORS SHOULD ASSURE THAT THE PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR, AND ALL OTHER PERSONNEL PROPOSED, SHALL NOT BE COMMITTED ON FEDERAL GRANTS AND CONTRACTS FOR MORE THAN A TOTAL OF 100% OF THEIR TIME. IF THE SITUATION ARISES WHERE IT IS DETERMINED THAT A PROPOSED EMPLOYEE IS COMMITTED FOR MORE THAN 100% OF HIS OR HER TIME, THE GOVERNMENT WILL REQUIRE ACTION ON THE PART OF THE OFFEROR TO CORRECT THE TIME COMMITMENT.

1. Single Principal Investigator/Project Director

List the name of the Principal Investigator/Project Director responsible for overall implementation of the contract and key contact for technical aspects of the project. Even though there may be co-investigators, identify the Principal Investigator/Project Director who will be responsible for the overall implementation of any awarded contract. Discuss the qualifications, experience, and accomplishments of the Principal Investigator/Project Director. State the estimated time to be spent on the project, his/her proposed duties, and the areas or phases for which he/she will be responsible.

2. Other Investigators

List all other investigators/professional personnel who will be participating in the project. Discuss the qualifications, experience, and accomplishments. State the estimated time each will spend on the project, proposed duties on the project, and the areas or phases for which each will be responsible.

3. Additional Personnel

List names, titles, and proposed duties of additional personnel, if any, who will be required for full-time employment, or on a subcontract or consultant basis. The technical areas, character, and extent of subcontract or consultant activity will be indicated and the anticipated sources will be specified and qualified. For all proposed personnel who are not currently members of the offeror's staff, a letter of commitment or other evidence of availability is required. A resume does not meet this requirement. Commitment letters for use of consultants and other personnel to be hired must include:

- The specific items or expertise they will provide.
- Their availability to the project and the amount of time anticipated.
- Willingness to act as a consultant.
- How rights to publications and patents will be handled.

4. Resumes

Resumes of all key personnel are required. Each must indicate educational background, recent experience, specific or technical accomplishments, and a listing of relevant publications.

2. Other Considerations

Record and discuss specific factors not included elsewhere which support your proposal. Using specifically titled subparagraphs, items may include:

- a. Any agreements and/or arrangements with subcontractor(s). Provide as much detail as necessary to explain how the statement of work will be accomplished within this working relationship.
- b. Unique arrangements, equipment, etc., which none or very few organizations are likely to have which is advantageous for effective implementation of this project.
- c. Equipment and unusual operating procedures established to protect personnel from hazards associated with this project.
- d. Other factors you feel are important and support your proposed research.
- e. Recommendations for changing reporting requirements if such changes would be more compatible with the offeror's proposed schedules.

3. Technical Evaluation

Proposals will be technically evaluated in accordance with SECTION M - Evaluation Factors for Award of this solicitation.

4. Human Subjects

IMPORTANT NOTE TO OFFERORS: The following subparagraphs shall be addressed, as applicable, in a SEPARATE SECTION of the Technical Proposal entitled, "HUMAN SUBJECTS."

- a. **Notice to Offerors of Requirements of 45 CFR Part 46, Protection of Human Subjects, HHSAR 352.270-4(a) (January 2006)**
 - a. Copies of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) regulations for the protection of human subjects, 45 CFR Part 46, are available from the Office for Human Research Protections (OHRP), Bethesda, Maryland 20892. The regulations provide a systematic means, based on established ethical principles, to safeguard the rights and welfare of individuals who participate as subjects in research activities supported or conducted by the HHS.
 - b. The regulations define a human subject as a living individual about whom an investigator (whether professional or student) conducting research obtains data through intervention or interaction with the individual, or identifiable private information. The regulations extend to the use of human organs, tissue, and body fluids from individually identifiable human subjects as well as to graphic, written, or recorded information derived from individually identifiable human subjects. The use of autopsy materials is governed by applicable State and local law and is not directly regulated by 45 CFR Part 46.
 - c. Activities in which the only involvement of human subjects will be in one or more of the categories set forth in 45 CFR 46.101(b)(1-6) are exempt from coverage.
 - d. Inappropriate designations of the noninvolvement of human subjects or of exempt categories of research in a project may result in delays in the review of a proposal.

The Government's Project Officer will make a final determination of whether the proposed activities are covered by the regulations or are in an exempt category, based on the information provided in the proposal. In doubtful cases, the Project Officer will consult with OHRP.

- e. In accordance with 45 CFR Part 46, prospective Contractors being considered for award shall be required to file with OHRP an acceptable Assurance of Compliance with the regulations, specifying review procedures and assigning responsibilities for the protection of human subjects. The initial and continuing review of a research project by an institutional review board shall assure that: the rights and welfare of the human subjects involved are adequately protected; the risks to the subjects are reasonable in relation to both the potential benefits, if any, to the subjects and the importance of the knowledge to be gained; and informed consent will be obtained by methods that are adequate and appropriate. HHS regulations for the protection of human subjects (45 CFR Part 46), information regarding OHRP registration and assurance requirements/processes, and OHRP contact information can be accessed at the OHRP Web site (at <http://www.hhs.gov/ohrp/>).
- f. Offerors may consult with OHRP for advice or guidance concerning either regulatory requirements or ethical issues pertaining to research involving human subjects.

(End of provision)

b. Instructions to Offerors Regarding Protection of Human Subjects

Offerors must address the following human subjects protections issues if this contract will be for research involving human subjects (note: under each of the following points below, the offeror should indicate whether the information provided relates to the primary research site, or to a collaborating performance site(s), or to all sites:

a. Risks to the subjects

- Human Subjects Involvement and Characteristics:
 - Describe the proposed involvement of human subjects in response to the solicitation.
 - Describe the characteristics of the subject population, including their anticipated number, age range, and health status.
 - Identify the criteria for inclusion or exclusion of any subpopulation. Explain the rationale for the involvement of special classes of subjects, such as fetuses, pregnant women, children, prisoners, institutionalized individuals, or others who are likely to be vulnerable populations.
- Sources of Materials:
 - Identify the sources of research material obtained from individually identifiable living human subjects in the form of specimens, records, or data. Indicate whether the material or data will be obtained specifically for research purposes or whether use will be made of existing specimens, records, or data.
- Potential Risks:
 - Describe the potential risks to subjects (physical, psychological, social, legal, or other) and assess their likelihood and seriousness to the subjects.

- Describe alternative treatments and procedures, including the risks and benefits of the alternative treatments and procedures, to participants in the proposed research, where appropriate.

b. Adequacy of Protection Against Risks

- Recruitment and Informed Consent:
 - Describe plans for the recruitment of subjects and the procedures for obtaining informed consent. Include a description of the circumstances under which consent will be sought and obtained, who will seek it, the nature of the information to be provided to prospective subjects, and the method of documenting consent. The informed consent document for the Contractor and any collaborating sites should be submitted only if requested elsewhere in the solicitation. Be aware that an IRB-approved informed consent document for the Contractor and any participating collaborative sites must be provided to the Government prior to patient accrual or participant enrollment.
- Protection Against Risk:
 - Describe the procedures for protecting against or minimizing potential risks, including risks to confidentiality, and assess their likely effectiveness.
 - Discuss provisions for ensuring necessary medical or professional intervention in the event of adverse effects to the subjects where appropriate.
 - In studies that involve interventions, describe the provisions for data and safety monitoring of the research to ensure the safety of subjects.

c. Potential Benefits of the Proposed Research to the Subjects and Others

- Discuss the potential benefits of the research to the subjects and others.
- Discuss why the risks to subjects are reasonable in relation to the anticipated benefits to subjects and others.
- Describe treatments and procedures that are alternatives to those provided to the participants by the proposed research, where appropriate.

d. Importance of the Knowledge to be Gained

- Discuss the importance of the knowledge gained or to be gained as a result of the proposed research.
- Discuss why the risks to subjects are reasonable in relation to the importance of the knowledge that may reasonably be expected to result.

Note: If a test article (investigational new drug, device, or biologic) is involved, name the test article and state whether the 30-day interval between submission of offeror's certification to the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and its response has elapsed or has been waived and/or whether the FDA has withheld or restricted use of the test article.

Collaborating Site(s)

When research involving human subjects will take place at collaborating site(s) or other performance site(s), the offeror must provide in this section of its proposal a list of the collaborating sites and their assurance numbers. Further, if you are awarded a contract, you must obtain in writing, and keep on file, an assurance from each site that the previous points have been adequately

addressed at a level of attention that is at least as high as that documented at your organization. Site(s) added after an award is made must also adhere to the above requirements.

c. Required Education in the Protection of Human Research Participants

NIH policy requires education on the protection of human subject participants for all investigators submitting NIH proposals for contracts for research involving human subjects. This policy announcement is found in the NIH Guide for Grants and Contracts Announcement dated June 5, 2000 at the following website: <http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-00-039.html>. Offerors should review the policy announcement prior to submission of their offers. The following is a summary of the Policy Announcement:

For any solicitation for research involving human subjects, the offeror shall provide in its technical proposal the following information: (1) a list of the names of the principal investigator and any other individuals proposed under the contract who are responsible for the design and/or conduct of the research; (2) the title of the education program completed (or to be completed prior to the award of the contract) for each named personnel; (3) a one sentence description of the program(s) listed in (2) above. This requirement extends to investigators and all individuals responsible for the design and/or conduct of the research who are working as subcontractors or consultants under the contract.

Curricula that are readily available and meet the educational requirement include the NIH on-line tutorial, titled "Protection of Human Research Subjects: Computer-Based Training for Researchers," available at <http://ohsr.od.nih.gov/cbt/>. You may download the information at this site at no cost and modify it, if desired. The University of Rochester has made its training program available for individual investigators. Completion of this program will also satisfy the educational requirement. The University of Rochester manual can be obtained through Centerwatch, Inc. at http://www.centerwatch.com/order/pubs_profs_protect.html.

In addition, the NCI sponsors an online training course at:

<http://cme.cancer.gov/clinicaltrials/learning/humanparticipant-protections.asp>

If an institution already has developed educational programs on the protection of research participants, completion of these programs also will satisfy the educational requirement.

In addition, prior to the substitution of the principal investigator or any other individuals responsible for the design and/or conduct of the research under the contract, the Contractor shall provide the contracting officer with the title of the education program and a one sentence description of the program that the replacement has completed.

d. Inclusion of Women and Minorities in Research Involving Human Subjects

It is NIH policy that women and members of minority groups and their sub-populations must be included in all NIH-supported clinical research projects involving human subjects, unless a clear and compelling rationale and justification establishes to the satisfaction of the relevant Institute/Center Director that inclusion is inappropriate with respect to the health of the subjects or the purpose of the research. The Director, NIH, may determine that exclusion under other circumstances is acceptable, upon the recommendation of an Institute/Center Director, based on a compelling rationale and justification. Cost is not an acceptable reason for exclusion except when the study would duplicate data from other sources. Women of childbearing potential should not be routinely excluded from participation in clinical research. This policy results from the NIH Revitalization Act of 1993 (Section 492B of Public Law 103-43), **and applies to research subjects of all ages**. All investigators proposing research involving human subjects should read the UPDATED "NIH Policy and Guidelines on the Inclusion of Women and Minorities as Subjects in

Clinical Research, Amended October 2001," published in the NIH Guide for Grants and Contracts on October 9, 2001 at the following web site:

http://grants.nih.gov/grants/funding/women_min/guidelines_amended_10_2001.htm

These guidelines contain a definition of **clinical research** adopted in June 2001, as: "(1) Patient-oriented research. Research conducted with human subjects (or on material of human origin such as tissues, specimens and cognitive phenomena) for which an investigator (or colleague) directly interacts with human subjects. Excluded from this definition are in vitro studies that utilize human tissues that cannot be linked to a living individual. Patient-oriented research includes (a) mechanisms of human disease, (b) therapeutic interventions, (c) clinical trials, and (d) development of new technologies; (2) Epidemiologic and behavioral studies; and (3) Outcomes research and health services research," at:

(<http://www.nih.gov/news/crp/97report/execsum.htm>).

Information Required for ALL Clinical Research Proposals

This solicitation contains a review criterion addressing the adequacy of: (1) the offeror's plans for inclusion of women and minorities in the research proposed; or (2) the offeror's justification(s) for exclusion of one or both groups from the research proposed.

Provide information on the composition of the proposed study population in terms of sex/ gender and racial/ethnic groups and provide a rationale for selection of such subjects in response to the requirements of the solicitation. The description may include (but is not limited to) information on the population characteristics of the disease or condition being studied in the planned research, and/or described in the statement of work, national and local demography, knowledge of the racial/ethnic/cultural characteristics of the population, prior experience and collaborations in recruitment and retention of the populations and subpopulations to be studied, and the plans, arrangements and letters of commitment from relevant community groups and organizations for the planned research.

The proposal must include the following information:

- A description of the subject selection criteria
- The proposed dates of enrollment (beginning and end)
- A description of the proposed outreach programs for recruiting women and minorities as subjects
- A compelling rationale for proposed exclusion of any sex/gender or racial/ethnic group
- The proposed sample composition using the "Targeted/Planned Enrollment Table"(see Section J, Attachments)

NOTE 1: *For all proposals, use the ethnic and racial categories and complete the "Targeted/Planned Enrollment Table in accordance with the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Directive No. 15, which may be found at: <http://www.whitehouse.gov/OMB/fedreg/ombdir15.html> .*

NOTE 2: *If this is an Indefinite Delivery, Indefinite Quantity (IDIQ) or Requirements contract as defined in FAR 16.5, the proposal should describe in general terms how it will comply with each bulleted item above for each task order. When the Government issues a task order request for proposal, each of the bulleted information items must be fully and specifically addressed in the proposal.*

Standards for Collecting Data. When you, as a contractor, are planning data collection items on race and ethnicity, you shall use, at a minimum, the categories identified in OMB

Directive No. 15. The collection of greater detail is encouraged. However, you should design any additional, more detailed items so that they can be aggregated into these required categories. Self-reporting or self-identification using two separate questions is the preferred method for collecting data on race and ethnicity. When you collect race and ethnicity separately, you must collect ethnicity first. You shall offer respondents the option of selecting one or more racial designations. When you collect data on race and ethnicity separately, you shall also make provisions to report the number of respondents in each racial category who are Hispanic or Latino. When you present aggregate data, you shall provide the number of respondents who selected only one category, for each of the five racial categories. If you collapse data on multiple responses, you shall make available, at a minimum, the total number of respondents reporting "more than one race." Federal agencies shall not present data on detailed categories if doing so would compromise data quality or confidentiality standards.

In addition to the above requirements, solicitations for **NIH defined Phase III clinical trials** * require that: a) all proposals and/or protocols provide a description of plans to conduct analyses, as appropriate, to detect significant differences in intervention effect (see NIH Guide:

http://grants.nih.gov/grants/funding/women_min/guidelines_amended_10_2001.htm,
Definitions - Significant Difference).

*The definition of an " **NIH-Defined Phase III clinical trial**" can also be found at this website.)

by sex/gender, racial/ethnic groups, and relevant subpopulations, if applicable; and b) all contractors to report annually cumulative subject accrual, and progress in conducting analyses for sex/gender and race/ethnicity differences.

Offerors may obtain copies of the Updated Guidelines from the sources above or from the contact person listed in the solicitation.

Also, the proposal must include one of the following plans:

- Plans to conduct valid analysis to detect significant differences in intervention effect among sex/gender and/or racial/ethnic subgroups when prior studies strongly support these significant differences among subgroups,

OR

- Plans to include and analyze sex/gender and/or racial/ethnic subgroups when prior studies strongly support no significant differences in intervention effect between subgroups,

OR

- Plans to conduct valid analyses of the intervention effect in sex/gender and/or racial/ethnic subgroups (without requiring high statistical power for each subgroup) when the prior studies neither support nor negate significant differences in intervention effect between subgroups.

Use the form entitled, "Targeted/Planned Enrollment Table," when preparing your response to the solicitation requirements for inclusion of women and minorities. (See Section J-List of Documents, Exhibits and Other Attachments of the RFP)

Unless otherwise specified in this solicitation, the Government has determined that the work required by this solicitation does not involve a sex/gender specific study or a single or limited number of minority population groups. Therefore, the NIH believes that the inclusion of women and minority populations is appropriate for this project. (See Section M of this RFP for more information about evaluation factors for award.)

Use the form entitled, "Inclusion Enrollment Report," for reporting in the resultant contract.

e. Inclusion of Children in Research Involving Human Subjects

It is NIH policy that children (defined below) must be included in all human subjects research, including, but not limited to, clinical trials, conducted under a contract funded by the NIH, unless there are clear and compelling reasons not to include them. (See examples of Justifications for Exclusion of Children below). For the purposes of this policy, contracts involving human subjects include categories that would otherwise be exempt from the DHHS Policy for Protection of Human Research Subjects (sections 101(b) and 401(b) of 45 CFR 46), such as surveys, evaluation of educational interventions, and studies of existing data or specimens that should include children as participants. This policy applies to both domestic and foreign research contracts.

For purposes of this policy, a child is defined as an individual under the age of 21 years.

All offerors proposing research involving human subjects should read the "NIH Policy and Guidelines on the Inclusion of Children as Participants in Research Involving Human Subjects" which was published in the NIH Guide for Grants and Contracts on March 6, 1998 and is available at the following URL address:

<http://www.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/not98-024.html>

Offerors also may obtain copies from the contact person listed in the RFP.

Inclusion of children as participants in research must be in compliance with all applicable subparts of 45 CFR 46 as well as other pertinent laws and regulations whether or not such research is otherwise exempted from 45 CFR 46. Therefore, any proposals must include a description of plans for including children, unless the offeror presents clear and convincing justification for an exclusion. The "Human Subjects" section of your technical proposal should provide either a description of the plans to include children and a rationale for selecting or excluding a specific age range of child, or an explanation of the reason(s) for excluding children as participants in the research. This solicitation contains a review criterion addressing the adequacy of: (1) the plans for including children as appropriate for the scientific goals of the research; and/or (2) the justification of exclusion of children or exclusion of a specific age range of children.

When children are included, the plan also must include a description of: (1) the expertise of the investigative team for dealing with children at the ages included; (2) the appropriateness of the available facilities to accommodate the children; and, (3) the inclusion of a sufficient number of children to contribute to a meaningful analysis relative to the purpose/objective of the solicitation.

Justifications for Exclusion of Children

It is expected that children will be included in all research involving human subjects unless one or more of the following exclusionary circumstances can be fully justified:

- The objective of the solicitation is not relevant to children.
 - There are laws or regulations barring the inclusion of children in the research to be conducted under the solicitation.
 - The knowledge being sought in the research is already available for children or will be obtained from another ongoing study, and an additional study will be redundant. You should provide documentation of other studies justifying the exclusion.
 - A separate, age-specific study in children is warranted and preferable. Examples include:

- The relative rarity of the condition in children, as compared with adults (in that extraordinary effort would be needed to include children); or
- The number of children is limited because the majority are already accessed by a nationwide pediatric disease research network; or
- Issues of study design preclude direct applicability of hypotheses and/or interventions to both adults and children (including different cognitive, developmental, or disease stages of different age-related metabolic processes); or
- Insufficient data are available in adults to judge potential risk in children (in which case one of the research objectives could be to obtain sufficient adult data to make this judgment). While children usually should not be the initial group to be involved in research studies, in some instances, the nature and seriousness of the illness may warrant their participation earlier based on careful risk and benefit analysis; or
- Study designs aimed at collecting additional data on pre-enrolled adult study subjects (e.g., longitudinal follow-up studies that did not include data on children);
- Other special cases justified by the offeror and found acceptable to the review group and the Institute Director

Definition of a Child

For the purpose of this solicitation, a child is defined as an individual under the age of 21 years.

The definition of child described above will pertain to this solicitation (notwithstanding the FDA definition of a child as an individual from infancy to 16 years of age, and varying definitions employed by some states). Generally, State laws define what constitutes a "child," and such definitions dictate whether or not a person can legally consent to participate in a research study. However, State laws vary, and many do not address when a child can consent to participate in research. Federal Regulations (45 CFR 46, subpart D, Sec.401-409) address DHHS protections for children who participate in research, and rely on State definitions of "child" for consent purposes. Consequently, the children included in this policy (persons under the age of 21) may differ in the age at which their own consent is required and sufficient to participate in research under State law. For example, some states consider a person age 18 to be an adult and therefore one who can provide consent without parental permission.

Research Involving Prisoners as Subjects

- a. HHS Regulations at 45 CFR Part 46, Subpart C provide additional protections pertaining to biomedical and behavioral research involving prisoners or those individuals who, during the period of the contract become prisoners, as subjects. These regulations also set forth the duties of the Institutional Review Board (IRB) where prisoners are involved in the research. HHS funded research involving prisoners as subjects may not proceed until the Office for Human Research Protections (OHRP) issues approval, in writing, as required by 45 CFR 46.306(a)(2). In addition, OHRP Guidance on the Involvement of Prisoners in Research may be found at: <http://www.hhs.gov/ohrp/humansubjects/guidance/prisoner.pdf>.
- b. HHS Waiver for Epidemiological Research Involving Prisoners as Subjects

On June 20, 2003 the Secretary of HHS waived the applicability of certain provisions of Subpart C of 45 CFR Part 46, (Additional DHHS Protections Pertaining to Biomedical and Behavioral Research Involving Prisoners as Subjects) to specific types of epidemiological research involving prisoners as subjects.

The applicability of 45 CFR 46.305(a)(1) and 46.306(a)(2) for certain epidemiological research conducted or funded by DHHS is waived when:

1. The sole purposes are:
 - a. to describe the prevalence or incidence of a disease by identifying all cases, or
 - b. to study potential risk factor associations for a disease, and
2. The Institution responsible for the conduct of the research certifies to the OHRP that the Institutional Review Board (IRB) approved the research and fulfilled its duties under 45 CFR 46.305(a)(2 7) and determined and documented that:
 - a. the research presents no more than minimal risk, and
 - b. no more than inconvenience to the prisoner subjects, and
 - c. prisoners are not a particular focus of the research.

For more information about this Waiver see [http://www.hhs.gov/ohrp/special/prisoners/Prisoner waiver 6-20-03.pdf](http://www.hhs.gov/ohrp/special/prisoners/Prisoner%20waiver%206-20-03.pdf)

f. Research Involving Human Fetal Tissue

Human Fetal Tissue means tissue or cells obtained from a dead human fetus, including human embryonic stem cells, human pluripotent stem cells and human embryonic germ cells.

The governing federal statute is the Public Health Service Act, 42 U.S.C. 289g 1 and 289g 2. Implementing regulations and guidance for conducting research on human fetal tissue may be found at 45 CFR 46, Subpart B and <http://grants1.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/not93-235.html> and any subsequent revisions to this NIH Guide to Grants and Contracts ("Guide") Notice.

By signing the face page of the proposal, the offeror (authorized institutional official) certifies that researchers using human fetal tissue are in compliance with 42 USC 289g 2. This statute specifically prohibits any person from knowingly acquiring, receiving, or transferring any human fetal tissue for valuable consideration. "Valuable consideration" is a concept similar to profit, and does not include reasonable payment for costs associated with the collection processing, preservation, storage, quality control or transportation of these tissues.

Research involving the transplantation of human fetal tissue must be conducted in accordance with applicable Federal, State and local law.

g. Research Involving Recombinant DNA Molecules (including Human Gene Transfer Research)

Recombinant DNA Molecules are either 1) molecules that are constructed outside of living cells by joining natural or synthetic DNA segments to DNA molecules that can replicate in a living cell, or 2) DNA molecules that result from the replication of those described in 1).

The NIH Guidelines for Research Involving Recombinant DNA Molecules at:

(<http://www4.od.nih.gov/oba/rac/guidelines/guidelines.html> and the May 28, 2002 Notice, Compliance with the NIH Guidelines for Research Involving Recombinant DNA Molecules at:

(<http://grants1.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-02-052.html>) and any subsequent revisions to the Guide Notice) stipulates biosafety and containment measures for recombinant DNA research and delineates critical, ethical principles and key safety reporting requirements for human gene transfer research (See Appendix M of the NIH Guidelines). These guidelines apply to both basic and clinical research studies.

The Recombinant DNA Advisory Committee (RAC) is charged with the safety of manipulation of genetic material through the use of recombinant DNA techniques. Prior to beginning any clinical trials involving the transfer of recombinant DNA to humans, the trial must be registered with the RAC. If this contract involves new protocols that contain unique and/or novel issues, the RAC must discuss them in a public forum and then the Institutional Biosafety Committee (IBC), the Institutional Review Board (IRB), and the Contracting Officer's Technical Representative (COTR) and Contracting Officer must approve the protocol prior to the start of the research.

Failure to comply with these requirements may result in suspension, limitation, or termination of NIH funding for any work related to Recombinant DNA Research or a requirement for the Contracting Officer's prior approval of any or all Recombinant DNA projects under any contract awarded from this solicitation. This includes the requirements of the Standing Institutional Biosafety Committee (IBC) (See <http://www4.od.nih.gov/oba/IBC/IBCindexpg.htm>).

As specified in Appendix M 1 C 4 of the NIH Guidelines, any serious adverse event must be reported immediately to the IRB, the IBC, the Office for Human Research Protections (if applicable), and the NIH Office for Biotechnology Activities (OBA), followed by the filing of a written report with each office/group and copies to the COTR and Contracting Officer, at: (http://www4.od.nih.gov/oba/rac/guidelines_02/Appendix_M.htm#_Toc7255836).

h. Human Embryonic Germ Cell (HEGC) Research

1. Guidelines.

Research use of human embryonic germ cells derived from fetal tissue with Federal funds requires review of compliance with the NIH Guidelines for Research Using Human Pluripotent Stem Cells (<http://stemcells.nih.gov/policy/guidelines.asp>) (only the information regarding human embryonic germ cells is relevant). Embryonic germ cells are pluripotent stem cells derived from human embryos. See NIH Guide for Grants and Contracts Notice NOT OD 02 049, requiring that offerors/contractors submit certain documents to the Human Pluripotent Stem Cell Review Group (HPSCRG), which will be reviewed in a public meeting. Research using human embryonic germ cells may not be performed prior to approval by the HPSCRG.

All offerors should read the "NIH Guidelines" (<http://stemcells.nih.gov/policy/guidelines.asp>) if they either: (1) propose to respond to the Statement of Work requirements by conducting research that uses human embryonic germ cells or, (2) are responding to a Statement of Work that requires the use of human embryonic germ cells.

Offerors may obtain copies of these Guidelines from the website above or from the contact person listed in this solicitation.

2. Procedure for Review by Human Pluripotent Stem Cell Review Group (HPSCRG)

If, in response to the solicitation, the offeror proposes to use human embryonic germ cells, it must submit, as a separate attachment to its proposal, an original and two

copies of the documentation and assurances that address the areas covered in the "Procedures for Submission of Compliance Documents to the Human Pluripotent Stem Cell Review Group (HPSCRG) for the Research Use of Human Embryonic Germ Cells" at:

(<http://grants2.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-02-049.html>).

Prior to any award made under this solicitation, the documentation and assurances will be subject to review by the HPSCRG, which meets in a public meeting. No research involving the use of human embryonic germ cells may begin prior to HPSCRG approval.

Offerors are encouraged to review issues pertaining to informed consent processes described in Section II.B.2.b of the NIH Guidelines. Offerors should also review the March 19, 2002, DHHS Office of Human Research Protection's document titled "Guidance for Investigators and Institutional Review Boards Regarding Research Involving Human Embryonic Stem Cells, Germ Cells, and Stem Cell Derived Test Articles," at

(<http://stemcells.nih.gov/StaticResources/news/newsArchives/stemcell.pdf>)

i. Human Embryonic Stem Cell (HESC) Research

On August 9, 2001, the President announced the criteria that must be met for Federal funds to be used for research on existing human embryonic stem cell lines. These criteria were subsequently published by the NIH at: <http://grants1.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-02-005.html>. The following eligibility criteria must be met:

1. The derivation process (which commences with the removal of the inner cell mass from the blastocyst) must have already been initiated prior to August 9, 2001;
2. Prior to August 9, 2001, the embryo from which the stem cell line was derived no longer had the possibility of development as a human being;
3. The stem cells must have been derived from an embryo that was created for reproductive purposes;
4. The embryo was no longer needed for these purposes;
5. Informed consent must have been obtained for the donation of the embryo;
6. No financial inducements were provided for the donation of the embryo.

To facilitate research using human embryonic stem cells, the NIH has established a Human Embryonic Stem Cell Registry ("the NIH Registry") that lists the human embryonic stem cells that meet the eligibility criteria. This registry is available at: <http://stemcells.nih.gov/registry/>.

Research involving the derivation of new stem cells from human embryos or the use of human embryonic stem cells that are not listed on the NIH Human Embryonic Stem Cell Registry may not be conducted with Federal funding.

If a particular human embryonic stem cell line has not been required by the Statement of Work, an offeror proposing research involving human embryonic stem cells must cite a human embryonic stem cell line that is listed in the NIH Registry in its proposal.

5. Possession, Use and Transfer of Select Biological Agents or Toxins

Notice to Offerors of Requirements of Select Agents Regulations - October 16, 2008 (<http://www.selectagents.gov/Regulations.html>): 42 CFR Part 73, Possession , Use, and Transfer of Select Agents and Toxins (relating to public health and safety); 7 CFR Part 331, Possession, Use, and Transfer of Select Agents and Toxins (relating to plant health or plant products) (and, 9 CFR Part 121, Possession, Use, and Transfer of Select Agents and Toxins (relating to human and animal health, animal health or animal products)

These regulations implement the Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Act of 2002, and the Agricultural Bioterrorism Protection Act of 2002. They are designed to improve the ability of the United States Government to prevent, prepare for, and respond to bioterrorism and other public health emergencies. These regulations establish requirements regarding registration, security risk assessments, safety plans, security plans, emergency response plans, training, transfers, record keeping, inspections, and notifications.

Listings of HHS and USDA Select Agents and Toxins, and overlap Select Agents or Toxins as well as information about the registration process for domestic institutions, are available on the Select Agent Program Web site at <http://www.selectagents.gov/> and <http://www.selectagents.gov/>. For foreign institutions, see the NIAID Select Agent Award information (http://www.niaid.nih.gov/ncn/clinical/default_biodefense.htm).

If the proposed contract will not involve the possession, use or transfer Select Agents or Toxins, the offeror must include a statement in its technical proposal that the work does not now nor will it in the future (i.e. throughout the life of the award) involve the possession, use or transfer Select Agents or Toxins.

Domestic Institutions

For prime or subcontract awards to domestic institutions that possess, use, and/or transfer Select Agents under this contract, the domestic institution must:

- Include details about the Select Agent in their technical proposal, including the quantity proposed to be used during contract performance.
- Describe the proposed use of the Select Agent or Toxin, including any restricted experiments.
- Comply with 42 CFR part 73, 7 CFR part 331 and/or 9 CFR part 121 at: <http://www.selectagents.gov/Regulations.html>, as required, before using NIH funds for research involving Select Agents. No NIH funds can be used for research involving Select Agents if the final registration certificate is denied.

Foreign Institutions

For prime or subcontract awards to foreign institutions that possess, use, and/or transfer Select Agents under this contract, the foreign institution must:

- Include details about the select agent in their technical proposal, including the quantity proposed to be used during contract performance.
- Describe the proposed use of the Select Agent or Toxin, including any restricted experiments.
- When requested during negotiations, provide information satisfactory to the NIAID/NIH that safety, security, and training standards equivalent to those described in 42 CFR part 73, 7 CFR part 331, and/or 9 CFR part 121 at: <http://www.selectagents.gov/Regulations.html> for U.S. institutions are in place and will be administered on behalf of all Select Agent work under the resulting contract. The process for making this determination includes a site visit to the foreign laboratory facility by an NIAID representative. During this visit, the foreign institution must provide the following information: concise summaries of safety, security, and training plans; names of all individuals at the foreign institution who will have access to the Select Agents and procedures for ensuring that only approved and appropriate individuals, in accordance with institution procedures, will have access to the Select Agents under the contract; and copies of or links to any applicable laws, regulations, policies, and procedures applicable to that institution for the safe and secure possession, use, and/or transfer of select agents. Laboratory site visits are conducted every three years for the life of the contract.

An NIAID chaired committee of U.S. federal employees (including representatives of NIH grants/ contracts and scientific program management, CDC , Department of Justice and other federal intelligence agencies, and Department of State) will ultimately assess the results of the site visit , the regulations, policies, and procedures of the foreign institution for equivalence to the U.S. requirements described in 42 CFR part 73, 7 CFR part 331, and/or 9 CFR part 121 at: <http://www.selectagents.gov/Regulations.html>. The committee will provide recommendations to the DEA Director, NIAID. The DEA Director will make the approval decision and notify the Contracting Officer. The Contracting Officer will inform the prime contractor of the approval status of the foreign institution. No NIH funds can be used for research involving a Select Agent or Toxin at a foreign institution until NIAID grants this approval.

6. Obtaining and Disseminating Biomedical Research Resources

As a public sponsor of biomedical research, the National Institutes of Health (NIH) has a dual interest in accelerating scientific discovery and facilitating product development. Intellectual property restrictions can stifle the broad dissemination of new discoveries and limit future avenues of research and product development. At the same time, reasonable restrictions on the dissemination of research tools are sometimes necessary to protect legitimate proprietary interests and to preserve incentives for commercial development. To assist NIH contractors achieve an appropriate balance, the NIH has provided guidance in the form of a two-part document, consisting of Principles setting forth the fundamental concepts and Guidelines that provide specific information to patent and license professionals and sponsored research administrators for implementation.

The purpose of these Principles and Guidelines is to assist NIH funding recipients in determining: 1) Reasonable terms and conditions for making NIH-funded research resources available to scientists in other institutions in the public and private sectors (disseminating research tools); and 2) Restrictions to accept as a condition of receiving access to research tools for use in NIH-funded research (acquiring research tools). The intent is to help recipients ensure that the conditions they impose and accept on the transfer of research tools will facilitate further biomedical research, consistent with the requirements of the Bayh-Dole Act and NIH funding policy.

This policy, entitled, "Sharing Biomedical Research Resources: Principles and Guidelines for Recipients of NIH Research Grants and Contracts," (Federal Register Notice, December 23, 1999 [64 FR 72090] will be included in any contract awarded from this solicitation. It can be found at the following website:

<http://ott.od.nih.gov/pdfs/64FR72090.pdf>

a. Sharing Research Data

[Note: This policy applies to **all** NIH contracts, regardless of dollar value, that are expected to generate research data.]

The NIH endorses the sharing of final research data to expedite the translation of research results into knowledge, products, and procedures to improve human health. This contract is expected to generate research data. Therefore, the offeror must submit a plan in its technical proposal for data sharing or state why data sharing is not possible. If data sharing is limited, the offeror should explain such limitations in its data sharing plan. NIH's data sharing policy may be found at the following Web site:

<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-03-032.html>

[If the resultant contract is part of a collaborative program involving multiple sites, the data sharing will be governed by a dissemination plan to be developed jointly following award. Offerors must include in their proposals a statement of willingness to work collaboratively after award with the other funded sites to prepare a joint dissemination plan. Coordinating Center proposals should describe methods to coordinate the dissemination planning and

implementation. The Coordinating Center must include a budget and justification for any additional costs of this collaborative effort.]

b. Sharing of Model Organisms for Biomedical Research

The NIH Research Tools Policy (http://www.ott.nih.gov/policy/research_tool.html) also referred to as NIH Principles and Guidelines for Sharing of Biomedical Resources: Final Notice, December 1999, supports the concept of timely sharing and distribution of research resources. In accordance with NIH Guide Notice NOT-OD-04-042 at: (<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-04-042.html>), dated May 7, 2004, and the September 10, 2004 extension of this policy NOT-OD-04-066 at: (<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-04-066.html>), the NIH provides further sharing guidance with particular attention on model organisms for biomedical research. Such organisms include, but are not limited to: mammalian models such as the mouse and rat, and non-mammalian models, such as budding yeast, social amoebae, round worm, fruit fly, zebra fish, and frog. Research resources to be shared include genetically modified or mutant organisms, sperm, embryos, protocols for genetic and phenotypic screens, mutagenesis protocols, and genetic and phenotypic data for all mutant strains.

Offerors must include in their technical proposal a description of a specific plan for sharing and distributing unique model organism research resources generated using NIH funding so that other researchers can benefit from these resources, OR provide appropriate reasons why such sharing is restricted or not possible. A reasonable time frame for periodic disposition of material and associated data must be specified in the proposal. In addition, the plan must address if, or how, offerors will exercise their intellectual property rights while making model organisms and research resources available to the broader scientific community. At a minimum, the plan should address the following:

- Will material transfers be made with no more restrictive terms than in a Simple Letter Agreement (SLA) at: http://ott.od.nih.gov/forms_model_agreements/forms_model_agreements.aspx (See "Material Transfer Agreement (MTA)" Section on this page.); for the transfer of materials or the Uniform Biological Material Transfer Agreement (UBMTA) (<http://www.autm.net/aboutTT/> , then search "Implementing Letter")
- How will inappropriate "reach-through" requirements (as discussed in the NIH Research Tools Policy) on materials transferred be discussed?
- How will technologies remain widely available and accessible to the research community, for example, if any intellectual property rights arise for which a patent application may be filed?

Offerors may request funds in their cost proposal to defray reasonable costs associated with sharing materials or data or transfer of model organisms and associated data to appropriate repositories.

7. **Information Security** is applicable to this solicitation and the following information is provided to assist in proposal preparation.

IMPORTANT NOTE TO OFFERORS: The following information shall be addressed in a separate section of the Technical Proposal entitled, "INFORMATION SECURITY."

The Federal Information Security Management Act of 2002 (P.L. 107-347) (FISMA) requires each agency to develop, document, and implement an agency-wide information security program to safeguard information and information systems that support the operations and assets of the agency, including those provided or managed by another agency, contractor (including subcontractor), or other source. The National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) has issued a number

of publications that provide guidance in the establishment of minimum security controls for management, operational and technical safeguards needed to protect the confidentiality, integrity and availability of a Federal information system and its information.

The Statement of Work (SOW) requires the successful offeror to (1) develop, (2) have the ability to access, or (3) host and/or maintain a Federal information system(s). Pursuant to Federal and HHS Information Security Program Policies the following requirements apply to this solicitation:

Federal Information Security Management Act of 2002 (FISMA), Title III, E-Government Act of 2002, Pub. L. No. 107-347 (Dec. 17, 2002); <http://csrc.nist.gov/drivers/documents/FISMA-final.pdf>

a. Information Type

Administrative, Management and Support Information:

Mission Based Information:

b. Security Categories and Levels

Confidentiality Level: Low Moderate High
 Integrity Level: Low Moderate High
 Availability Level: Low Moderate High
Overall Level: **Low** **Moderate** **High**

c. Position Sensitivity Designations

Prior to award, the Government will determine the position sensitivity designation for each Contractor (including subcontractor) employee that the successful offeror proposes for work under the contract. For proposal preparation purposes, the following designations apply:

Level 6: Public Trust - High Risk (Requires Suitability Determination with a BI). Contractor employees assigned to a Level 6 position are subject to a Background Investigation (BI).

Level 5: Public Trust - Moderate Risk (Requires Suitability Determination with NACIC, MBI or LBI). Contractor employees assigned to a Level 5 position with no previous investigation and approval shall undergo a National Agency Check and Inquiry Investigation plus a Credit Check (NACIC), a Minimum Background Investigation (MBI), or a Limited Background Investigation (LBI)

Level 1: Non Sensitive (Requires Suitability Determination with an NACI). Contractor employees assigned to a Level 1 position are subject to a National Agency Check and Inquiry Investigation (NACI).

Upon award, the Contractor will be required to submit a roster of all staff (including subcontractor staff) working under the contract who will develop, have the ability to access, or host and/or maintain a federal information system(s). The Government will determine and notify the Contractor of the appropriate level of suitability investigation required for each staff member. An electronic template, "Roster of Employees Requiring Suitability Investigations," is available for Contractor use at:

<http://ais.nci.nih.gov/forms/Suitability-roster.xls>

Upon receipt of the Government's notification of applicable Suitability Investigations required, the Contractor shall complete and submit the required forms within 30 days of the notification. Additional submission instructions can be found at the "NCI Information Technology Security Policies, Background Investigation Process" website: <http://ais.nci.nih.gov>.

Contractor/Subcontractor employees who have met investigative requirements within the past five years may only require an updated or upgraded investigation.

d. Information Security Training

HHS policy requires Contractors/Subcontractors receive security training commensurate with their responsibilities for performing work under the terms and conditions of their contractual agreements.

The successful offeror will be responsible for assuring that each Contractor/Subcontractor employee has completed the NIH Computer Security Awareness Training course at: <http://irtsectraining.nih.gov/> prior to performing any contract work, and thereafter completing the NIH-specified fiscal year refresher course during the period of performance of the contract. The successful offeror shall maintain a listing of all individuals who have completed this training and shall submit this listing to the Contracting Officer's Technical Representative (COTR).

Additional security training requirements commensurate with the position may be required as defined in NIST Special Publication 800-16, Information Technology Security Training Requirements (<http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/nistpubs/800-16/800-16.pdf>). This document provides information about information security training that may be useful to potential offerors.

e. Offeror's Official Responsible for Information Security

The offeror shall include in the "Information Security" part of its Technical Proposal the name and title of its official who will be responsible for all information security requirements should the offeror be selected for an award.

f. NIST SP 800 53 Self Assessment

The offeror must include in the "Information Security" part of its Technical Proposal, a completed Self-Assessment required by NIST Draft SP 800-53, Recommended Security Controls for Federal Information Systems. (<http://csrc.nist.gov/publications> - under Special Publications).

Subcontracts: The offeror must include similar information for any proposed subcontractor that will perform under the SOW to (1) develop a Federal information system(s) at the offeror's/subcontractor's facility, or (2) host and/or maintain a Federal information system(s) at the offeror's/subcontractor's facility.

g. Draft Information System Security Plan

The offeror must include a draft Information System Security Plan (ISSP) using the current template in Appendix A of NIST SP 800 18, Guide to Developing Security Plans for Federal Information Systems (<http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/nistpubs/800-18-Rev1/sp800-18-Rev1-final.pdf>). The details contained in the offeror's draft ISSP must be commensurate with the size and complexity of the requirements of the SOW based on the System Categorization determined above in subparagraph (b) Security Categories and Levels.

Subcontracts: The offeror must include similar information for any proposed subcontractor that will perform under the SOW with the offeror whenever the submission of an ISSP is required.

Note to Offeror: The resultant contract will require the draft ISSP to be finalized in coordination with the Contracting Officer's Technical Representative (COTR) no later than 90 calendar days after contract award. Also, a contractor is required to update and resubmit its ISSP to NIH every three years following award or when a major modification has been made to its internal system.

h. Common Security Configurations

The contractor shall ensure that any information technology acquired under this contract incorporates the applicable common security configuration established by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) at <http://checklists.nist.gov>.

i. References

1. Federal Information Security Management Act of 2002 (FISMA), Title III, E-Government Act of 2002, Pub. L. No. 107-347 (Dec. 17, 2002); <http://csrc.nist.gov/drivers/documents/FISMA-final.pdf>
2. DHHS Personnel Security/Suitability Handbook: <http://www.hhs.gov/ohr/manual/pssh.pdf>
3. NIH Computer Security Awareness Training Course: <http://irtsectraining.nih.gov/>

The following NIST publications may be found at the following site: <http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/>

[Note: The search tool on the left side of this page provides easy access to the documents.]

4. NIST Special Publication 800-16, Information Technology Security Training Requirements; and Appendix A-D
5. NIST SP 800-18, Guide for Developing Security Plans for Information Technology Systems
6. NIST SP 800-26, Revision 1, Computer Security
7. NIST SP 800-53, Revision 1, Recommended Security Controls for Federal Information Systems
8. NIST SP 800-60, Guide for Mapping Types of Information and Information Systems to Security Categories, Volume I; and Volume II, Appendices to Guide For Mapping Types of Information and Information Systems To Security Categories, Appendix C, and Appendix D
9. NIST SP 800-64, Security Considerations in the Information System Development Life Cycle
10. FIPS PUB 199, Standards for Security Categorization of Federal Information and Information Systems
11. FIPS PUB 200, Minimum Security Requirements for Federal Information and Information Systems

c. BUSINESS PROPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS

1. Basic Cost/Price Information

The business proposal must contain sufficient information to allow the Government to perform a basic analysis of the proposed cost or price of the work. This information shall include the amounts of the basic elements of the proposed cost or price. These elements will include, as applicable, direct labor, fringe benefits, travel, materials, subcontracts, purchased parts, shipping, indirect costs and rate, fee, and profit.

2. Proposal Cover Sheet

The following information shall be provided on the first page of your pricing proposal:

1. Solicitation, contract, and/or modification number;
2. Name and address of Offeror;
3. Name and telephone number of point of contact;
4. Name, address, and telephone number of Contract Administration Office, (if available);
5. Name, address, and telephone number of Audit Office (if available);
6. Proposed cost and/or price; profit or fee (as applicable); and total;
7. The following statement: By submitting this proposal, the offeror, if selected for discussions, grants the contracting officer or an authorized representative the right to examine, at any time before award, any of those books, records, documents, or other records directly pertinent to the information requested or submitted.
8. Date of submission; and
9. Name, title and signature of authorized representative.

This cover sheet information is for use by offerors to submit information to the Government when cost or pricing data are not required but information to help establish price reasonableness or cost realism is necessary. Such information is not considered cost or pricing data, and shall not be certified in accordance with FAR 15.406-2.

3. Cost and Pricing Data

1. General Instructions

A. You must provide the following information on the first page of your pricing proposal:

1. Solicitation, contract, and/or modification number;
2. Name and address of offeror;
3. Name and telephone number of point of contact;
4. Name of contract administration office (if available);
5. Type of contract action (that is, new contract, change order, price revision/redetermination, letter contract, unpriced order, or other);
6. Proposed cost; profit or fee; and total;
7. Whether you will require the use of Government property in the performance of the contract, and, if so, what property. See Item (13) Other Administrative Data, subparagraph (2) Government Property of this Section L.2.c of this solicitation.;

8. Whether your organization is subject to cost accounting standards; whether your organization has submitted a CASB Disclosure Statement, and if it has been determined adequate; whether you have been notified that you are or may be in noncompliance with your Disclosure Statement or CAS, and, if yes, an explanation; whether any aspect of this proposal is inconsistent with your disclosed practices or applicable CAS, and, if so, an explanation; and whether the proposal is consistent with your established estimating and accounting principles and procedures and FAR Part 31, Cost Principles, and, if not, an explanation;
 9. The following statement: This proposal reflects our estimates and/or actual costs as of this date and conforms with the instructions in FAR 15.403 5(b)(1) and Table 15 2. By submitting this proposal, we grant the Contracting Officer and authorized representative(s) the right to examine, at any time before award, those records, which include books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and other data, regardless of type and form or whether such supporting information is specifically referenced or included in the proposal as the basis for pricing, that will permit an adequate evaluation of the proposed price;
 10. Date of submission; and
 11. Name, title and signature of authorized representative.
- B. In submitting your proposal, you must include an index, appropriately referenced, of all the cost or pricing data and information accompanying or identified in the proposal. In addition, you must annotate any future additions and/or revisions, up to the date of agreement on price, or an earlier date agreed upon by the parties, on a supplemental index.
- C. As part of the specific information required, you must submit, with your proposal, cost or pricing data (that is, data that are verifiable and factual and otherwise as defined at FAR 15.401). You must clearly identify on your cover sheet that cost or pricing data are included as part of the proposal. In addition, you must submit with your proposal any information reasonably required to explain your estimating process, including
1. The judgmental factors applied and the mathematical or other methods used in the estimate, including those used in projecting from known data; and
 2. The nature and amount of any contingencies included in the proposed price.
- D. You must show the relationship between contract line item prices and the total contract price. You must attach cost element breakdowns for each proposed line item, using the appropriate format prescribed in the "Formats for Submission of Line Item Summaries" section of this table. You must furnish supporting breakdowns for each cost element, consistent with your cost accounting system.
- E. When more than one contract line item is proposed, you must also provide summary total amounts covering all line items for each element of cost.
- F. Whenever you have incurred costs for work performed before submission of a proposal, you must identify those costs in your cost/price proposal.
- G. If you have reached an agreement with Government representatives on use of forward pricing rates/factors, identify the agreement, include a copy, and describe its nature.
- H. As soon as practicable after final agreement on price or an earlier date agreed to by the parties, but before the award resulting from the proposal, you must, under the conditions stated in FAR 15.406 2, submit a Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data.

2. Cost Elements

Depending on your system, you must provide breakdowns for the following basic cost elements, as applicable:

- A. **Materials and services.** Provide a consolidated priced summary of individual material quantities included in the various tasks, orders, or contract line items being proposed and the basis for pricing (vendor quotes, invoice prices, etc.). Include raw materials, parts, components, assemblies, and services to be produced or performed by others. For all items proposed, identify the item and show the source, quantity, and price. Conduct price analyses of all subcontractor proposals. Conduct cost analyses for all subcontracts when cost or pricing data are submitted by the subcontractor. Include these analyses as part of your own cost or pricing data submissions for subcontracts expected to exceed the appropriate threshold in FAR 15.403 4. Submit the subcontractor cost or pricing data as part of your own cost or pricing data as required in paragraph 2.A(2) of this table. These requirements also apply to all subcontractors if required to submit cost or pricing data.
1. *Adequate Price Competition.* Provide data showing the degree of competition and the basis for establishing the source and reasonableness of price for those acquisitions (such as subcontracts, purchase orders, material order, etc.) exceeding, or expected to exceed, the appropriate threshold set forth at FAR 15.403 4 priced on the basis of adequate price competition. For interorganizational transfers priced at other than the cost of comparable competitive commercial work of the division, subsidiary, or affiliate of the contractor, explain the pricing method (see FAR 31.205 26(e)).
 2. *All Other.* Obtain cost or pricing data from prospective sources for those acquisitions (such as subcontracts, purchase orders, material order, etc.) exceeding the threshold set forth in FAR 15.403 4 and not otherwise exempt, in accordance with FAR 15.403 1(b) (i.e., adequate price competition, commercial items, prices set by law or regulation or waiver). Also provide data showing the basis for establishing source and reasonableness of price. In addition, provide a summary of your cost analysis and a copy of cost or pricing data submitted by the prospective source in support of each subcontract, or purchase order that is the lower of either \$11.5 million or more, or both more than the pertinent cost or pricing data threshold and more than 10 percent of the prime contractor's proposed price. The Contracting Officer may require you to submit cost or pricing data in support of proposals in lower amounts. Subcontractor cost or pricing data must be accurate, complete and current as of the date of final price agreement, or an earlier date agreed upon by the parties, given on the prime contractor's Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data. The prime contractor is responsible for updating a prospective subcontractor's data. For standard commercial items fabricated by the offeror that are generally stocked in inventory, provide a separate cost breakdown, if priced based on cost. For interorganizational transfers priced at cost, provide a separate breakdown of cost elements. Analyze the cost or pricing data and submit the results of your analysis of the prospective source's proposal. When submission of a prospective source's cost or pricing data is required as described in this paragraph, it must be included along with your own cost or pricing data submission, as part of your own cost or pricing data. You must also submit any other cost or pricing data obtained from a subcontractor, either actually or by specific identification, along with the results of any analysis performed on that data.
- B. **Direct Labor.** Provide a time phased (e.g., monthly, quarterly, etc.) breakdown of labor hours, rates, and cost by appropriate category, and furnish bases for estimates.
- C. **Indirect Costs.** Indicate how you have computed and applied your indirect costs, including cost breakdowns. Show trends and budgetary data to provide a basis for evaluating the reasonableness of proposed rates. Indicate the rates used and provide an appropriate explanation.
- D. **Other Costs.** List all other costs not otherwise included in the categories described above (e.g., special tooling, travel, computer and consultant services, preservation, packaging

and packing, spoilage and rework, and Federal excise tax on finished articles) and provide bases for pricing.

E. **Royalties.** If royalties exceed \$1,500, you must provide the following information on a separate page for each separate royalty or license fee:

1. Name and address of licensor.
2. Date of license agreement.
3. Patent numbers.
4. Patent application serial numbers, or other basis on which the royalty is payable.
5. Brief description (including any part or model numbers of each contract item or component on which the royalty is payable).
6. Percentage or dollar rate of royalty per unit.
7. Unit price of contract item.
8. Number of units.
9. Total dollar amount of royalties.
10. If specifically requested by the Contracting Officer, a copy of the current license agreement and identification of applicable claims of specific patents (see FAR 27.204 and 31.205 37).

F. **Facilities Capital Cost of Money.** When you elect to claim facilities capital cost of money as an allowable cost, you must submit Form CASB CMF and show the calculation of the proposed amount (see FAR 31.205 10).

3. **Formats for Submission of Line Item Summaries**

The detailed breakdown shall be in the format as shown on the form **Breakdown of Proposed Estimated Cost (plus fee) and Labor Hours** (Section J, List of Attachments). For each separate cost estimate, the offeror must furnish a breakdown by cost element as indicated above. In addition, summary total amounts shall be furnished. In the event the RFP cites specific line items, by number, a cost breakdown for each line item must be furnished.

4. **General Information**

- a. There is a clear distinction between submitting cost or pricing data and merely making available books, records, and other documents without identification. The requirement for submission of cost or pricing data is met when all accurate cost or pricing data reasonably available to the offeror have been submitted, either actually or by specific identification, to the Contracting Officer or an authorized representative. As later information comes into your possession, it should be submitted promptly to the Contracting Officer in a manner that clearly shows how the information relates to the offeror's price proposal. The requirement for submission of cost or pricing data continues up to the time of agreement on price, or an earlier date agreed upon between the parties if applicable.
- b. By submitting your proposal, you grant the Contracting Officer or an authorized representative the right to examine records that formed the basis for the pricing proposal. That examination can take place at any time before award. It may include those books, records, documents, and other types of factual information (regardless of form or whether the information is specifically referenced or included in the proposal as the basis for pricing) that will permit an adequate evaluation of the proposed price.

4. **Requirements for Cost or Pricing Data or Information Other than Cost and Pricing Data [FAR Clause 52.215-20 (October 1997)]**

(a) Exceptions from cost or pricing data.

(1) In lieu of submitting cost or pricing data, offerors may submit a written request for exception by submitting the information data described in the following subparagraphs. The Contracting Officer may require additional supporting information, but only to the extent necessary to determine whether an exception should be granted, and whether the price is fair and reasonable.

(i) Identification of the law or regulation establishing the price offered. If the price is controlled under law by periodic rulings, reviews, or similar actions of a governmental body, attach a copy of the controlling document, unless it was previously submitted to the contracting office.

(ii) Commercial item exception. For a commercial item exception, the offeror shall submit, at a minimum, information on prices at which the same item or similar items have previously been sold in the commercial market that is adequate for evaluating the reasonableness of the price for this acquisition. Such information may include

(A) For catalog items, a copy of or identification of the catalog and its date, or the appropriate pages for the offered items, or a statement that the catalog is on file in the buying office to which the proposal is being submitted. Provide a copy or describe current discount policies and price lists (published or unpublished), e.g., wholesale, original equipment manufacturer, or reseller. Also explain the basis of each offered price and its relationship to the established catalog price, including how the proposed price relates to the price of recent sales in quantities similar to the proposed quantities;

(B) For market priced items, the source and date or period of the market quotation or other basis for market price, the base amount, and applicable discounts. In addition, describe the nature of the market;

(C) For items included on an active Federal Supply Service Multiple Award Schedule contract, proof that an exception has been granted for the schedule item.

(2) The offeror grants the Contracting Officer or an authorized representative the right to examine, at any time before award, books, records, documents, or other directly pertinent records to verify any request for an exception under this provision, and the reasonableness of price. For items priced using catalog or market prices, or law or regulation, access does not extend to cost or profit information or other data relevant solely to the offeror's determination of the prices to be offered in the catalog or marketplace.

(b) Requirements for cost or pricing data. If the offeror is not granted an exception from the requirement to submit cost or pricing data, the following applies:

(1) The offeror shall prepare and submit cost or pricing data and supporting attachments in accordance with Table 15.2 of FAR 15.408.

(2) As soon as practicable after agreement on price, but before contract award (except for unpriced actions such as letter contracts), the offeror shall submit a Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, as prescribed by FAR 15.406 2.

(End of provision)

5. Salary Rate Limitation in Fiscal Year 2010

Offerors are advised that pursuant to P.L. 111-117, no NIH Fiscal Year 2010 (October 1, 2009 - September 30, 2010) funds may be used to pay the direct annual salary of an individual through any contract awarded as a result of this solicitation at a rate in excess of the Executive Schedule, Level I* (direct salary is exclusive of Overhead, Fringe Benefits and General and Administrative expenses, also referred to as "indirect cost" or "facilities and administrative (F&A) costs"). Direct salary has the

same meaning as the term "institutional base salary." An individual's direct salary (or institutional base salary) is the annual compensation that the Contractor pays for an individual's appointment whether that individual's time is spent on research, teaching, patient care or other activities. Direct salary (or institutional base salary) excludes any income that an individual may be permitted to earn outside of duties to the Contractor.

This does not preclude the offeror from absorbing that portion of an employee's annual salary (plus the dollar amount for fringe benefits and associated indirect costs) that exceeds a rate of the Executive Schedule, Level I*. The salary rate limitation set by P.L. 111-117 applies only to Fiscal Year 2010 funds, however, salary rate ceilings for subsequent years may be included in future DHHS appropriation acts. Multi-year contracts awarded pursuant to this solicitation may be subject to unilateral modifications by the Government if an individual's annual salary exceeds any salary rate ceiling established in future appropriations acts. The Executive Schedule, Level I* annual salary rate limitation also applies to individuals proposed under subcontracts, however it does not apply to consultants. P.L. 111-117 states in pertinent part:

"None of the funds appropriated in this Act for the National Institutes of Health, the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, and the Substance Abuse, and Mental Health Services Administration shall be used to pay the salary of an individual through a grant or other extramural mechanism at a rate in excess of Executive Level I*."

LINK TO EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE SALARIES: <http://www.opm.gov/oca/10tables/indexSES.asp>

***Note to Offerors:** The current Fiscal Year Executive Level I Salary Rate shall be adhered to in the preparation of your proposal. All costs associated with any resultant contract award shall be in compliance with the current Fiscal Year Executive Level I Salary rates.

6. Small Business Subcontracting Plan

If the proposed contract exceeds a total estimated cost of \$550,000 for the entire period of performance, the offeror shall be required to submit an acceptable subcontracting plan in accordance with the terms of the clause entitled "Small Business Subcontracting Plan," FAR Clause No. 52.219-9, incorporated herein by reference in the Solicitation, See SECTION J - LIST OF ATTACHMENTS, BUSINESS PROPOSAL ATTACHMENTS of this RFP for an example of such a plan.

- a. THIS PROVISION DOES NOT APPLY TO SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS.
- b. The term "subcontract" means any agreement (other than one involving an employer-employee relationship) entered into by a Federal Government prime Contractor or subcontractor calling for supplies or services required for the performance of the original contract or subcontract. This includes, but is not limited to, agreements/purchase orders for supplies and services such as equipment purchase, copying services, and travel services.
- c. The offeror understands that:
 1. No contract will be awarded unless and until an acceptable plan is negotiated with the Contracting Officer which plan will be incorporated into the contract, as a material part thereof.
 2. An acceptable plan must, in the determination of the Contracting Officer, provide the maximum practicable opportunity for Small Businesses, Small Disadvantaged Businesses, Women-Owned Small businesses, HUBZone Small Businesses, Veteran-Owned Small Businesses, and Service Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Businesses to participate in the performance of the contract.
 3. If a subcontracting plan acceptable to the Contracting Officer is not negotiated within the time limits prescribed by the contracting activity and such failure arises out of causes within the control and with the fault or negligence of the offeror, the offeror shall be ineligible for an award. The Contracting Officer shall notify the Contractor in writing of the reasons for

determining a subcontracting plan unacceptable early enough in the negotiation process to allow the Contractor to modify the plan within the time limits prescribed.

4. Prior compliance of the offeror with other such subcontracting plans under previous contracts will be considered by the Contracting Officer in determining the responsibility of the offeror for award of the contract.
 5. It is the offeror's responsibility to develop a satisfactory subcontracting plan with respect to Small Business Concerns, Small Disadvantaged Business Concerns, Women-Owned Small Business Concerns, HUBZone Small Business Concerns, Veteran-Owned Small Business Concerns, and Service Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business Concerns that each such aspect of the offeror's plan will be judged independent of the other.
 6. The offeror will submit, as required by the Contracting Officer, subcontracting reports in accordance with the instructions thereon, and as further directed by the Contracting Officer. Subcontractors will also submit these reports to the Government's Contracting Officer or as otherwise directed, with a copy to the prime Contractor's designated small and disadvantaged business liaison.
- d. Each plan must contain the following:
1. Goals, expressed in terms of percentages of total planned subcontracting dollars, for the use of Small, Small Disadvantaged, Women-Owned, HUBZone, Veteran-Owned, and Service Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business Concerns as subcontractors.
 2. A statement of total dollars planned to be subcontracted. A statement of total dollars to be subcontracted to each of the following type of small business concerns: Small, Small Disadvantaged, Women-Owned, HUBZone, Veteran-Owned, and Service Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Businesses.
 3. A description of the principal types of supplies and services to be subcontracted with an identification of which supplies and services are expected to be subcontracted to Small, Small Disadvantaged, Women-Owned, HUBZone, Veteran-Owned and/or Service Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business Concerns.
 4. A description of the method used to develop the subcontracting goals.
 5. A description of the method used to identify potential sources for solicitation purposes.
 6. A statement as to whether or not indirect costs were included in establishing subcontracting goals. If they were, a description of the method used to determine the proportionate share of indirect costs to be incurred with Small, Small Disadvantaged, Women-Owned, HUBZone, Veteran-Owned, and Service Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Businesses.
 7. The name of the individual employed by the offeror who will administer the offeror's subcontracting program and a description of his/her duties.
 8. A description of the efforts the offeror will make to assure that Small, Small Disadvantaged, Women-Owned, HUBZone, Veteran-Owned, and Service Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Businesses have an equitable chance to compete for subcontracts.
 9. Assurances that the offeror will include in all subcontracts the contract clause "Utilization of Small Business Concerns." Assure that all subcontractors, other than small businesses, in excess of \$550,000 adopt a plan similar to the plan agreed upon by the offeror.
 10. Assurances that the offeror (and any required subcontractors) will cooperate in studies or surveys as required and submit required reports (Individual Subcontract Reports (ISRs) and Summary Subcontract Reports (SSRs) to the Government.
 11. List the types of records the offeror will maintain to demonstrate procedures that have been adopted to comply with the requirement and goals in the plan, including

establishing source lists. Also, the offeror shall describe its efforts to locate Small, Small Disadvantaged, Women-Owned, HUBZone, Veteran-Owned, and Service Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Businesses and award subcontracts to them.

For additional information about each of the above elements required to be contained in the subcontracting plan, see FAR Clause 52.219-9, Small Business Subcontracting Plan, and the Sample Subcontracting Plan which is provided as an attachment to this RFP in SECTION J.

HHS expects each procuring activity to establish minimum subcontracting goals for all procurements. The anticipated minimum goals for this RFP are as follows:

39.9% for Small Business; 5% for Small Disadvantaged Business; 5% for Women-Owned Small Business; 3% for HUBZone Small Business; and 3% for Veteran-Owned Small Business and Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business.

7. HUBZone Small Business Concerns

Small Business offerors located in underutilized business zones, called "HUBZones," will be evaluated in accordance with FAR Clause 52.219-4, NOTICE OF PRICE EVALUATION PREFERENCE FOR HUBZONE SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS, which is incorporated by reference in ARTICLE I.3. of this solicitation. Qualified HUBZone firms are identified in the Small Business Administration website at <http://www.sba.gov/hubzone>.

8. Extent of Small Disadvantaged Business Participation

In accordance with FAR Subpart 15.304(c)(4), the extent of participation of Small Disadvantaged Business (SDB) concerns in performance of the contract in the authorized NAICS Industry Subsectors shall be evaluated in unrestricted competitive acquisitions expected to exceed \$550,000 (\$1,000,000 for construction) subject to certain limitations (see FAR 19.1202-1 and 19.1202-2(b)). The dollar amounts cited above include any option years/option quantities that may be included in this solicitation. The definition of a "small disadvantaged business" is cited in FAR 19.001.

The factor entitled "Extent of Small Disadvantaged Business Participation" as set forth under the Evaluation Criteria in Section M shall be used for evaluation purposes.

The Department of Commerce determines, on an annual basis, by Subsectors, as contained in the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes, and region, if any, the authorized SDB procurement mechanisms and applicable factors (percentages). The NAICS codes can be found at: <http://www.sba.gov/size>

The Department of Commerce website for the annual determination for NAICS codes* is: <http://www.arnet.gov/References/sdbadjustments.htm>.

** Note: Public Law 103-355 which authorized the SDB Price Evaluation Adjustment (PEA) and associated percentages/factors expired on December 9, 2004, therefore, the percentages shown at this website are no longer applicable.*

Offerors shall include with their offers, SDB targets, expressed as dollars and percentages of total contract value, in each of the applicable, authorized NAICS Industry Subsector(s). The applicable authorized NAICS Industry Subsector(s) for this project is (are) identified elsewhere in this RFP. A total target for SDB participation by the Prime Contractor, that includes any joint ventures and team members, shall be provided as well as a total target for SDB participation by subcontractors. In addition, offerors must provide information that describes their plans for meeting the targets set forth in their proposal. **This information shall be provided in one clearly marked section of the Business Proposal, which shall describe the extent of participation of SDB concerns in the performance of the contract.**

If the evaluation factor in this solicitation includes an SDB evaluation factor or subfactor that considers the extent to which SDB concerns are specifically identified, the SDB concerns considered in the

evaluation shall be listed in any resultant contract. Offerors should note that addressing the extent of small disadvantaged business participation **is not in any way intended to be a substitute** for submission of the subcontracting plan, if it is required by this solicitation. An example of the type of information that might be given (in addition to the narrative describing the plan for meeting the targets) follows:

EXAMPLE

Targets for SDB Participation - NAICS Industry Subsector 223

	SDB Percentage of Total Contract Value	SDB Dollars
Total Contract Value- \$1,000,000	25%	\$250,000
SDB Participation by Prime	10%	\$100,000
(Includes joint venture partners and team arrangements)*		
SDB Participation by subcontractors	15%	\$150,000

*Note: FAR Subpart 9.6 defines "Contractor team arrangements" to include two or more companies forming a partnership or joint venture to act as a potential Prime Contractor, or a potential Prime Contractor who agrees with one or more companies to have them act as its subcontractors on a specific contract or acquisition program. For purposes of evaluation of the SDB participation factor, FAR 19.1202-4 requires that SDB joint ventures and teaming arrangements at the prime level be presented separately from SDB participation by subcontractors.

9. Other Administrative Data

a. Property

1. It is HHS policy that Contractors will provide all property necessary for contract performance. Exception may be granted to provide Government property (Government-furnished or Contractor-acquired), but only when approved by the Contracting Officer. If the offeror requests that Government property be provided, other than that specified under "Government Furnished Property," below, the proposal must include a comprehensive justification addressing the following items:
 - a. State why the property is essential to contract performance and whether the property will be used exclusively for this contract.
 - b. Describe other alternatives (e.g., purchase, lease, etc.) pursued and why they were not viable options.

2. Government Property

The offeror shall identify Government property in its possession which it proposes to use in the performance of the prospective contract as follows:

- a. A list or description of all Government property that the offeror or its subcontractors propose to use on a rent-free basis. The list shall identify the accountable contract under which the property is held and the authorization for its use (from the Contracting Officer having cognizance of the property);
- b. The dates during which the property will be available for use (including the first, last, and all intervening months) and, for any property that will be used concurrently in performing two or more contracts, the amounts of the respective uses in sufficient detail to support prorating the rent;
- c. The amount of rent that would otherwise be charged in accordance with FAR 52.245-9, Use and Charges; and
- d. The voluntary consensus standard or industry leading practices and standards to be used in the management of Government property, or existing property management plans, methods, practices, or procedures for accounting for property.

NOTE: The Contracting Officer will consider any potentially unfair competitive advantage that may result from the Contractor possessing Government property, and for evaluation purposes only, adjust the offers using a rental equivalent evaluation factor, as appropriate.

3. Government-Furnished Property

No Government Furnished Property is offered for this acquisition

4. The management and control of any Government property shall be in accordance with the HHS Publication entitled, "HHS Contracting Guide for Contract of Government Property," which can be found at: [http://rcb.cancer.gov/rcb-internet/reference/Appendix_Q_HHS Contracting Guide.pdf](http://rcb.cancer.gov/rcb-internet/reference/Appendix_Q_HHS_Contracting_Guide.pdf)

b. Submission of Electronic Funds Transfer Information with Offer, FAR Clause 52.232-38 (MAY 1999)

The offeror shall provide, with its offer, the following information that is required to make payment by electronic funds transfer (EFT) under any contract that results from this solicitation. This submission satisfies the requirement to provide EFT information under paragraphs (b)(1) and (j) of the clause at 52.232 34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer Other than Central Contractor Registration.

- (1) The solicitation number (or other procurement identification number).*
- (2) The offeror's name and remittance address, as stated in the offer.*
- (3) The signature (manual or electronic, as appropriate), title, and telephone number of the offeror's official authorized to provide this information.*
- (4) The name, address, and 9 digit Routing Transit Number of the offeror's financial agent.*
- (5) The offeror's account number and the type of account (checking, savings, or lockbox).*
- (6) If applicable, the Fedwire Transfer System telegraphic abbreviation of the offeror's financial agent.*
- (7) If applicable, the offeror shall also provide the name, address, telegraphic abbreviation, and 9 digit Routing Transit Number of the correspondent financial institution receiving the wire transfer payment if the offeror's financial agent is not*

directly on line to the Fedwire and, therefore, not the receiver of the wire transfer payment.

(End of Provision)

c. Financial Capacity

The offeror shall indicate if it has the necessary financial capacity, working capital, and other resources to perform the contract without assistance from any outside source. If not, indicate the amount required and the anticipated source.

d. Facilities Capital Cost of Money, FAR 52.215-16, (June 2003)

(This is applicable if you are a commercial organization.)

(a) Facilities capital cost of money will be an allowable cost under the contemplated contract, if the criteria for allowability in FAR 31.205-10(b) are met. One of the allowability criteria requires the prospective Contractor to propose facilities capital cost of money in its offer.

(b) If the prospective Contractor does not propose this cost, the resulting contract will include the clause Waiver of Facilities Capital Cost of Money.

(End of Provision)

If the offeror elects to claim this cost, the offeror shall specifically identify or propose it in the cost proposal for the contract by checking the appropriate box below.

[] Fac Cap Cost of Money (Has)*The prospective Contractor **has** specifically identified or proposed facilities capital cost of money in its cost proposal and elects to claim this cost as an allowable cost under the contract. Submit Form CASB-CMF (see FAR 31.205-10).*

[] Fac Cap Cost of Money (Has Not) ***has not** specifically identified or proposed facilities capital cost of money in its proposal and elects not to claim it as an allowable cost under the contract.*

10. Qualifications of the Offeror

You are requested to submit a summary of your "General Experience, Organizational Experience Related to this RFP, Performance History and Pertinent Contracts."

a. General Experience

General experience is defined as general background, experience and qualifications of the offeror. A discussion of proposed facilities which can be devoted to the project may be appropriate.

b. Organizational Experience Related to the BAA

Organizational experience is defined as the accomplishment of work, either past or on-going, which is comparable or related to the effort required by this BAA. This includes overall offeror or corporate experience, **but not** the experience and/or past performance of individuals who are proposed as personnel involved with the Statement of Work in this BAA.

c. Performance History

Performance history is defined as meeting contract objectives within **delivery** and **cost schedules** on efforts, either past or on-going, which is comparable or related to the effort required by this BAA.

d. Pertinent Contracts

Pertinent contracts is defined as a listing of each related contract completed within the last three years or currently in process. The listing should include: 1) the contract number; 2) contracting agency; 3) contract dollar value; 4) dates contract began and ended (or ends); 5) description of contract work; 6) explanation of relevance of work to this BAA; 7) actual delivery and cost performance versus delivery and cost agreed to in the contract(s). For award fee contracts, separately state in dollars the base fee and award fee available and the award fee actually received. The same type of organizational experience and past performance data should be submitted.

e. Pertinent Grants

List grants supported by the Government that involved similar or related work to that called for in this BAA. Include the grant number, involved agency, names of the grant specialist and the Science Administrator, identification of the work, and when performed.

You are cautioned that omission or an inadequate or inaccurate response to this very important BAA requirement could have a negative effect on the overall selection process. Experience and past performance are factors which are relevant to the ability of the offerors to perform and are considered in the source selection process.

11. Subcontractors

If subcontractors are proposed, please include a commitment letter from the subcontractor detailing:

- a. Willingness to perform as a subcontractor for specific duties (list duties).
- b. What priority the work will be given and how it will relate to other work.
- c. The amount of time and facilities available to this project.
- d. Information on their cognizant field audit offices.
- e. How rights to publications and patents are to be handled.
- f. A complete cost proposal in the same format as the offeror's cost proposal.

Note: Organizations that plan to enter into a subcontract with an educational concern under a contract awarded under this RFP should refer to the following Web Site for a listing of clauses that are required to be incorporated in Research & Development (R&D) subcontracts with educational institutions:

<http://ocm.od.nih.gov/contracts/rfps/FDP/FDPclausecover.htm>

12. Proposer's Annual Financial Report

A copy of the organization's most recent annual report must be submitted as part of the business proposal.

13. Travel Costs/Travel Policy

a. Travel Policy

One copy of the offeror's (and any proposed subcontractor's) written travel policy shall be included in the business proposal (original only). If an offeror (or any proposed subcontractor) does not have a written travel policy, the offeror shall so state.

14. Certification of Visas for Non-U.S. Citizens

Proposed personnel under research projects are not required to be citizens of the United States. However, if non-U.S. citizens are proposed under a contract to be performed in the United States and its outlying areas, then the offeror must indicate in the proposal that these individuals have the required visas.

SECTION M - EVALUATION FACTORS FOR AWARD

The evaluation will be based on the demonstrated capabilities of the prospective Contractors in relation to the needs of the project as set forth in the RFP. The merits of each proposal will be evaluated carefully. Each proposal must document the feasibility of successful implementation of the requirements of the RFP. Offerors must submit information sufficient to evaluate their proposals based on the detailed criteria listed below.

1. COST/PRICE EVALUATION

Offeror(s) cost/price proposal will be evaluated for reasonableness. For a price to be reasonable, it must represent a price to the government that a prudent person would pay when consideration is given to prices in the market. Normally, price reasonableness is established through adequate price competition, but may also be determined through cost and price analysis techniques as described in FAR 15.404.

Cost Realism: The specific elements of each offeror(s) proposed costs are realistic when the proposed cost elements are evaluated and found to: 1) be realistic for the work to be performed; 2) reflect a clear understanding of the requirements; and 3) be consistent with the unique methods of performance and materials described in the offeror(s) technical proposal.

Realism will be evaluated only on the offeror(s) inputs which the Government will use to determine the most probable cost to perform the contract in a manner consistent with the offeror's proposal. Cost realism analysis will be conducted in accordance with FAR 15.404-1(d). The result of the cost realism analysis will be considered in the making the best value tradeoff decision.

2. HUMAN SUBJECT EVALUATION

This research project involves human subjects. NIH Policy requires:

a. Protection of Human Subjects from Research Risks

The offeror's proposal must address the involvement of human subjects and protections from research risk relating to their participation, or provide sufficient information on the research subjects to allow a determination by NCI that a designated exemption is appropriate.

If you claim that this research should be considered exempt from coverage by the Federal Regulations at 45 CFR 46, the proposal should address why you believe it is exempt, and under which exemption it applies.

The reviewers will evaluate the proposal with regard to four issues: Risks to Human Subjects, Adequacy of Protection Against Risks, Potential Benefits of the Proposed Research to the Subjects and Others, and Importance of the Knowledge to be Gained. See Section L for a complete discussion of what is required to be addressed for each of these issues. Based on the response to this criterion, this section of the proposal may be rated "unacceptable" (i.e., concerns are identified as to the protections described against risk to human subjects or no discussion is found regarding protections against risk to human subjects) or "acceptable." If the reviewers find that this portion of the proposal is "unacceptable" they will provide a narrative supporting their finding.

If the Government includes your proposal in the order of merit ranking, or if the Government holds discussions with the selected source (for sole source acquisitions), you will be afforded the opportunity to address the concerns raised by the reviewers. You will be able to further discuss and/or clarify your position until submission of your Final Proposal Revision (FPR). Once discussions are closed with the submission of your FPR, if your proposed plan for the protection of human subjects from research risks is still found to be unacceptable, then your proposal may not be considered further for award.

b. Women and Minorities

Women and members of minority groups and their subpopulations must be included in the study population of research involving human subjects, unless a clear and compelling rationale and justification are provided indicating that inclusion is inappropriate with respect to the health of the subjects or the purpose of the research. In addition, for NIH-Defined Phase III clinical trials, all proposals and/or protocols must provide a description of plans to conduct analyses, as appropriate, to detect significant differences in intervention effect (see NIH Guide http://grants.nih.gov/grants/funding/women_min/guidelines_amended_10_2001.htm , Definitions - Significant Difference) by sex/gender, racial/ethnic groups, and relevant subpopulations, if applicable, unless the Government has specified that this solicitation involves a sex/gender specific study or a single or limited number of minority population groups. The proposal also must include one of the following plans:

- Plans to conduct valid analysis to detect significant differences in intervention effect among sex/gender and/or racial/ethnic subgroups when prior studies strongly support these significant differences among subgroups,

OR

- Plans to include and analyze sex/gender and/or racial/ethnic subgroups when prior studies strongly support no significant differences in intervention effect between subgroups (representation of sex/gender and/or racial/ethnic groups as subject selection criterion is not required; however, inclusion and analyses are encouraged),

OR

- Plans to conduct valid analyses of the intervention effect in sex/gender and/or racial/ethnic subgroups (without requiring high statistical power for each subgroup) when the prior studies neither support nor negate significant differences in intervention effect between subgroups.

Also, the proposal must address the proposed outreach programs for recruiting women and minorities as participants.

Reviewers will consider the areas covered here and in Section L of the solicitation in narrative form in their evaluation. Some of the issues they will evaluate include:

- whether the plan proposed includes minorities and both genders in adequate representation
- how the offeror addresses the inclusion of women and members of minority groups and their subpopulations in the development of a proposal that is appropriate to the scientific objectives of the solicitation
- the description of the proposed study populations in terms of sex/gender and racial/ethnic groups and the rationale for selection of such subjects
- if exclusion is proposed, that the rationale is appropriate with respect to the health of the subjects and/or to the purpose of the research.
- In addition, for gender exclusion, the reviewers will examine the rationale to determine if it is because:
 - the purpose of the research constrains the offeror's selection of study participants by gender (e.g., uniquely valuable stored specimens or existing datasets are single gender; very small numbers of subjects are involved; or
 - overriding factors dictate selection of subjects); or
 - gender representation of specimens or existing datasets cannot be accurately determined, and this does not compromise the scientific objectives of the research.

- For minority group exclusion, the reviewers will examine the rationale to determine if those minority groups are excluded because:
 - inclusion of those groups would be inappropriate with respect to their health; or
 - inclusion of those groups would be inappropriate with respect to the purpose of the research.
- For NIH-defined Phase III clinical trials, reviewers will also consider whether there is an adequate description of plans to conduct analyses to detect significant differences of clinical or public health importance in intervention effect(s) by sex/gender and/or racial ethnic subgroups when the intervention effect(s) is expected in the primary analyses, or if there is an adequate description of plans to conduct valid analyses of the intervention effect in subgroups when the intervention effect(s) is not expected in the primary analyses.

If you determine that inclusion of women and minority populations is not feasible, you must submit a detailed rationale and justification for exclusion of one or both groups from the study population with the technical proposal. The Government will review the rationale to determine if it is appropriate with respect to the health of the subjects and/or the purpose of the research

Based on the evaluation of the response to this criterion, this section of the proposal may be rated "unacceptable" (i.e., no discussion can be found regarding the proposed gender/minority inclusion plans, or concerns are identified as to the gender or minority representation, or the proposal does not adequately address limited representation of one gender or minority; or the plan is not in accordance with NIH policy guidelines) or "acceptable." See Section L of the solicitation for the requirements of women/minorities inclusion. If the reviewers find that this portion of the proposal is "unacceptable" they will provide a narrative supporting their finding.

If the Government includes your proposal in the competitive range (for competitive proposals), or if the Government holds discussions with the selected source (for sole source acquisitions), you will be afforded the opportunity to address the concerns raised by the reviewers. You will be able to further discuss and/or clarify your position until submission of your Final Proposal Revision (FPR). Once discussions are closed with the submission of your FPR, if your proposed plan for the inclusion/exclusion of women and minorities is still found to be unacceptable, then your proposal may not be considered further for award.

c. **Children**

Children (i.e. individuals under the age of 21) must be included in all human subject research unless there are clear and compelling reasons not to include them.

Your proposal must include a description of plans for including children. If you plan to exclude children from the required research, your proposal must present an acceptable justification for the exclusion. If you determine that exclusion of a specific age range of child is appropriate, your proposal must also address the rationale for such exclusion. Also, the plan must include a description of the expertise of the investigative team for dealing with children at the ages included, of the appropriateness of the available facilities to accommodate the children, and the inclusion of a sufficient number of children to contribute to a meaningful analysis relative to the purpose/objective of the solicitation. Also, see Section L of the solicitation for further specific requirements on inclusion of children.

Based on the reviewers' evaluation of the offeror's response, this section of the proposal may be rated "unacceptable" (i.e., no discussion can be found regarding the proposed inclusion plans for children; or concerns are identified as to the offeror's response regarding the inclusion of children; or the plan is not in accordance with NIH policy guidelines) or "acceptable." If the reviewers find that this portion of the proposal is "unacceptable" they will provide a narrative supporting their finding.

If the Government includes your proposal in the order of merit ranking, or if the Government holds discussions with the selected source (for sole source acquisitions), you will be afforded the opportunity to address the concerns raised by the reviewers. You will be able to further discuss and/or clarify your position until submission of your Final Proposal Revision (FPR). Once discussions are closed with the submission of your FPR, if your proposed plan for the inclusion of children is still found to be unacceptable, then your proposal may not be considered further for award.

d. Data and Safety Monitoring

The offeror's proposal must include a general description of the Data and Safety Monitoring Plan for all clinical trials. The principles of data and safety monitoring require that all biomedical and behavioral clinical trials be monitored to ensure the safe and effective conduct of human subjects research, and to recommend conclusion of the trial when significant benefits or risks are identified or if it is unlikely that the trial can be concluded successfully. Risks associated with participation in research must be minimized to the extent practical and the method and degree of monitoring should be commensurate with risk. Additionally, all plans must include procedures for adverse event reporting. Finally, generally, for Phase III clinical trials, the establishment of a Data and Safety Monitoring Board (DSMB) is required, whereas for Phase I and II clinical trials, the establishment of a DSMB is optional. The reviewers will rely on the Statement of Work and Section L in the solicitation, as well as any further technical evaluation criteria in this Section M, as applicable, for the solicitation's specific requirements for data and safety monitoring.

As a part of the evaluation for proposals, the reviewers will consider the acceptability of the proposed data and safety monitoring plan with respect to the potential risks to human participants, complexity of study design, and methods for data analysis. Based on the evaluation of the response to this criterion, this section of the proposal may be rated "unacceptable" (i.e., concerns are identified as to the adequacy of the monitoring plan or no discussion can be found regarding the proposed monitoring plans) or "acceptable." If the reviewers find that this portion of the proposal is "unacceptable" they will provide a narrative supporting their finding.

If the Government includes your proposal in the order of merit ranking, or if the Government holds discussions with the selected source (for sole source acquisitions), you will be afforded the opportunity to address the concerns raised by the reviewers. You will be able to further discuss and/or clarify your position until submission of your Final Proposal Revision (FPR). Once discussions are closed with the submission of your FPR, if your proposed plan for data and safety monitoring is still found to be unacceptable, then your proposal may not be considered further for award.

3. EVALUATION OF OPTIONS

It is anticipated that any contract(s) awarded from this solicitation will contain option provision(s) and period(s).

In accordance with FAR Clause 52.217-5, Evaluation of Options, (July 1990), the Government will evaluate offers for award purposes by adding the total price for all options to the total price for the basic requirement, except when it is determined in accordance with FAR 17.206(b) not to be in the Government's best interests. Evaluation of options will not obligate the Government to exercise the option(s).

4. EVALUATION OF DATA SHARING PLAN

The offeror's plan for the sharing of final research data shall be assessed for appropriateness and adequacy.

If your proposal does not include a plan or if the plan in your proposal is considered "unacceptable," and the Government includes your proposal in the order of merit ranking, or if the Government holds discussions with the selected source (for sole source acquisitions), you will be afforded the opportunity to further discuss, clarify or modify your data sharing plan during discussions and in your Final Proposal Revision (FPR). If your data sharing plan is still considered "unacceptable" by the Government after discussions, your proposal may not be considered further for award.

5. EVALUATION OF PLAN FOR SHARING MODEL ORGANISMS FOR BIOMEDICAL RESEARCH

The offeror's proposal must address the plans for sharing model organisms, OR state appropriate reasons why such sharing is restricted or not possible. Offerors must also address as part of the sharing plan if, or how, they will exercise their intellectual property rights while making model organisms and research resources available to the broader scientific community. The discussion areas regarding intellectual property outlined in Section L should be addressed.

If your proposal does not include a plan, appropriate reasons for restricting sharing, or, if the plan in your proposal is considered "unacceptable," and the Government includes your proposal in the order of merit ranking, or if the Government holds discussions with the selected source (for sole source acquisitions), you will be afforded the opportunity to further discuss, clarify or modify your plan for sharing model organisms during discussions and in your Final Proposal Revision (FPR). If your plan for sharing model organisms is still considered "unacceptable," or your justification for restricting sharing is still considered inappropriate by the Government after discussions, your proposal may not be considered further for award.

6. TECHNICAL EVALUATION CRITERIA

The evaluation criteria are used by the peer review group when reviewing the technical proposals. As no common statement of work exists, each proposal will be evaluated on its own merits as well as with regard to its relevance to the program goals rather than against other proposals for research in the same general area. The criteria and sub-criteria below are listed in the order of relative importance with weights assigned for evaluation purposes.

OFFERORS AND REVIEWERS ARE ADVISED TO REFER TO SECTION L AND THE ATTACHMENT ENTITLED "ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL PROPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS" OF THIS SOLICITATION PACKAGE FOR GUIDANCE AND INFORMATION RELATED TO THE PREPARATION OF TECHNICAL PROPOSALS.

CRITERIA

WEIGHT

CRITERION 1: SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL MERIT

60

A. Adequacy, feasibility, soundness, and scientific and technical merit of the offeror's proposed methods and approaches to meet the overall research and technical objectives of the proposed clinical research.

B. Adequacy, feasibility, applicability, and demonstrated understanding of the proposed approach to successfully complete each of the requirements specified in the offeror's proposed Statement of Work, including proposed solutions for resolving potential methodological and inferential problems.

C. Adequacy, relevance and appropriateness of the proposed research design, data analysis techniques, and supporting documentation that demonstrate the offeror's ability to meet the proposed goals and objectives

CRITERION 2: SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL PERSONNEL

20

A. Principal Investigator (PI): Appropriateness and adequacy of the education, training, experience, expertise, qualifications and effort of the proposed PI to accomplish the proposed clinical research in compliance with all current Federal regulations (21 CFR 11; 45CFR 46 and /or similar regulations).

B. Scientific and Technical Personnel: Appropriateness and adequacy of the education, training, experience, expertise, qualifications and effort of all proposed scientific and technical personnel, including clinical investigators, laboratory personnel, statisticians for study design/analysis, data management personnel, and any proposed subcontractors and consultants, to accomplish the research and technical objectives.

CRITERION 3: PROJECT MANAGEMENT AND ORGANIZATIONAL CAPABILITY AND EXPERIENCE

10

A. Adequacy of the management approach in terms of staffing, organization, communication, responsibilities, leadership, and lines of authority, as well as management of subcontracts and consultants.

B. Adequacy of the proposed methods of coordination, monitoring, and central management of all activities, including appropriate milestones.

C. Adequacy and feasibility of plans, which are practical, sound and timely, for the collection, management, security, and dissemination of data.

D. Experience and capability of the organization, as well as proposed subcontractors and consultants, if any, with similar projects of comparable size and scope.

CRITERION 4: FACILITIES, EQUIPMENT, AND OTHER RESOURCES

10

Availability and adequacy of the necessary facilities, equipment, and other resources to successfully implement the proposed research.

TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS: 100

7. EXTENT OF SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS PARTICIPATION

SDB participation will not be scored, but the Government's conclusions about overall commitment and realism of the offeror's SDB Participation targets will be used in determining the relative merits of the offeror's proposal and in selecting the offeror whose proposal is considered to offer the best value to the Government.

The extent of the offeror's Small Disadvantaged Business Participation Targets will be evaluated before determination of the competitive range. Evaluation of SDB participation will be assessed based on consideration of the information presented in the offeror's proposal. The Government is seeking to determine whether the offeror has demonstrated a commitment to use SDB concerns for the work that it intends to perform.

Offers will be evaluated on the following sub-factors:

- a. Extent to which SDB concerns are specifically identified
- b. Extent of commitment to use SDB concerns
- c. Complexity and variety of the work SDB concerns are to perform
- d. Realism of the proposal
- e. Past performance of offerors in complying with subcontracting plan goals for SDB concerns and monetary targets for SDB participation
- f. Extent of participation of SDB concerns in terms of the value of the total acquisition.

ATTACHMENT 1: PACKAGING AND DELIVERY OF THE PROPOSAL
TARGETED CLINICAL RESEARCH TO ADDRESS SELECT VIRAL INFECTIONS
BAA-NIAID-DMID-NIHAI2010101

PAPER SUBMISSION: The paper copy is the official copy for recording timely receipt of proposals.

SUBMISSION OF PROPOSALS BY FACSIMILE OR E-MAIL IS NOT ACCEPTABLE.

A. EXTERNAL PACKAGE MARKING:

In addition to the address cited below, mark each package as follows:

"BAA-NIAID-DMID-NIHAI2010101
TO BE OPENED BY AUTHORIZED GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL ONLY"

B. PAPER COPIES and CD-Rom to:

If Hand Delivery or Express Service	If using U.S. Postal Service
John Outen Contract Specialist Office of Acquisitions, DEA, NIAID, NIH 6700-B Rockledge Drive, Room 3214, MSC 7612 Bethesda, Maryland 20817	John Outen Contract Specialist Office of Acquisitions, DEA, NIAID, NIH 6700-B Rockledge Drive, Room 3214, MSC 7612 Bethesda, Maryland 20892-7612

NOTE: All material sent to this office by Federal Express should be sent to the Hand Carried Address.

NOTE: The U.S. Postal Service's "Express Mail" does not deliver to the hand delivered (20817 zip code) address. Any package sent to this address via this service will be held at a local post office for pick-up. THE GOVERNMENT IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR PICKING UP ANY MAIL AT A LOCAL POST OFFICE. If a proposal is not received at the place, date, and time specified herein, it will be considered a "late proposal," in accordance with FAR Clause 52.215-1, Instructions to Offerors – Competitive Acquisition.

C. NUMBER OF COPIES:

TOTAL PAGE COUNT DOES NOT INCLUDE: Cover/Title Page and Back Page; NIH-2043; Table of Contents; Section Dividers that do not contain information other than title of Section.

PAGES THAT ARE 2-SIDED WILL COUNT AS 2 PAGES.

FORMATTING AND LAYOUT:

Use your usual word processing and spreadsheet programs to prepare and format the technical and business proposals. **If documents are submitted using Adobe .pdf, the document should be submitted using a .pdf searchable format.**

- Type size must be 10 to 12 points.
- Type spacing should be no more than 15 characters per inch. Within a vertical inch, there must be no more than six lines of text.
- Print margins must be at least one inch on each edge of the paper.
- Print setup should be single-sided on standard letter size paper (8.5 x 11" in the U.S., A4 in Europe).
- Proposals shall NOT include links to Internet Web site addresses (URLs) or otherwise direct readers to alternate sources of information.

CREATING AND NAMING ELECTRONIC FILES:

1. A separate CD should be submitted for the Technical Proposal and Business Proposal information. *Offerors who submit both Technical and Business Proposals on the same CD will be required to resubmit them on separate CDs.*
2. Files on CDs should be named using the following format:

Company name / RFP number / technical / ** /date

** if multiple files are submitted for the technical proposal, please include the name of the section in the file name.

EXAMPLE: XYX Company/07-16/Technical/Approach/3-6-06

Company name / RFP number / business / ** / date

** if multiple files are submitted for the business proposal, please include the name of the section in the file name.

EXAMPLE: XYX Company/07-16/Business/Staffing/3-6-06

THE NUMBER OF COPIES AND APPLICABLE PAGE LIMITATIONS REQUIRED OF EACH PART OF YOUR PROPOSAL ARE AS SPECIFIED BELOW.

PAGES IN EXCESS OF THIS LIMITATION WILL BE REMOVED FROM THE PROPOSAL AND WILL NOT BE PROVIDED TO THE REVIEWERS TO BE READ OR EVALUATED.

OFFERORS MUST CERTIFY THAT THE INFORMATION IN THE PAPER AND ELECTRONIC COPIES IS EXACTLY THE SAME.

Document	Number of Copies	Page Limits
Technical Proposal and all Appendices and Case Studies	<p><u>PAPER</u> One (1) unbound SIGNED ORIGINAL. Seven (7) unbound COPIES</p> <p><u>ELECTRONIC FILES ON CD</u> Seven (7) Compact Disks containing an electronic copy of the Technical Proposal (including all Appendices and Case Studies)</p>	Not to Exceed 150 pages
Business Proposal	<p><u>PAPER</u> One (1) unbound SIGNED ORIGINAL. Five (5) unbound COPIES</p> <p><u>ELECTRONIC FILES ON CD</u> Five (5) Compact Disks containing an electronic copy of the Business Proposal</p>	N/A
Breakdown of Proposed Estimated Cost using Electronic Cost Proposal EXCEL Workbook	<p>This Attachment to the Business Proposal should be submitted as a separate EXCEL file on the Business Proposal Compact Disk.</p> <p>See Section J, Attachment entitled Breakdown of Proposed Estimated Costs (plus Fee) with Excel Spreadsheet to access the Excel Workbook.</p>	N/A

PROPOSAL INTENT RESPONSE FORM

RFP No:

RFP Title:

Please review the Request for Proposal (RFP). Furnish the information requested below and return this page to the Contracting Officer/Contract Specialist identified on **Section A-Solicitation/Contract Form** by

Your expression of intent is not binding but will greatly assist us in planning for proposal evaluation.

Choose one of the following Options:

Do intend to submit a proposal

Do Not intend to submit a proposal

If you are not responding to this RFP, please provide your reason(s):

Please provide the following contact information:

Name (First, Middle Initial, Last):

Title:

Organization:

E-mail:

ATTACHMENT 3: BACKGROUND and INTRODUCTION

TARGETED CLINICAL RESEARCH TO ADDRESS SELECT VIRAL INFECTIONS BAA NUMBER NIAID-DMID-NIHAI2010101

Research supported and conducted by the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID), the National Institutes of Health (NIH), the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) strives to understand, treat and ultimately prevent the myriad infectious, immunologic, and allergic diseases that threaten millions of human lives. The NIAID Division of Microbiology and Infectious Diseases (DMID) supports extramural research to control and prevent diseases caused by virtually all infectious agents, with the exception of the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). This includes basic and applied research to develop and evaluate therapeutics, vaccines, and diagnostics, which are funded through a variety of research grants and contracts.

Rare and/or emerging viral diseases are associated with significant morbidity and mortality and economic costs worldwide. Treatment options are typically sparse, and in many cases, information is limited on the actual disease spectrum. Although many of the disease syndromes, conditions and manifestations caused by viruses are relatively benign and self-limited in the normal host, they are often much more severe in immunocompromised, elderly, pregnant women or neonatal and other pediatric patient populations, the study of which provides unique and special challenges.

The development of new therapies or therapeutic strategies for rare viral diseases or viral diseases in special populations is a serious unmet medical need. The pharmaceutical industry is primarily focused on the development of therapies for chronic viral infections, such as HIV, hepatitis B and hepatitis C. The development of therapies for rare/emerging viral diseases has not been an industry priority due to potentially limited markets and/or high development costs. In addition, the development of therapies/treatment modalities for many rare and/or emerging viral diseases is frequently impeded by the lack of data required to sufficiently characterize the natural clinical disease spectrum associated with the infection or to identify appropriate clinical or surrogate endpoints for therapeutic studies.

The purpose of this solicitation is to advance the development of therapeutic strategies for select rare and/or emerging viral diseases. The NIAID is aware that many of these diseases and the patient populations that are most affected may not be amenable to traditional product development/common clinical trial methodologies. Thus the use of alternative and innovative research methods, product development approaches, and clinical trial design strategies is encouraged where appropriate and valid. A variety of clinical study approaches will be considered, including natural history studies, retrospective analysis of existing data (either in patient charts or other databases), and interventional clinical trials. Adaptive clinical trial designs are encouraged, when appropriate. The assessment of laboratory surrogate markers for clinical response, enhanced use of existing therapies, evaluation of new therapeutic drugs and the development of resistance to important antiviral drugs are important aspects and may be included in any study proposed. **Contracts awarded under this BAA will not support the design and conduct of Phase III clinical trials.**

Offerors may submit proposals for more than one study; however, a separate Technical and Business Proposal is required for each study. If more than one proposal is selected from a single Offeror, the NIAID reserves the right to negotiate costs to provide for economy of scale.

The NIAID recognizes that product development is an iterative process and new developments may occur during a clinical trial and/or study that result in the loss of feasibility or viability of a particular approach or therapy. For studies with investigational products, the NIAID reserves the right to determine, at any time during the contract period of performance, that a particular candidate product to be studied or under evaluation has not demonstrated sufficient potential or safety to merit further investment in the development and evaluation of that candidate product.

As part of oversight of clinical research funded by the NIAID the contractor is responsible for adhering to all post-award requirements regarding clinical research studies and the development and implementation of all clinical trial protocols as described in the Post-Award Requirements section contained within Attachment entitled "Research and Technical Objectives" and as required and specified by DMID, NIAID, NIH, DHHS and all Federal and other applicable (i.e., foreign) guidelines, regulations and policies, including submitting to the NIAID all safety information necessary for appropriate pharmacovigilance, safety oversight, and site monitoring.

The NIAID may negotiate applicable milestones, decision points, research plans, process, schedule, budget, or products with the proposed offerer prior to award.

The NIAID is aware that no single organization or institution may have the expertise and facilities required to perform all parts of their Statement of Work. Therefore, it may be necessary for the contractor to subcontract a portion of the work. The contractor shall be responsible for ALL work performed under this contract, including that performed by any subcontractor(s).

ATTACHMENT 4: RESEARCH AND TECHNICAL OBJECTIVES

TARGETED CLINICAL RESEARCH TO ADDRESS SELECT VIRAL INFECTIONS BAA NUMBER NIAID-DMID-NIHAI2001101

The primary objective of this solicitation is to support clinical trials and clinical studies to further the development of therapies for select rare and emerging viral diseases. This solicitation targets the evaluation of new or existing therapies (alone or in combination) in a variety of underserved or special patient populations (e.g., immunosuppressed patients (non-HIV); pediatric patients, elderly patients). Because many of the targeted diseases may not be clinically well characterized, appropriate natural history studies may be necessary. When appropriate, the use of innovative or adaptive clinical trial designs, particularly in cases where the disease incidence is rare or the patient population presents unique challenges, is encouraged.

Contracts to be awarded under this BAA will support a variety of clinical study approaches, including natural history studies (e.g., the design and conduct of natural history studies to characterize the clinical presentation of the viral illness as a way to identify and validate potential clinical surrogate markers for future antiviral efficacy trials), retrospective analysis of existing data (either in patient charts or other databases), and interventional clinical trials (Phase I, II and IV only; **contracts awarded under this BAA will not support Phase III clinical trials**). Adaptive clinical trial designs are encouraged, when appropriate. The assessment of laboratory surrogate markers for clinical response, enhanced use of existing therapies, evaluation of new therapeutic drugs and the development of resistance to important antiviral drugs are important aspects and may be included in any study proposed.

For the purposes of this BAA, the disease areas/study types that will be supported are limited to the following (proposals describing areas other than those listed will not be supported):

- Serious herpesvirus diseases (particularly CMV and EBV), serious adenovirus infections, and BK virus infections in immunocompromised (non-HIV) hosts;
- Serious herpesvirus diseases (CMV and HSV) and enterovirus disease in pediatric patients;
- Herpesvirus infections, particularly post-herpetic neuralgia and West Nile virus in elderly patients;
- Flavivirus infections in the general population; and
- Natural history studies for any of the diseases listed above to identify biomarkers that may be useful in the design of future therapeutic studies.

Eligible clinical trials/studies include:

- Trials of therapeutic safety and effectiveness (particularly in underserved populations);
- Assessment of the natural history of the diseases listed above to assist in the design of treatment trials with useful endpoints;
- Validation of biomarkers (including pharmaco-genetic biomarkers) of clinical responses and safety in antiviral therapy;
- Validation of diagnostic tests for predicting clinical response to therapy;
- Proof of principle studies to further product development;
- Exposure/exposure-response studies (using pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic /pharmacodynamic approaches) to optimize therapies;
- Assessment of the emergence of resistance to antiviral therapies; or
- Analysis of existing databases or patient charts.

For the contract(s) awarded under the BAA, the contractor shall:

- Be responsible for the design and development of the clinical protocol, protocol-related documents (e.g., case report forms, manual of operations, consent form, and protocol amendments);
- Be responsible for implementation and conduct of the clinical trial in accordance with all applicable Federal and international regulatory requirements and standards, and in accordance with NIH, NIAID, and DMID standards and policies;
- Manage and oversee the conduct of the clinical research (trial or study) at all clinical sites;
- Provide necessary clinical research support services, including development and implementation of data management and quality control systems/procedures; statistical design and analysis for each protocol; any necessary central laboratory facilities; and the development of site specific quality management plans in accordance with DMID policies;
- Provide all expertise needed for the implementation of the approved protocol and expertise for all ancillary clinical, statistical, data management, project management and laboratory procedures;

- Provide for the receipt, shipping, storage, tracking, testing and archiving of any clinical specimens as related to the proposed protocol and for the necessary protocol specified analysis of clinical samples as required by the protocol;
- Provide all necessary documents to DMID for the filing of Investigational New Drug (IND) or Investigational Device Exemption (IDE) submissions; (Note: The necessity for an IND/IDE will be determined post-award. The contractor is not expected to serve as the IND/IDE sponsor.)
- Be responsible for providing necessary information and documents to DMID, to DMID's Office of Regulatory Affairs (ORA), or to other NIH or NIAID staff as designated by the COTR (Contracting Officer's Technical Representative) for safety oversight by DMID;
- Provide all necessary equipment, facilities, personnel training and other resources, including study products (it is expected that investigational study products will be provided free of charge; see Attachment 7, Advanced Understanding); and
- Be responsible for posting of data in compliance with current Federal law with regards to clinical trials.

Statement of Work: Offeror(s) are required to develop their own Statement of Work (SOW) based on the information provided in the Attachment entitled "Research and Technical Objectives." Offerors are advised to limit the amount of proprietary data or markings in their Statement of Work. The final negotiated Statement of Work will be incorporated into the contract upon award and may be subject to release to the public. If the Statement of Work does include proprietary data or markings, offeror(s) are advised to clearly mark these portions and provide an explanation why these data/markings are proprietary.

POST-AWARD REQUIREMENTS

Please note that the following POST-AWARD requirements will apply to all awards made under this BAA.

Offerors are instructed to address responsibility for complying with these requirements in the proposed Statement of Work. Instructions for submitting documentation associated with post-award requirements will be provided by the Contracting Officer's Technical Representative (COTR) following award.

Offerors are NOT required to submit documentation to address these post-award requirements in their technical proposals.

A. Protocol Implementation Requirements

1. Contractors must develop their clinical protocols and associated documents such as the Data and Safety Monitoring Plan, in accordance with DMID standardized protocol development processes and templates (<http://www3.niaid.nih.gov/research/resources/DMIDClinRsrch/>) and must ensure that the clinical trial is conducted in accordance with all Federal and/or international regulations, as applicable, the NIAID Clinical Terms of Award. (<http://www.niaid.nih.gov/ncn/pdf/clinterm.pdf>) and, the ICH-E6-GCP guidelines.
2. The clinical protocol and all protocol-related documents, including the Manual of Operations, Investigators Brochure, Case Report Forms, and informed consent documents, must be submitted to the COTR for review by the appropriate NIAID staff and modified, as necessary, to accommodate recommendations resulting from such review. The final clinical protocol and protocol-related documents require approval by the COTR in order to proceed to the protocol implementation stage.
3. The contractor shall be required to submit, for COTR and appropriate DMID Staff to review and provide written approval of, all clinical protocols, as well as amendments and modifications to the final protocol, and protocol-related documents prior to implementation.
4. Following DMID approval of the clinical protocol, the contractor shall secure Institutional Review Board (IRB) approval and submit to the COTR, or the COTR's designee, copies of all Essential Documentation, as defined by the ICH-E6-GCP (<http://www.fda.gov/cder/guidance/959fnl.pdf>), to conduct the final, COTR approved, clinical trial for all participating clinical sites.
5. The contractor shall be required to submit a list of research-related Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) that shall be used to carry out the clinical research activities.
6. The contractor is not anticipated to serve as the IND/IDE sponsor. For those trials where an IND/IDE submission is required, DMID will serve as the IND/IDE sponsor and will assume responsibility for all required IND/IDE submissions. Necessity for an IND/IDE filing will be determined post-award. If an IND/IDE is necessary, the contractor shall be responsible for:
 - a. assisting the COTR and the DMID Office of Regulatory Affairs (ORA) as needed in preparing IND/IDE applications and amendments, pre-IND/IDE submission briefing materials, and other documents for submission to regulatory agencies;
 - b. participating in meetings and teleconferences with officials of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA); and
 - c. assisting in responding to FDA comments, questions and requests for additional information relative to IND/IDE applications/studies.
7. The contractor shall retain all study-related documents in compliance with regulatory requirements 21 CFR 312.62(c) and 45 CFR 46.115(b).

B. Clinical Trial Support Services Requirements

1. The contractor shall be required to submit a draft Data and Safety Monitoring Plan to the COTR for DMID approval.
2. **DMID will establish an independent Safety Oversight Structure, e.g., Data and Safety Monitoring Board (DSMB), to review study data and monitor the safety of study participants.** The final protocol, study data, and interim and final data analyses must be presented to the Safety Oversight Structure in accordance with the approved Data and Safety Monitoring Plan.
3. It is required that Serious Adverse Events (SAEs) must be reported on a form that contains all of the elements of the DMID SAE Report Form located at <http://www3.niaid.nih.gov/research/resources/DMIDClinRsrch/SAE.htm>. All SAE Reports must be submitted to the COTR, the DMID assigned medical monitor, and the DMID Medical Affairs/Pharmacovigilance support contractor.
4. The contractor shall respond to FDA inquiries on statistical design and statistical analysis plans pre- and post-IND submission, if required, as directed by the COTR.
5. The contractor shall be required to prepare interim analyses and reports, as requested by the DSMB or COTR, for use in monitoring and safety oversight.
6. For IND studies, the contractor shall be required to provide information necessary for DMID to file annual IND reports.

7. The contractor shall be required to prepare an ICH/FDA compliant Clinical Study Report upon completion of the clinical trial.
8. The COTR will determine, on a study-specific basis, the types of study initiation activities that may be required prior to protocol implementation. Such determinations will be based on an assessment of protocol risk, the characteristics of individual participating clinical research sites, and/or other protocol-related features. Study initiation activities shall be conducted via meetings, videoconferences or teleconferences as determined by the COTR in consultation with the Principal Investigator. The contractor shall be responsible for assisting the COTR and his/her designees in scheduling study initiation activities and developing study-specific materials; planning agendas and distributing study-specific materials, including Final Protocols and protocol-related documents, to participating clinical research site personnel; and making presentations on protocol-specific requirements and procedures.
9. The contractor and each participating clinical research site shall undergo an initial site assessment to ensure the adequacy of clinical research facilities, equipment and operating procedures, as well as appropriate training of clinical staff with respect to the conduct of human subjects research. Initial clinical site assessments will be conducted by DMID staff and/or DMID-designated entities. The contractor shall make all relevant study personnel, documentation, facilities and equipment available for such assessments and shall implement any COTR-approved corrective actions resulting from such assessments.
10. Clinical site and study monitoring visits during the conduct of interventional clinical trials will be conducted by DMID staff and/or DMID-designated entities. Clinical site and study monitoring (with the exception of the contractors' site) for non-interventional studies are the responsibility of the contractor. Clinical site monitoring of the contractor's site will be conducted by DMID staff and/or DMID-designated entities. The contractor shall make all relevant study personnel, documentation, facilities and equipment, available for such site visits and shall implement any COTR-approved corrective actions resulting from such monitoring.

C. Communications and Meetings

The contractor shall provide for effective communication with the subcontractors, the COTR, and Contracting Officer (CO) as necessary to implement the proposed protocol, including periodic teleconferences as indicated with the COTR and CO to discuss technical aspects of ongoing activities, anticipated problems or obstacles, proposed approaches to resolve problems and overcome obstacles. The contractor shall plan for the following meetings:

1. Post-award Contract Initiation Meeting - Within 90 calendar days of the effective date of the contract, the contractor shall plan, organize, conduct, and be responsible for the logistical arrangements for a Post-award Contract Initiation Meeting (1-1.5 days) to be held in the Bethesda, Maryland area.
2. Annual Review Meetings - The contractor, in consultation with the COTR, shall plan, organize, and conduct one two-day Annual Review Meetings to be held at or around the anniversary date of the contract at the contractor's site.
3. The contractor shall plan to attend up to one additional one day meeting in the Bethesda, Maryland area annually, at the request of the COTR to discuss contract specific issues.
4. The contractor shall plan to attend 1-2 meetings by teleconference with the COTR and DMID clinical oversight personnel per month to discuss specific study related issues.